



SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

(Permanently Affiliated to JNTUH, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Accredited by NAAC and Accredited by NBA)
Sheriguda Village, Ibrahimpatnam Mandal, Ranga Reddy Dist. – 501 510

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)
ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABI FOR
II, III & IV YEARS
UNDER AUTONOMOUS STATUS FOR THE BATCHES ADMITTED FROM
THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2018 - 19**

**B.Tech. Regular Four Year Degree Programme
(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2018–19)
&
B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)
(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2019 - 20)**

Note: The regulations here under are subject to amendments as may be made by the Academic Council of the College from time to time. Any or all such amendments will be effective from such date and to such batches of candidates (including those already undergoing the program) as may be decided by the Academic Council.



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Vision of the Institute

**To be a premier institution in engineering
& technology and management for
competency, values and social
consciousness**

Mission of the Institute

- IM₁: Provide high quality academic programs, training activities and research facilities.**
- IM₂: Promote continuous industry – institute interaction aimed at promoting employability, entrepreneurship, leadership and research aptitude among stakeholders**
- IM₃: Contribute the economic and technological development of the region, state and Nation.**



SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS 2018 (BR-18) FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) B.TECH. DEGREE COURSES

(Applicable for Students admitted from the academic year 2018-2019)

PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURES

- “Autonomous Institute / College” means an institute / college designated as autonomous institute / college by the UGC, New Delhi and JNTUH Statutes, 2014.
- “Academic Autonomy” means freedom to a College in all aspects of conducting its academic programs granted by the University for promoting excellence.
- “Commission” means University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi.
- “AICTE” means All India Council for Technical Education.
- “University” means the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad.
- “College” means SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, Hyderabad unless indicated otherwise by the context.
- “Program” means: Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech) degree program
- “Branch” means specialization in a program like B.Tech degree program in Electrical & Electronics Engineering, B.Tech degree program in Computer Science and Engineering etc
- “Course” or “Subject” means a theory or practical subject, identified by its course – number and course-title, which is normally studied in a semester. For example, R18MTH1101: Mathematics - I, R18EEE1101 : Basic Electrical Engineering etc.
- T – Tutorial, P – Practical, D – Drawing, L - Theory, C – Credits



SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS 2018 (BR-18) FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) B.TECH. DEGREE COURSES

(Applicable for Students admitted from the academic year 2018-2019)

- 1.0 Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology
Sri Indu College of Engineering & Technology (Autonomous) offers a 4-year (8 semesters) Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) degree programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with effect from the academic year 2018-19.

2.0 Eligibility for admission

2.1 Admission to the under graduate (UG) programme shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualified student in entrance test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET) or the College or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the College, subject to reservations as prescribed by the government from time to time.

2.2 The medium of instructions for the entire under graduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be English only.

3.0 B.Tech. Programme structure

3.1 A student after securing admission shall complete the B.Tech. programme in a minimum period of four academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of eight academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech course. Each student shall secure 160 credits (with CGPA ≥ 5) required for the completion of the under graduate programme and award of the B.Tech. degree.

3.2 UGC/ AICTE specified definitions/ descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these academic regulations/ norms, which are listed below.

3.2.1 Semester scheme

Each under graduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year divided into two semesters of 22 weeks (≥ 90 instructional days) each, each semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)' under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) indicated by UGC, and curriculum/course structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for theory/ lecture (L) courses or Tutorials.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for laboratory/ practical (P) courses.

Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

3.2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the under graduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The College has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description
1	Foundation Courses (FnC)	BS – Basic Sciences	Includes mathematics, physics and chemistry subjects
2		ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes fundamental engineering subjects
3		HS – Humanities and Social sciences	Includes subjects related to humanities, social sciences and management
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
5	Elective Courses (E/C)	PE – Professional Electives	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
6		OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects which include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
7	Core Courses	Project Work	B.Tech. project or UG project or UG major project or Project Stage I & II
8		Industrial training/ Mini- project	Industrial training/ Summer Internship/ Industrial Oriented Mini-project/ Mini-project
9.		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor courses	-	1 or 2 Credit courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory courses (non-credit)

4.0 Course registration

- 4.1 A 'faculty advisor or counselor' shall be assigned to a group of 20 students, who will advise the students about the under graduate programme, its course structure and curriculum, choice/option for subjects/ courses, based on their competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.
- 4.2 The academic section of the college invites 'registration forms' from students before the beginning of the semester through 'registration', ensuring 'date and time stamping'. The registration requests for any 'current semester' shall be **completed before the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'preceding semester'**.
- 4.3 A student can apply for registration, **only after** obtaining the '**written approval**' from faculty advisor/counselor, which should be submitted to the college academic section through the Head of the Department. A copy of it shall be retained with Head of the Department, faculty advisor/ counselor and the student.
- 4.4 A student may be permitted to register for all the subjects/ courses in a semester as specified in the course structure with maximum additional subject(s)/course(s) limited to 4 credits, based on **progress** and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the '**pre- requisites**' as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents.
- 4.5 Choice for '**additional subjects/ courses**' must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the faculty advisor/ counselor.
- 4.6 If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during registration for the subject(s) / course(s) under a given/ specified course group/ category as listed in the course structure, only the first mentioned subject/ course in that category will be taken into consideration.
- 4.7 Subject/ course options exercised through registration are final and **cannot** be changed or inter-changed; further, alternate choices also will not be considered. However, if the subject/ course that has already been listed for registration by the Head of the Department in a semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new subject (subject to offering of such a subject), or for another existing subject (subject to availability of seats). Such alternate arrangements will be made by the head of the department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the **first week** after the commencement of class-work for that semester.
- 4.8 Dropping of subjects/ courses may be permitted, only after obtaining prior approval from the faculty advisor/ counselor 'within a period of 15 days' from the beginning of the current semester.
- 4.9 **Open electives:** The students have to choose three open electives (OE-I, II & III) from the list of open electives given. However, the student cannot opt for an open elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if it is already listed under any category of the subjects offered by parent department in any semester.
- 4.10 **Professional electives:** The students have to choose six professional electives (PE-I to VI) from the list of professional electives given.

5.0 Subjects/ courses to be offered

- 5.1 A typical section (or class) strength for each semester shall be 60.
- 5.2 A subject/ course may be offered to the students, **only if** a minimum of 20 students (1/3 of the section strength) opt for it. The maximum strength of a section is limited to 80 (60 + 1/3 of the section strength).
- 5.3 More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, selection of choice for students will be based on - '**first come first serve** basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e. the first focus shall be on early **on-line entry** from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.4 If more entries for registration of a subject come into picture, then the Head of the Department concerned shall decide, whether or not to offer such a subject/ course for **two (or multiple) sections**.
- 5.5 In case of options coming from students of other departments/ branches/ disciplines (not considering **open electives**), first **priority** shall be given to the student of the '**parent department**'.

6.0 Attendance requirements:

- 6.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (excluding attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab) for that semester. Two periods of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered, if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject. **This attendance should also be included in the fortnightly upload of attendance to the College.** The attendance of Mandatory Non-Credit courses should be uploaded separately to the College.
- 6.2 Shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 6.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in **no** case be condoned.
- 6.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the **same** set of elective subjects offered under that category.
- 6.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

7.0 Academic requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (25 marks out of 70 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the seminar as required in the IV year I Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar evaluations.

A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

7.3 Promotion Rules

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first year first semester.
2	First year second semester to second year first semester	i. Regular course of study of first year second semester. ii. Must have secured at least 18 credits out of 37 credits i.e., 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3.	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
4	Second year second semester to third year first semester	i. Regular course of study of second year second semester. ii. Must have secured at least 47 credits out of 79 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.

6	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 73 credits out of 123 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 7.4 A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA ≥ 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA (at the end of each successive semester) ≥ 5.0 , (iv) **passes all the mandatory courses**, to successfully complete the under graduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA (at the end of under graduate programme)', and shall be indicated in the grade card of IV year II semester.
- 7.5 If a student registers for '**extra subjects**' (in the parent department or other departments/branches of Engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those '**extra subjects**' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such '**extra subjects**' registered, percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations 6 and 7.1 – 7.4 above.
- 7.6 A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure '**C**' grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.7 A student **detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be re-admitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements**. The academic regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable. However, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.
- 7.8 A student detained **due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits**. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.

8.0 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of marks

- 8.1 The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 75 marks for practical subjects. In addition, an Industry oriented mini- project, Technical Seminar, Comprehensive viva-voce, and Main Project Work shall be evaluated for 50, 50, 100 and 200 marks respectively.
- 8.2 For theory subjects the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70 marks for the End-Examination, Two mid examinations will be conducted in each semester as per the academic calendar. Each mid examination is evaluated for 25 marks. First mid examination should be conducted for 1 – 2 ½ Units of syllabus and the second mid examination shall be conducted for 2 ½ - 5 Units of syllabus. The mid descriptive type exam paper consists of Section-A and Section-B.

Section-A [compulsory] consists of 5 short answer questions and each carries one mark.

Section-B consists of 6 questions out of which 4 are to be answered and each question carries 5 marks. The time duration of each mid examination is 90 minutes.

Two assignments are to be given to students covering the syllabus of first mid and second Mid examinations and these assignments and Attendance are evaluated for 5 marks each. The first assignment shall be submitted before first mid examinations and second Assignment should be submitted before second mid examination.

At the end of the semester Internal Marks Maximum of 30 for the respective subjects are allotted as follows:

- a) 25 marks for the average of the two mid term examinations
 - b) 5 marks of the average of the two assignment marks & Attendance
- Award of final sessional marks : Subject-wise attendance, average marks of two assignments and mid-examination marks will be added and rounded off to the next Integer.

- 8.2.1 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous evaluation during the semester for 25 sectional marks and 50 marks for end examination. Out of the 25 marks for internal, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 10 marks, and 10 marks for internal examination (two internal practical examinations will be conducted and the average of the two examinations will be taken into account) and 5 marks for laboratory record.

NOTE: A student who is absent for any assignment/Mid term examination for any reason what so ever shall be deemed to have secured 'zero' marks in the test/examination and no makeup test/examination shall be conducted.

- 8.2.2 For the subjects having design and / or drawing, (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing, Production Drawing Practice, and Estimation etc., the distribution shall be 30 marks for internal evaluation (15 marks for

day-to-day work and 15 marks for internal tests (the average of the two examinations will be taken into account) and 70 marks for end examination. There shall be two internal tests in a semester. The Internal and End Examination pattern for the above subjects may be different from the other theory subjects.

8.2.3 There shall be an industry-oriented mini-Project, in collaboration with an industry of their specialization, to be taken up during the vacation after III year II Semester examination. The mini project shall be evaluated during the IV year II Semester. The industry oriented mini project shall be submitted in report form and should be presented before a committee, which shall be evaluated for 50 marks. The committee consists of Head of the Department, the supervisor of mini project and a senior faculty member of the department and External Examiner.

8.2.4 There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year II Semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic other than the project topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding of the topic, and submit to the department, which shall be evaluated by a Departmental committee consists of the Head of the department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 50 marks. There shall be no external examination for seminar.

8.2.5 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in IV year I semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of the Head of the Department and three Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is aimed to assess the student's understanding in various subjects studied during the B.Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There will be no internal assessment for the Comprehensive viva-voce.

8.3 The Project work shall be started by the student in the beginning of the IV year II Semester. Out of a total of 200 marks for the project work, 50 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 150 marks for the Semester end Examination. The Semester end Examination (viva-voce) shall be conducted by a committee comprising of an external examiner, Head of the Department and the project supervisor. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year II Semester. The Internal Evaluation shall be on the basis of three seminars conducted during the IV year II semester for 20 marks by the committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and senior faculty member of the Department and for 30 marks by the supervisor of the project.

8.4 Semester End Examination

(a) Theory Courses

Each course is evaluated for 70 marks. Examination is of 3 hours duration.

Question paper contains two sections [Section-A and Section-B]

Section-A : This Section Carries 20 marks [Five short answer questions of four marks each and only one question to be set from any five units] which is

compulsory.

Section-B: This Section carries 50 marks with 5 questions consisting of two parts each (a) and (b), out of which the student has to answer either (a) or (b), not both. Each question in Part B carries 10 marks.

(b) **Practical Courses**

Each lab course is evaluated for 50 marks. The examination shall be conducted by the laboratory teacher and another senior teacher concerned with the subject of the same/other department/Industry. The external examiner may be appointed by the Chief Superintendent in consultation with HOD as and when required.

(c) **Supplementary Examinations**

Supplementary examinations will be conducted along with regular semester end examinations. (during even semester regular examinations, supplementary examinations of odd semester and during odd semester regular examinations, supplementary examinations of even semester will be conducted).

- 8.5 The laboratory marks and the internal marks awarded by the college are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the College wherever necessary. In such cases, the internal and laboratory marks awarded by the college will be referred to a committee. The committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the College as per the College rules and produced before the committees of the College as and when asked for.
- 8.6 For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the marks allotted) in the continuous internal evaluation for passing the subject/course. These marks should also be uploaded along with the internal marks of other subjects.
- 8.7 No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only Pass/Fail shall be indicated in Grade Card.
- 9.0 **Grading procedure**
- 9.1 Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each theory subject, laboratory / practicals, seminar, Industry Oriented Mini Project, and project Stage - I & II. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- 9.2 As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)	Grade Points
Greater than or equal to 90%	O (Outstanding)	10
80 and less than 90%	A ⁺ (Excellent)	9
70 and less than 80%	A (Very Good)	8
60 and less than 70%	B ⁺ (Good)	7
50 and less than 60%	B (Average)	6
40 and less than 50%	C (Pass)	5
Below 40%	F (FAIL)	0
Absent	Ab	0

- 9.3 A student who has obtained an 'F' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have 'failed' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.4 To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, 'Ab' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have 'failed'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.5 A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- 9.6 A student earns grade point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'credit points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

Credit points (CP) = grade point (GP) x credits For a course

- 9.7 A student passes the subject/ course only when **GP ≥ 5 ('C' grade or above)**
- 9.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points ($\sum CP$) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

$$SGPA = \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i G_i \} / \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i \} \dots \text{For each semester,}$$

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects 'registered' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department), C_i is the no. of credits allotted to the i^{th} subject, and G_i represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that i^{th} subject.

- 9.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in **all** registered courses in **all** semesters, and the total number of credits registered in **all** the semesters. CGPA is

rounded off to **two** decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

$$CGPA = \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j G_j \} / \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j \} \dots \text{for all semesters registered}$$

(i.e., up to and inclusive of semesters, $S \geq 2$).

where 'M' is the total no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has 'registered' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters), C_j is the no. of credits allotted to the jth subject, and G_j represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that jth subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Illustration of calculation of SGPA:

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	A	8	4 x 8 = 32
Course 2	4	O	10	4 x 10 = 40
Course 3	4	C	5	4 x 5 = 20
Course 4	3	B	6	3 x 6 = 18
Course 5	3	A+	9	3 x 9 = 27
Course 6	3	C	5	3 x 5 = 15
	21			152

$$SGPA = 152/21 = 7.24$$

Illustration of calculation of CGPA up to 3rd semester:

Semester	Course/Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Point (CP)
I	Course 1	3	A	8	24
I	Course 2	3	O	10	30
I	Course 3	3	B	6	18
I	Course 4	4	A	8	32
I	Course 5	3	A+	9	27
I	Course 6	4	C	5	20
II	Course 7	4	B	6	24
II	Course 8	4	A	8	32
II	Course 9	3	C	5	15
II	Course 10	3	O	10	30
II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 12	4	B	6	24
II	Course 13	4	A	8	32
II	Course 14	3	O	10	30

III	Course 15	2	A	8	16
III	Course 16	1	C	5	5
III	Course 17	4	O	10	40
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 19	4	B	6	24
III	Course 20	4	A	8	32
III	Course 21	3	B+	7	21
	Total Credits	69		Total Credit Points	518

$$\text{CGPA} = 518/69 = 7.51$$

The above illustrated calculation process of CGPA will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8th semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8th semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. Programme.

9.10 For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the 'rounded off' values of the CGPAs will be used.

9.11 SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam in that semester. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

10.0 Issue of Grade Card:

After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, grade earned, etc.), credits earned.

11.0 Declaration of results

11.1 Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 9.6 to 9.9.

11.2 For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

$$\% \text{ of Marks} = (\text{final CGPA} - 0.5) \times 10$$

12.0 Award of degree

12.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA \geq 5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have 'qualified' for the award of B.Tech. degree in the chosen branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.

12.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.

12.3 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 8.00 , and fulfilling the following conditions - shall be placed in '**first class with distinction**'.

However, he

- (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in '**first appearance**' within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
- (ii) Should have secured a CGPA ≥ 8.00 , at the end of each of the 8 sequential semesters, starting from I year I semester onwards.
- (iii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA ≥ 8 shall be placed in '**first class**'.

12.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 6.50 but < 8.00 shall be placed in '**first class**'.

12.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 5.50 but < 6.50 , shall be placed in '**second class**'.

12.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 5.00 but < 5.50 , shall be placed in '**pass class**'.

12.7 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

12.8 Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.3 alone will be eligible for award of '**Gold Medal**' / **College Toppers**.

13.0 Withholding of results

13.1 If the student has not paid the fees to the College at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Student transfers

14.1 There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.

14.2 There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Sri Indu College of Engineering & Technology.

14.3 The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH with special directions of GAD / JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of JNTUH, and also pass the subjects of JNTUH which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the

same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of JNTUH, the students have to study those subjects in JNTUH in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.

- 14.4 The transferred students from other Universities/institutions to Sri Indu college who are on rolls are to be provided one chance to write the CBT (internal marks) in the **equivalent subject(s)** as per the clearance letter issued by the University.
- 14.5 The Sri Indu College of Engineering & Technology (Autonomous) will provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the **equivalent subject(s)** to the students transferred from other universities/institutions who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.

15.0 Scope

- 15.1 The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 15.2 In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the College Academic Council is final.
- 15.3 The College may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the dates notified by the College authorities.
- 15.4 Where the words “he”, “him”, “his”, occur in the regulations, they include “she”, “her”, “hers”.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)
FROM THE AY 2019-20

1. **Eligibility for award of B. Tech. Degree (LES)**

The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.

2. The student shall register for 123 credits and secure 123 credits with CGPA \geq 5 from II year to IV year B.Tech. programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree.
3. The students, who fail to fulfill the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech.
4. The attendance requirements of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech. (LES).

5. **Promotion rule**

S. No	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 25 credits out of 42 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 51 credits out of 86 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

6. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

MALPRACTICES RULES
DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the student:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The hall ticket of the student is to be cancelled and sent to the College.
3.	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all End Examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

4.	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all End Examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent / assistant – superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in subject and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all End Examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

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8.	Possesses any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to the police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared for including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared for including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the College for further action to award a suitable punishment.	

Frequently asked Questions and Answers about autonomy

1. Who grants Autonomy? UGC, Govt., AICTE or University

In case of Colleges affiliated to a university and where statutes for grant of autonomy are ready, it is the respective University that finally grants autonomy.

2. Shall SICET award its own Degrees?

No. Degree will be awarded by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad with a mention of the name SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY on the Degree Certificate.

3. What is the difference between a Deemed University and an Autonomy College?

A Deemed University is fully autonomous to the extent of awarding its own Degree. A Deemed University is usually a Non-Affiliating version of a University and has similar responsibilities like any University. An Autonomous College enjoys Academic Autonomy alone. The University to which an autonomous college is affiliated will have checks on the performance of the autonomous college.

4. How will the Foreign Universities or other stake – holders know that we are an Autonomous College?

Autonomous status, once declared, shall be accepted by all the stake holders. Foreign Universities and Indian Industries will know our status through our college website.

5. What is the change of Status for Students and Teachers if we become Autonomous?

An autonomous college carries a prestigious image. Autonomy is actually earned out of continued past efforts on academic performances, capability of self-governance and the kind of quality education we offer.

6. Who will check whether the academic standard is maintained / improved after Autonomy? How will it be checked?

There is a built in mechanism in the autonomous working for this purpose. An Internal Committee called Academic Programme Evaluation Committee is a Non – Statutory body, which will keep a watch on the academics and keep its reports and recommendations every year. In addition to Academic Council, the highest academic body also supervises the academic matters. At the end of three years, there is an external inspection by the University for this purpose. The standards of our question papers, the regularity of academic calendar, attendance of students, speed and transparency of result declaration and such other parameters are involved in this process.

7. Will the students of SICET as an Autonomous College qualify for University Medals and Prizes for academic excellence?

No, SICET has instituted its own awards, medals, etc. for the academic performance of the students. However for all other events like sports, cultural and co-curricular organized by the University the students shall qualify.

8. Can SICET have its own Convocation?

No, since the University awards the Degree the Convocation will be that of the University.

9. Can SICET give a provisional degree certificate?

Since the examinations are conducted by SICET and the results are also declared by SICET, the college sends a list of successful candidates with their final percentage of marks to the University. Therefore with the prior permission of the University the college will be entitled to give the provisional certificate.

10. Will Academic Autonomy make a positive impact on the Placements or Employability?

Certainly. The number of students qualifying for placement interviews is expected to improve, due to rigorous and repetitive classroom teaching and continuous assessment, besides the autonomous status is more responsive to the needs of the industry. As a result, there will be a lot of scope for industry oriented skill development built-in into the system. The graduates from an autonomous college will therefore represent better employability.

11. What is the proportion of Internal and External Assessment as an Autonomous College?

Presently, it is 30% for internal assessment and 70% for external assessment. As the autonomy matures the internal assessment component shall be increased at the cost of external assessment.

12. Will there be any Revaluation or Re-Examination System?

No. There will not be any Revaluation system or Re-examination. But, there is a personal verification of the answer scripts.

13. How fast Syllabi can be and should be changed?

Autonomy allows us the freedom to change the syllabi as often as we need.

14. Will the Degree be awarded on the basis of only final year performance?

No. The percentage of marks will reflect the average performance of all the semesters put together.

15. Who takes Decisions on Academic matters?

The Academic Council of College is the top academic body and is responsible for all the academic decisions. Many decisions are also taken at the lower level like the BOS which are like Boards of Studies of the University.

16. What is the role of Examination committee?

The Exam Committee is responsible for the smooth conduct of inter and external examinations. All matters involving the conduct of examinations, spot valuations, tabulations, preparation of Memorandum of Marks etc fall within the duties of the Examination Committee.

17. Is there any mechanism for Grievance Redressal?

Yes, the college has grievance redressal committee, headed by a senior faculty member of the college.

18. How many attempts are permitted for obtaining a Degree?

All such matters are defined in Rules & Regulations.

19. Who declares the result?

The result declaration process is also defined. After tabulation work the entire result is reviewed by the Moderation Committee. Any unusual deviations or gross level discrepancies are deliberated and removed. The entire result is discussed in the College Academic Council for its approval. The result is then declared on the college notice boards as well put on the web site of the college. It is eventually sent to the University.

20. What is our relationship with the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad?

We remain an affiliated college of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad. The University has the right to nominate its members on the academic bodies of the college.

21. Shall we require University approval if we want to start any New Courses?

Yes, It is expected that approvals or such other matters from an autonomous college will receive priority.

22. Shall we get autonomy for PG and Doctoral Programmes also?

Yes, presently our PG programmes are also enjoying autonomous status.

23. How many exams will be there as an autonomous college?

This is defined in the Rules & Regulations.

24. Is the College adapting Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) or Not ?

Yes, this College has adapted CBCS system with effect from the Academic Year 2016-17.

25. What is Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)?

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses (core, elective or minor or soft skill courses).

SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**REGULATIONS – BR-18****B. Tech. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING****Common to EEE, CSE & IT****I YEAR I SEMESTER****COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18MTH1101	Mathematics – I (Linear Algebra and Calculus)	3	1	0	4
2	R18ECH1101	Chemistry	3	1	0	4
3	R18EEE1101	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	3
4	R18MED1101	Engineering Workshop	1	0	3	2.5
5	R18HAS1101	English	2	0	0	2
6	R18ECH12L1	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	R18HAS12L1	English Language and Communication Skills lab	0	0	2	1
8	R18EEE12L2	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R18HAS1102	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
10	R18IPG1101	Induction Programme for Three Weeks	0	0	0	0
Total Credits			15	2	10	19

I YEAR II SEMESTER**COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18MTH1201	Mathematics – II (Advanced Calculus)	3	1	0	4
2	R18EAP1101	Applied Physics	3	1	0	4
3	R18CSE1101	Programming for Problem Solving	3	1	0	4
4	R18MED1102	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3
5	R18EAP12L1	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	R18CSE12L1	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	R18COI1101	Constitution of India	3	0	0	0
8	R18ITK1101	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	3	0	0	0
Total Credits			16	3	10	18

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Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**REGULATIONS – BR-18****B. Tech. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING****II YEAR I SEMESTER****COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18MED1103	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
2	R18EEE2101	Electrical Circuit Analysis	3	1	0	4
3	R18ECE2105	Analog Electronics	3	0	0	3
4	R18EEE2102	Electrical Machines-I	3	1	0	4
5	R18EEE2103	Electro Magnetic Fields	3	0	0	3
6	R18EEE21L1	Electrical Machines Lab-I	0	0	2	1
7	R18ECE21L4	Analog Electronics Lab	0	0	2	1
8	R18EEE21L2	Electrical Circuits Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R18MAC2100	Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	15	3	8	21

II YEAR II SEMESTER**COURSE STRUCTURE**

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18MTH2201	Laplace Transforms , Numerical Methods & Complex variables	3	1	0	4
2	R18EEE2201	Electrical Machines – II	3	1	0	4
3	R18ECE2102	Digital Logic Design	3	0	0	3
4	R18EEE2202	Control Systems	3	1	0	4
5	R18EEE2203	Power System-I	3	0	0	3
6	R18ECE21L2	Digital Logic Design Lab	0	0	2	1
7	R18EEE22L1	Electrical Machines Lab-II	0	0	2	1
8	R18EEE22L2	Control Systems Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R18MAC2200	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	18	3	6	21

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Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**REGULATIONS – BR-18****B. Tech. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING****III YEAR I SEMESTER****COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18EEE3101	Power Electronics	3	1	0	4
2	R18EEE3102	Power System-II	3	1	0	4
3	R18EEE3103	Measurements and Instrumentation	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-I						
4	R18CSE3164	Computer Architecture	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE3111	High Voltage Engineering				
	R18EEE3112	Electric Machine Design				
5	R18MBA2201	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
6	R18EEE31L1	Power System Simulation Lab	0	0	2	1
7	R18EEE31L2	Power Electronics Lab	0	0	2	1
8	R18EEE31L3	Measurements and Instrumentation Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R18HAS31L1	Advanced Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
10	R18MAC3100	MOOCs-I	0	0	2	0
Total Credits			15	3	10	22

III YEAR II SEMESTER**COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Open Elective-I	3	0	0	3
Professional Elective-II						
2	R18ECE3202	Digital signal processing	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE3221	Power Semiconductor Drives				
	R18EEE3222	Wind and Solar Energy systems				
3	R18ECE2103	Signals and Systems	2	1	0	3
4	R18ECE3101	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	3	0	0	3
5	R18EEE3201	Power System Protection	3	1	0	4
6	R18EEE3202	Power System Operation and Control	3	0	0	3
7	R18EEE32L1	Power System Lab	0	0	2	1
8	R18ECE31L1	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R18ECE32L4	Signals and Systems Lab	0	0	2	1
10	R18MAC3200	MOOCs-II	0	0	2	0
Total Credits			17	2	8	22

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 (An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

REGULATIONS – BR-18

B. Tech. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

IV YEAR I SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Open Elective-II	3	0	0	3
Professional Elective-III						
2	R18EEE4131	Digital Control systems	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE4132	Optimization Techniques				
	R18EEE4133	Electrical and Hybrid Vehicles				
Professional Elective-IV						
3	R18EEE4141	HVDC Transmission	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE4142	Power System Reliability				
	R18EEE4143	Industrial Electrical Systems				
4	R18MBA4101	Fundamentals of Management for Engineers	3	0	0	3
5	R18EEE41L1	Electrical & Electronics Design Lab	1	0	4	3
6	R18EEE41L2	Technical Seminar	0	0	2	1
7	R18EEE41P1	Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship	0	0	4	2
8	R18EEE41P2	Comprehensive Viva-voce	0	0	6	3
		Total Credits	13	0	16	21

* To be carried out during the summer vacation between 6th and 7th semesters.

Note: Students should submit report of Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship for evaluation.

IV YEAR II SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Open Elective-III	3	0	0	3
Professional Elective-V						
2	R18EEE4251	Power Quality & FACTS	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE4252	Control System Design				
	R18CSE4265	AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering				
Professional Elective-VI						
3	R18EEE4261	Smart Grid Technologies	3	0	0	3
	R18EEE4262	Electrical Distribution Systems				
	R18EEE4263	Advanced Control of Electric Drives				
4	R18EEE42P1	Project Work	0	0	14	7
		Total Credits	9	0	14	16

*MC – Satisfied/Unsatisfied

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES**Open Elective – I**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV3271	Disaster Management & Mitigation	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE3272	Database Concepts				
3	R18ECE3273	Consumer Electronics				
4	R18EEE3274	Electrical Estimation & Costing				
5	R18INF3275	Information Technology Essentials				
6	R18MED3276	Introduction to Robotics				
7	R18HMS3277	Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship				
8	R18HMS3278	Day to Day Biology				

Open Elective –II

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV4181	Green Building Engineering	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE4182	Cyber Security Fundamentals				
3	R18ECE4183	Principles of Modern Communication Systems				
4	R18EEE4184	Illumination Engineering				
5	R18INF4185	E-Commerce				
6	R18MED4186	Industrial Design & Ergonomics				
7	R18HMS4187	Creative Writing				
8	R18HMS4188	Design Thinking				

Open Elective –III

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV4291	Remote Sensing Concepts	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE4292	Fundamentals of Soft Computing				
3	R18ECE4293	Audio & Video Engineering				
4	R18EEE4294	Non Conventional Energy Resources				
5	R18INF4295	Information Security Fundamentals				
6	R18MED4296	Total Engineering Quality Management				
7	R18HMS4297	Human Values & Professional Ethics for Engineers				
8	R18HMS4298	Science Fiction				

SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
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B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester

L T P C
3 1 0 4

(R18MED1103) Engineering Mechanics

Course Objectives:

- To understand the resolving forces and moments for a given force system
- To analyze the types of friction for moving bodies and problems related to friction.
- To determine the centroid and second moment of area

UNIT - I Introduction to Engg. Mechanics – Basic Concepts.

Systems of Forces : Coplanar Concurrent Forces – Components in Space – Resultant – Moment of Force and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force Systems.

Unit II Equilibrium of Systems of Forces : Free Body Diagram, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems, Spatial Systems for concurrent forces. Lamis Theorem, Graphical method for the equilibrium of coplanar forces, Converse of the law of Triangle of forces, converse of the law of polygon of forces condition of equilibrium.

Unit III Centroid : Centroid of simple figures (from basic principles) – Centroid of Composite Figures

Centre of Gravity : Centre of gravity of simple body (from basic principles), centre of gravity of composite bodies, pappus theorem.

Area moment of Inertia : Definition – Polar Moment of Inertia, Transfer Theorem, Moment of Inertia of Composite Figures, Product of Inertia, Transfer Formula for Product of Inertia.

Mass Moment of Inertia : Moment of Inertia of Masses, Transfer Formula for Mass Moment of Inertia, mass moment of inertia of composite bodies.

Unit IV Analysis of perfect frames (Analytical Method) – Types of Frames – Assumptions for forces in members of a perfect frame, Method of joints, Method of sections, Force table,.

Kinematics : Rectilinear and Curvelinear motion – Velocity and Acceleration – Motion of Rigid Body – Types and their Analysis in Planar Motion.

Kinetics : Analysis as a Particle and Analysis of a Rigid Body in Translation – Central Force Motion – Equations of Plane Motion.

Unit V Work – Energy Method : Equations for Translation, Work-Energy Applications to Particle Motion, Connected System-Fixed Axis Rotation and Plane Motion. Impulse momentum method.

Mechanical Vibrations : Definitions, Concepts – Simple Harmonic Motion – Free vibrations, simple and Compound Pendulums and its Applications –

TEXT BOOK :

1. Engg. Mechanics / Irving. H. Shames Prentice – Hall.
2. Engg. Mechanics / S.S. Bhavikati & J.G. Rajasekharappa
3. Engg. Mechanics, Nelson

REFERENCES :

1. Engineering Mechanics / Fedinand . L. Singer / Harper – Collins.
2. Engg. Mechanics / Timoshenko & Young.
3. Engg. Mechanics Umesh Regl / Tayal.
4. Engg. Mechanics / R.V. Kulkarni & R.D. Askhevkar
5. Engg. Mechanics/Khurmi/S.Chand.
6. Engg. Mechanics / KL Kumar / Tata McGraw Hill.

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(R18EEE2101) Electrical Circuit Analysis

Objective:

This course deals with

- Understanding the basic concepts of circuit analysis which is the foundation for all subjects of the Electrical Engineering discipline.
- The emphasis of this course is laid on the basic analysis of circuits which includes single phase circuits, magnetic circuits, theorems and network topology.

UNIT –I:

Introduction to Electrical Circuits: Circuit Concept, R-L-C Parameters, Voltage and Current Sources, Independent and Dependent Sources, Source Transformation, Voltage – Current relationship for Passive Elements (for different input signals –Square, Ramp, Saw tooth and Triangular). Kirchhoff's Laws, Network Reduction Techniques – Series, Parallel, Series Parallel, Star –to-Delta or Delta-to-Star Transformations, Nodal Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Super node and Super mesh for DC Excitations.

UNIT –II:

Single Phase A.C. Circuits: R.M.S. and Average values and form factor for different periodic wave forms, Steady State Analysis of R, L and C (in Series, Parallel and Series Parallel Combinations) with Sinusoidal Excitation, Concept of Reactance, Impedance, Susceptance and Admittance, Phase and Phase difference, Concept of Power Factor, Real and Reactive powers, J-notation, Complex and Polar forms of representation, Complex power.

UNIT –III:

Locus diagrams, Resonance and Magnetic circuits: Locus diagrams - series R-L, R-C, R-L-C and parallel combination with variation of various parameters - Resonance-series, parallel circuits, concept of band width and Q factor. Magnetic circuits-Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction-concept of self and mutual inductance-dot convention-coefficient of coupling-composite magnetic circuit-analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuits.

UNIT –IV:

Network Topology: Definitions, Graph, Tree, Basic cutset and Basic Tie set Matrices for Planar Networks, Loop and Nodal methods for analysis of Networks with Dependent & Independent Voltage and Current Sources, Duality & Dual Networks.

UNIT –V:

Network Theorems (With A.C. & D.C): Tellegen's, Superposition, Reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer, Milliman's and Compensation theorems for D.C excitations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electric Circuits - A.Chakrabarty, Dhanipat Rai & Sons.
2. Network analysis - N.C Jagan and C. Lakhminarayana, BS publications.

Outcomes:

- Apply the basics of circuit analysis
- To understand the concept of elements, input signals, circuit laws , reduction techniques and star to delta transformation
- Knowledge in analysis of AC circuits for all combinations ,concept of phasor and power analysis.
- To know the basics of magnetic circuits, resonance in series and parallel circuits.
- Knowledge about the concepts of graph theory, analysis of networks using topology
- To solve electrical networks of both AC and DC by applying theorems.

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(R18ECE2105) Analog Electronics

Objectives:

This is a fundamental course, basic knowledge of which is required by all the circuit branch engineers. This course focuses:

- To familiarize the student with the principle of operation, analysis and design of Junction diode, BJT and FET transistors and amplifier circuits.
- To understand diode as rectifier.
- To study basic principle of filter circuits and various types.

UNIT -I:

P-N Junction Diode: Qualitative Theory of P-N Junction, P-N Junction as a Diode, Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere Characteristics, Temperature dependence of VI characteristic, Ideal versus Practical – Resistance levels (Static and Dynamic), Transition and Diffusion Capacitances, Diode Equivalent Circuits, Load Line Analysis, Breakdown Mechanisms in Semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics.

Special Purpose Electronic Devices: Principle of Operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (with the help of Energy Band Diagram), Varactor Diode, SCR and Semiconductor Photo Diode.

UNIT-II:

Rectifiers and Filters : The P-N junction as a Rectifier, Half wave Rectifier, Full wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a Rectifier Circuit, Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L-Section Filters, π - Section Filters, Comparison of Filters, Voltage Regulation using Zener Diode.

UNIT-III:

Bipolar Junction Transistor and UJT: The Junction Transistor, Transistor Current Components, Transistor as an Amplifier, Transistor Construction, BJT Operation, BJT Symbol, Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector Configurations, Limits of Operation , BJT Specifications, BJT Hybrid Model, Determination of h-parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Comparison of CB, CE, and CC Amplifier Configurations, UJT and Characteristics.

UNIT-IV:

Transistor Biasing and Stabilization: Operating Point, The DC and AC Load lines, Need for Biasing, Fixed Bias, Collector Feedback Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector – Emitter Feedback Bias, Voltage Divider Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization Factors, Stabilization against variations in V_{BE} and β , Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Thermal Stability, Analysis Transistor Amplifier Circuit using h-parameters

UNIT-V:

Field Effect Transistor and FET Amplifiers

Field Effect Transistor: The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, principle of operation, symbol) – Pinch-off Voltage - Volt-Ampere characteristics, The JFET Small Signal Model, MOSFET (Construction, principle of operation, symbol), MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion modes.

FET Amplifiers: FET Common Source Amplifier, Common Drain Amplifier, Generalized FET Amplifier, Biasing FET, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, Comparison of BJT and FET.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits – J. Millman, C.C.Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, 2 Ed., 1998, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Mohammad Rashid, Cengage Learning, 2013
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – David A. Bell, 5 Ed, Oxford

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics – J. Millman and Christos C. Halkias, 1991 Ed., 2008, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9 Ed., 2006, PEI/PHI.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – B. P. Singh, Rekha Singh, Pearson, 2Ed, 2013.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal Kishore, 2 Ed., 2005, BSP.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal, 1 Ed., 2009, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
6. Electronic Devices and Circuits – S.Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A.Vallavaraj, 2 Ed., 2008, TMH.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe the construction, operation and characteristics of electronic devices like P-N-Junction and special Purpose diodes.
- Determine the application of diode as a rectifier
- Illustrate the application of transistors as amplifier employing BJT devices
- Analyse the Biasing circuits using BJT Transistor Amplifier Circuit
- Evaluate construction, operation and characteristics of FET
- Select Biasing circuits using FET Amplifiers

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(R18EEE2102) Electrical Machines-I

Objective:

Electrical machines course is one of the important courses of the Electrical discipline.

- Understanding the different types of DC generators and motors which are widely used in industry are covered and their performance aspects will be studied.
- To analyze the performance of different types of DC machines and testing's.

UNIT – I:

Electromechanical Energy Conversion: Electromechanical Energy conversion – forces and torque in magnetic field systems – energy balance – energy and force in a singly excited magnetic field system, determination of magnetic force - co-energy – multi excited magnetic field systems.

UNIT – II:

D.C. Generators & Armature Reaction : D.C. Generators – Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – armature windings – lap and wave windings – simplex and multiplex windings – use of laminated armature – E. M.F Equation – Problems Armature reaction – Cross magnetizing and de-magnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation.

UNIT – III:

Types of D.C Generators & Load Characteristics : Methods of Excitation – separately excited and self excited generators – build-up of E.M.F - critical field resistance and critical speed - causes for failure to self excite and remedial measures. Load characteristics of shunt, series and compound generators – parallel operation of d.c series generators – use of equalizer bar and cross connection of field windings – load sharing.

UNIT – IV:

D.C. Motors & Speed Control Methods: D.C Motors – Principle of operation – Back E.M.F. – Torque equation – characteristics and application of shunt, series and compound motors – Armature reaction and commutation.

Speed control of DC Motors: Armature voltage and field flux control methods. Ward-Leonard system. Principle of 3 point and 4 point starters – protective devices.

UNIT – V:

Testing of D.C. Machines: Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency. Methods of Testing – direct, indirect and regenerative testing – brake test – Swinburne's test – Hopkinson's test – Field's test – Retardation test – separation of stray losses in a DC motor test.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electrical Machines, P.S. Bimbra, Khanna Publishers.
2. Principles of Electrical Machines, V. K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S. Chand Publishing.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Electric Machines, Mulukutla S. Sarma, Mukesh K. Pathak, Cengage Learning.
2. Electric Machines by I.J. Nagrath & D.P. Kothari, Tata Mc Graw – Hill Publishers.
3. Fundamentals of Electric Machines, B. R. Gupta, Vandana Singhal, New Age International Publishers.
4. Electrical Machines, M. V. Deshpande, PHI Learning Private Limited.
5. Electrical Machines, R. K. Srivastava, Cengage Learning.

Outcome:

- Understand electrical principle, laws, and working of DC machines.
- Analyze the construction and different types of windings of DC generator.
- Analyze the Characteristics and application of various types of DC generators.
- Analyze the construction and characteristics and application of various types of DC motors.
- Understand the different types of speed control motors and its characteristics.
- Analyze the different types of losses and testing of motors according to Indian standards.

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(R18EEE2103) Electro Magnetic Fields

Objective:

- To provide the basic skills required to understand, develop, and design various engineering applications involving electromagnetic fields.
- To lay the foundations of electromagnetism and its practice in modern communications such as wireless, guided wave principles such as fiber optics and electronic electromagnetic structures.

UNIT – I:

Electrostatics: Electrostatic Fields – Coulomb’s Law – Electric Field Intensity (EFI) – EFI due to a line and a surface charge – Work done in moving a point charge in an electrostatic field – Electric Potential – Properties of potential function – Potential gradient – Guass’s law – Application of Guass’s Law – Maxwell’s first law, $\text{div} (D) = \rho$ Laplace’s and Poisson’s equations – Solution of Laplace’s equation in one variable.

UNIT – II:

Conductors, Dielectrics and Capacitance: Electric dipole – Dipole moment – potential and EFI due to an electric dipole – Torque on an Electric dipole in an electric field – Behavior of conductors in an electric field – Conductors and Insulators. Electric field inside a dielectric material – polarization – Dielectric – Conductor and Dielectric – Dielectric boundary conditions, Capacitance – Capacitance of parallel plate and spherical and coaxial capacitors with composite dielectrics – Energy stored and energy density in a static electric field – Current density – conduction and Convection current densities – Ohm’s law in point form – Equation of continuity.

UNIT – III:

Magneto Statics: Static magnetic fields – Biot-Savart’s law – Magnetic field intensity (MFI) – MFI due to a straight current carrying filament – MFI due to circular, square and solenoid current – Carrying wire – Relation between magnetic flux, magnetic flux density and MFI – Maxwell’s second Equation, $\text{div}(\mathbf{B})=0$. **Ampere’s circuital law and its applications:** viz. MFI due to an infinite sheet of current and a long current carrying filament – Point form of Ampere’s circuital law – Maxwell’s third equation, $\text{Curl} (\mathbf{H})=\mathbf{J}_c$, Field due to a circular loop, rectangular and square loops.

UNIT-IV:

Force in Magnetic Fields And Magnetic Potential : Magnetic force - Moving charges in a Magnetic field – Lorentz force equation – force on a current element in a magnetic field – Force on a straight and a long current carrying conductor in a magnetic field – Force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors – Magnetic dipole and dipole moment – a differential current loop as a magnetic dipole – Torque on a current loop placed in a magnetic field. Scalar Magnetic potential and its limitations – vector magnetic potential and its properties – vector magnetic potential due to simple configurations – vector Poisson’s equations. Self and Mutual inductance – Neumann’s formulae – determination of self-inductance of a solenoid and toroid and mutual inductance between a straight long wire and a square loop wire in the same plane – energy stored and density in a magnetic field. Introduction to permanent magnets, their characteristics and applications.

UNIT – V:

Time Varying Fields : Time varying fields – Faraday’s laws of electromagnetic induction – Its integral and point forms – Maxwell’s fourth equation, $\text{Curl } (E) = - \frac{B}{t}$ – Statically and Dynamically induced EMFs – Simple problems -Modification of Maxwell’s equations for time varying fields – Displacement current .

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “Engineering Electromagnetics” William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck McGraw-Hill Companies.
2. “Electro magnetic Fields”, Sadiku, Oxford Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. “Introduction to Electro Dynamics”, D J Griffiths, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
2. “Electromagnetic Fields”, Y Mallikarjuna Reddy, Universities Press.
3. “Electromagnetics”, J. D Kraus Mc Graw-Hill companies.
4. “Electromagnetism-Problems with solutions”, Ashutosh Pramanik, PHI Learning.
5. “Electromagnetics-Problems and solutions”, William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck McGraw-Hill Companies.

Outcome:

After study through lectures and assignments, students will be able to:

- Should be able to specify the “constitutive relationships” for fields and understand why they are required.
- Apply vector calculus to static electric-magnetic fields in different engineering situations.
- Analyze Maxwell’s equation in different forms (differential and integral) and apply them to diverse engineering problems.
- Examine the phenomena of wave propagation in different media and its interfaces and in applications of microwave engineering.
- Analyze the nature of electromagnetic wave propagation in guided medium which are used in microwave applications.
- Experimental measurement of voltages induced by time varying magnetic flux. Flux determination.

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(R18EEE21L1) Electrical Machines Lab-I

Objectives:

- Understanding the basic theory and operation of electrical machines.
- Understanding how electrical machines fit into the larger context of power systems.
- Understanding and using procedures and analysis techniques to perform and describe electromagnetic and electromechanical tests on electrical machines.

The following experiments are required to be conducted compulsory experiments

1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator.
2. Load test on DC shunt generator.
3. Load test on DC series generator.
4. Load test on DC compound generator.
5. Hopkinson's test on DC shunt machines.
6. Fields test on DC series machines.
7. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor..
8. Brake test on DC compound motor.

In addition to the above eight Experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

9. Brake test on DC shunt motor.
10. Retardation test on DC shunt motor.
11. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.

Outcomes:

- Have knowledge of various parts of a electrical machine.
- Develop knowledge helpful for application of dc machines.
- Ability to conduct speed control of different types of DC Motors.
- Ability to test for characteristics of various generators depending on their type of field excitation.
- Ability to understand the concept of different types of windings viz lap and wave for armature.
- Ability to perform test on Motor-Generator Set.
- To know the concept of commutation dc machines for conversion of Ac to Dc or Dc to Ac.

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(R18ECE21L4) Analog Electronics Lab

PART A: (Only for Viva-voce Examination)

Electronic Workshop Practice (In 3 Lab Sessions):

1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
3. Study and operation of
 - i) Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
 - ii) Function Generator
 - iii) Regulated Power Supplies
 - iv) CRO.

PART B: (For Laboratory Examination – Minimum of 10 experiments)

1. Forward & Reverse Bias Characteristics of PN Junction Diode.
2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator.
3. Half Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
5. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CB Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
6. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CE Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
7. FET characteristics.
8. Design of Self-bias circuit.
9. Frequency Response of CC Amplifier.
10. Frequency Response of CE Amplifier.
11. Frequency Response of Common Source FET amplifier .
12. SCR characteristics.
13. UJT Characteristics

PART C: Equipment required for Laboratories:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Regulated Power supplies (RPS) | -0-30 V |
| 2. CRO's | -0-20 MHz. |
| 3. Function Generators | -0-1 MHz. |
| 4. Multimeters | |
| 5. Decade Resistance Boxes/Rheostats | |
| 6. Decade Capacitance Boxes | |
| 7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital) | -0-20 μ A, 0-50 μ A, 0-100 μ A, 0-200 μ A, 0-10 mA. |
| 8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital) | -0-50V, 0-100V, 0-250V |
| 9. Electronic Components | -Resistors, Capacitors, BJTs, LCDs, SCRs, UJTs, FETs, LEDs, MOSFETs, Diodes- Ge& Si type, Transistors – NPN, PNP type) |

Outcomes:

Upon completion of the Course, students will be able to:

- Determine the P-N-Junction diode & Zener diode characteristics.
- Calculate the Input and Output characteristics of BJT and FET.
- Evaluate Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifier with and without filters.
- Differentiate Measurement of h-parameters of transistor in CB, CE, CC configurations.
- Analyse the Frequency response of CE, CC and Common Source FET Amplifier.
- Measure SCR and UJT characteristics.

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(R18EEE21L2) Electrical Circuits Lab

Course Objective(s):

- To verify the network theorems.
 - To study resonance characteristics
 - To determine 2-port network parameters
- 1) Verification of Thevenin's, and Norton's Theorems
 - 2) Verification of Superposition and Maximum Power Transfer Theorems
 - 3) Verification of RMS value of complex wave
 - 4) Verification of Compensation Theorem
 - 5) Verification of Reciprocity, Millmann's Theorems
 - 6) Locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits
 - 7) Series and Parallel Resonance
 - 8) Determination of Self, Mutual Inductances and Coefficient of coupling
 - 9) Determination of Z and Y Parameters
 - 10) Determination of Transmission line and hybrid parameters
 - 11) Measurement of Active Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads
 - 12) Measurement of Reactive Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads
 - 13) Measurement of 3-phase Power by two - Wattmeter Method for unbalanced loads

Outcomes:

- Understand the concept of Theorems.
- Solve AC And DC Circuits.
- Understand the concept of Resonance.
- Express given Electrical Circuit in terms of A,B,C,D and Z,Y Parameter Model and solve the circuits.
- To analyze and calculate the coefficient of coupling.
- Measure three phase voltages and currents, active, reactive powers

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(R18MAC2100) Gender Sensitization Lab

Course Objectives:

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Course Outcomes:

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

UNIT – I UNDERSTANDING GENDER:

Gender: Why Should We Study It? (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -1) Socialization: Making Women, Making Men (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -2) Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

UNIT – II GENDER AND BIOLOGY Missing Women:

Sex Selection and Its Consequences (Towards a World of Equals: Unit-4) Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences. Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -10) Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

UNIT – III GENDER AND LABOUR Housework:

The Invisible Labour (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -3) “My Mother doesn’t Work.” “Share the Load.” Women’s Work: Its Politics and Economics (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -7) Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Reading: Wages and Conditions of Work.

UNIT – IV ISSUES OF VIOLENCE Sexual Harassment:

Say No! (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -6) Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: “Chupulu”. Domestic Violence: Speaking Out (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -8) Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading: New Forums for Justice. Thinking about Sexual Violence (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -11) Blaming the Victim-“I Fought for my Life....” – Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

UNIT – V GENDER : CO – EXISTENCE Just Relationships:

Being Together as Equals (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -12) Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Prescribed Textbook : All the five Units in the Textbook, “Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender” written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu and published by Telugu Akademi, Hyderabad, Telangana State in the year 2015.

Note: Since it is an Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012
- Abdulali Sohaila. “I Fought For My Life...and Won.” Available online at:
<http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/>

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(R18MTH2201) Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex variables**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Concept, properties of Laplace transforms
- Solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
- Various methods to find roots of an equation.
- Concept of finite differences and to estimate the value for the given data using interpolation.
- Evaluation of integrals using numerical techniques
- Solving ordinary differential equations using numerical techniques.
- Differentiation and integration of complex valued functions.
- Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula and Cauchy's residue theorem.
- Expansion of complex functions using Taylor's and Laurent's series.

UNIT-I: Laplace Transforms

Laplace Transforms; Laplace Transform of standard functions; first shifting theorem; Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied and divided by 't'. Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of function; Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms; Laplace transforms of Special functions; Laplace transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem (without Proof), solving ODEs by Laplace Transform method.

UNIT-II: Numerical Methods-I

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations - Bisection method, Iteration Method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method.

Finite differences- forward differences- backward differences-central differences-symbolic relations and separation of symbols; Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Central difference interpolation: Gauss's forward and backward formulae; Lagrange's method of interpolation

UNIT-III: Numerical Methods-II

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8 rules.

Ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series; Picard's method; Euler and modified Euler's methods; Runge-Kutta method of fourth order.

UNIT-IV: Complex Variables (Differentiation)

Limit, Continuity and Differentiation of Complex functions. Cauchy-Riemann equations (without proof), Milne-Thomson methods, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties.

UNIT-V: Complex Variables (Integration)

Line integrals, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's Integral formula, Liouville's theorem, Maximum-Modulus theorem (All theorems without proof); zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Taylor's series, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof)

Text Books

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
2. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI, 4th Edition, 2005.
3. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

References

1. M. K. Jain, SRK Iyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations , New Age International publishers.
2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons,2006.

Course outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Use the Laplace transforms techniques for solving ODE's
- Find the root of a given equation.
- Estimate the value for the given data using interpolation
- Find the numerical solutions for a given ODE's
- Analyse the complex function with reference to their analyticity, integration using Cauchy's integral and residue theorems
- Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions of complex function

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(R18EEE2201) Electrical Machines – II

Objectives:

- Understanding of modeling and operation of practical transformers.
- Understanding of modeling and behavior of Induction motors.

Unit I

Single Phase Transformers: Single Phase transformers-types-constructional details-minimization of hysteresis and eddy current losses-EMF equation - operation on no load and on load – phasor diagrams. Equivalent circuit – losses and efficiency-regulation. All-day efficiency – effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

Unit II

Testing of Transformers: Testing of 1-phase transformers: OC and SC tests -= Sumpner's test – predetermination of efficiency and regulation-separation of losses test-parallel operation with equal and unequal voltage ratios.

Unit III

Auto & Poly-Phase Transformers: Auto transformers: Equivalent circuit – comparison with two winding transformers.

Poly-Phase Transformers: Poly-phase connections-Y/Y, Y/ Δ , Δ /Y, Δ / Δ and open Δ , Third harmonics in phase voltages-three winding transformers-tertiary windings-determination of Z_p , Z_s and Z_t transients in switching – off load and on load tap changing; Scott connection.

Unit IV

Poly-Phase Induction Motors: Poly-Phase induction motors-construction details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of operation – rotor EMF and rotor frequency – rotor reactance rotor current and pf at standstill and during operation. Rotor power input rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed and their inter relation-torque equation-deduction from torque equation – expressions for maximum torque and starting torque – torque slip characteristic – double cage and deep bar rotors – equivalent circuit – phasor diagram – crawling and cogging.

Unit V

Circle Diagram & Speed Control of Induction Motors: Circle diagram-no load and blocked rotor tests-predetermination of performance-methods of starting and starting current and torque calculations.

Speed control: change of frequency; change of poles and methods consequent poles; cascade connection. Injection of an EMF into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator principle of operation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electrical machines-PS Bhimbra, Khanna Publishers.
2. Principles of Electrical Machines, V.K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S.Chand Publishing.

Outcomes:

- To understand the application of Faraday's law to transformers with application to an equivalent circuit for a practical transformer.
- Able to study of single phase transformer operation, construction and performance characteristics.
- To clearly understand the testing and maintenance of transformers.
- To analyze the basic concepts of Auto and poly phase transformers and their performance characteristics
- To Understand the concept of poly phase induction motors construction and its characteristics.
- To understand the torque speed characteristics of an induction motor with application to the equivalent circuit of a induction motor.

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(R18ECE2102) Digital Logic Design

Course Objectives:

This course provides in-depth knowledge of switching theory and the design techniques of digital circuits, which is the basis for design of any digital circuit. The main objectives are:

- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
- To understand common forms of number representation in digital electronic circuits and to be able to convert between different representations.
- To implement simple logical operations using combinational logic circuits
- To design combinational logic circuits, sequential logic circuits.
- To provide extended knowledge of digital logic circuits in the form of state model approach.

UNIT -I:

Number System and Boolean Algebra And Switching Functions: Number Systems, Base Conversion Methods, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Binary Codes, Binary Coded Decimal Code and its Properties, Unit Distance Codes, Alpha Numeric Codes, Error Detecting and Correcting Codes.

Boolean Algebra: Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions, Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification of Digital Logic Gates, Properties of XOR Gates, Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.

UNIT -II:

Minimization and Design of Combinational Circuits: Introduction, The Minimization with theorem, The Karnaugh Map Method, Five and Six Variable Maps, Prime and Essential Implications, Don't Care Map Entries, Using the Maps for Simplifying, Tabular Method, Partially Specified Expressions, Multi-output Minimization, Minimization and Combinational Design, Arithmetic Circuits, Comparator, Multiplexers, Code Converters, Wired Logic, Tristate Bus System, Practical Aspects related to Combinational Logic Design, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations.

UNIT -III:

Sequential Machines Fundamentals: Introduction, Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, The Binary Cell, Fundamentals of Sequential Machine Operation, The Flip-Flop, The D-Latch Flip-Flop, The "Clocked T" Flip-Flop, The "Clocked J-K" Flip-Flop, Design of a Clocked Flip-Flop, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Clock Skew.

UNIT -IV:

Sequential Circuit Design and Analysis: Introduction, State Diagram, Analysis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Approaches to the Design of Synchronous Sequential Finite State Machines, Design Aspects, State Reduction, Design Steps, Realization using Flip-Flops Counters - Design of Single mode Counter, Ripple Counter, Ring Counter, Shift Register, Shift Register Sequences, Ring Counter Using Shift Register.

UNIT -V:

Sequential Circuits : Finite state machine-capabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models-minimization of completely specified sequential machines, Partition techniques and merger chart methods – concept of minimal cover table.

Algorithmic State Machine: Salient features of the ASM chart

VLSI Design flow: Design entry: Schematic, FSM & HDL, different modeling styles in VHDL, Data types and objects, Dataflow, Behavioral and Structural Modeling, Synthesis and Simulation VHDL constructs and codes for combinational and sequential circuits

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory- Zvi Kohavi & Niraj K. Jha, 3rd Edition, Cambridge.
2. Digital Design- Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd Edition.
3. Douglas Perry, “VHDL”, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2002.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design – Fredriac J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
2. Digital Fundamentals – A Systems Approach – Thomas L. Floyd, Pearson, 2013.
3. Digital Logic Design - Ye Brian and HoldsWorth, Elsevier
4. Fundamentals of Logic Design- Charles H. Roth, Cengage Learning, 5th, Edition, 2004.
5. Digital Logic Applications and Design- John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Publications, 2006.
6. Digital Logic and State Machine Design – Comer, 3rd, Oxford, 2013.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, students should possess the following skills:

- Interpret the various number systems & code converters, error detecting and correcting, BCD, Gray Code, EX-3.
- Describe the operation of logic gates and Apply Boolean Algebra on K-map.
- Design / Analysis of Combinational Circuits.
- Diagram illustrates the operation & timing constrains for Latches & Flip-Flops and Registers and Counters.
- Design & analyze sequential circuits.
- Use HDL & appropriate EDA tools for digital logic design & simulation.

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(R18EEE2202) Control Systems

Objective :

In this course it is aimed to deal with

- Understanding the principles and applications of control systems in everyday life.
- Understanding the basic concepts of block diagram reduction, time domain analysis solutions to time invariant systems.
- It deals with the different aspects of stability analysis of systems in frequency domain and time domain.

UNIT - I:

Introduction: Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations, Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems.

UNIT - II:

Transfer of Function Representation: Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro transmitter and Receiver, Block diagram representation of systems considering electrical systems as examples -Block diagram algebra – Representation by Signal flow graph - Reduction using mason's gain formula.

UNIT- III:

Time Response Analysis: Standard test signals - Time response of first order systems – Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications – Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants – Effects of proportional derivative, proportional integral systems.

UNIT - IV:

Stability Analysis in S-Domain: The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – qualitative stability and conditional stability – limitations of Routh's stability

Root Locus Technique: The root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to $G(s)H(s)$ on the root loci. Basics of PID controllers.

UNIT - V:

Frequency Response Analysis: Introduction, Frequency domain specifications- Bode diagrams- Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Control Systems theory and applications, S. K. Bhattacharya, Pearson.
2. Control Systems, N. C. Jagan, B.S. Publications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Control Systems, A. Ananad Kumar, PHI.
2. Control Systems Engineering, S. Palani, Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Control Systems, Dhanesh N. manik, Cengage Learning.
4. Control Systems Engineering, I.J Nagrath and M. Gopal, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
5. Control Systems, N. K.Sinha, new Age International (P) Limited Publishers.

Outcome:

- Express the basic elements and structures of feedback control systems.
- Represent the mathematical model of a system.
- Apply Routh-Hurwitz criterion, RootLocus, Bode Plot and Nyquist Plot to determine the domain of stability of linear time-invariant system.
- Determine the steady-state response, errors of stable control systems and design compensators to achieve the desired performance.
- Analyse the stability of the system.
- Design lead, lag, lead-lag compensators.
- Express control system models on state space models, to express state transition matrix and calculation of variables.

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L T P C
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(R18EEE2203) Power System-I

Objectives:

- To study about power plants and distribution system.
- To study substations and underground cables.
- To study economic aspects and tariff.

UNIT-I :

POWER STATIONS THERMAL POWER STATION: Line diagram of Thermal Power Station (TPS) showing paths of coal, steam, water, air, ash and flue gasses.- Brief description of TPS components: Economizers, Boilers, Super heaters, Turbines, Condensers, Chimney and Cooling towers.

Nuclear Power Stations: Nuclear Fission and Chain reaction.- Nuclear fuels.- Principle of operation of Nuclear reactor.-Reactor Components - Moderators, Control rods, Reflectors and Coolants. Radiation hazards – Shielding and Safety precautions, Types of Nuclear reactors and brief description of PWR, BWR and FBR. Gas Power Stations: Principle of Operation and Components (Block Diagram Approach Only)

UNIT-II: GENERAL ASPECTS OF D.C. & A.C. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Classification of Distribution Systems - Comparison of DC vs AC and Under-Ground vs Over - Head Distribution Systems- Requirements and Design features of Distribution Systems- Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in D.C Distributors for the following cases: Radial D.C Distributor fed one end and at the both the ends (equal/unequal Voltages) and Ring Main Distributor. Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in A.C. Distributors for the following cases: Power Factors referred to receiving end voltage and with respect to respective load voltages.

UNIT-III AIR INSULATED & GAS INSULATED (GIS) SUBSTATIONS

Classification of substations: - Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment. Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar system with relevant diagrams. Advantages of Gas insulated substations, different types of gas insulated substations, single line diagram of gas insulated substations, bus bar, construction aspects of GIS, Installation and maintenance of GIS, Comparison of Air insulated substations and Gas insulated substations.

UNIT-IV: POWER FACTOR AND VOLTAGE CONTROL

Causes of low Power Factor -Methods of Improving Power Factor -Phase advancing and generation of reactive KVAR using static Capacitors-Most economical Power Factor for constant KW load and constant KVA type loads, Numerical Problems. Dependency of Voltage on Reactive Power flow.- Methods of Voltage Control: Shunt Capacitors, Series Capacitors, Synchronous Capacitors, Tap changing and Booster Transformers

UNIT-V: ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF POWER GENERATION AND TARIFF

Load curve, load duration and integrated load duration curves-load, demand, diversity, capacity, utilization and plant use factors- Numerical Problems. Costs of Generation and their division into Fixed, Semi-fixed and running Costs. Desirable Characteristics of a Tariff Method. – Tariff Methods: Flat Rate, Block-Rate, two-part - three-part, and power factor tariff methods and Numerical Problems.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Principles of Power Systems by V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta S.CHAND& COMPANY LTD., New Delhi 2004.
2. Electrical Power System, P.S.R. Mruthy, B.S. Publications

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Test book of Power System Engineering, R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd.
2. Electrical Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution by S.N.Singh., PHI.
3. Electrical Power Systems by C.L.Wadhawa New age International (P) Limited, Publishers 1997.
4. Generation of Electrical Energy, Dr. B.R. Gupta, S. Chand.

Outcome:

- Understand power plants,
- To Analyze A.C and D.C distribution networks for necessary variable calculation.
- To understand the operation AIR insulated and GAS insulated indoor / outdoor substations.
- Able to Control the voltage and power factor by using shunt, series and synchronous capacitor.
- Construct the power /Energy demand in the form of graph
- To understand the Economic aspects of power generation and deferent types of TARIFF methods with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real – world electrical and electronics powers and applications.

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(R18ECE21L2) Digital Logic Design Lab

Course Objectives: The Objective of this course is to provide the student:

- To study the theory of Boolean algebra and to study representation of switching functions using Boolean expressions and their minimization techniques.
- To study the combinational logic design of various logic and switching devices and their realization.
- To study the sequential logic circuits design both in synchronous and Asynchronous modes for various complex logic and switching devices, their minimization techniques and their realizations.
- To study some of the programmable logic devices and their use in realization of switching functions.
- To Explain and analyze the VHDL programming concepts for the design of digital circuits

List of Experiments :

PART – A

1. Design and realization of Not Gate
2. Design and realization of AND Gate
3. Design and realization of OR Gate
4. Design and realization of NAND Gate
5. Design and realization of NOR Gate
6. Design of Half Adder and Full Adder
7. Design of Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor

PART – B

8. Introduction to VHDL Programming
9. XILINX ISE QUICK Start Tutorial
10. Design and Simulation of Combinational Logic Circuits Using VHDL Realization of Logic GATES
11. Half adder and Full adder circuits
12. Magnitude comparator
13. Encoder & Decoder
14. Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary converter
15. Parity Checker
16. Design and Simulation of sequential logic circuits using VHDL D and T Flip-Flops
17. SR and JK Flip-Flops

Major Equipments required for Laboratories:

1. 5V fixed Regulator power supply/ 0-5V or more Regulator power supply
2. 20MHz Oscilloscope with Dual Channel
3. Bread board and Components / Digital Trainer Kit
4. Multimeter

Outcomes:

Upon completion of the Course, students will be able to:

- Explain theory of Boolean Algebra & the Underlying features of various number systems.
- Use the concepts of Boolean Algebra for the analysis & design of various combinational logic circuits.
- Use the concepts of Boolean Algebra for the analysis & design of various sequential logic circuits.
- Design various logic gates starting from simple ordinary gates to complex Programmable logic devices & arrays.
- Analyze the various coding schemes are the part of the digital circuit design.
- Design of various circuits with the help of VHDL coding techniques.

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(R18EEE22L1) Electrical Machines Lab-II

Objective : In this lab students

- Understanding the performance of single phase transformer, parallel operation of transformer.
- Understanding the performance of induction motor, regulation of alternator and equivalent circuit of single phase induction motor.

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. O.C. & S.C. Tests on Single phase Transformer
2. Sumpner's test on a pair of single phase transformers
3. Break test on three-phase Induction Motor.
4. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three - phase Induction motor
5. Regulation of a three - phase alternator by synchronous impedance & m.m.f. methods
6. **V** and **Inverted V** curves of a three - phase synchronous motor.
7. Equivalent Circuit of a single phase induction motor
8. Determination of **X_d** and **X_q** of a salient pole synchronous machine

In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list:

1. Parallel operation of Single phase Transformers
2. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
3. Scott connection of transformers
4. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A methods
5. Efficiency of a three-phase alternator
6. Heat run test on a bank of 3 Nos. of single phase Delta connected transformers
7. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three-phase alternator.

Outcomes:

- To Understanding principles of AC machines.
- Find role of electrical machinery pertaining to Synchronous machines, Single phase motors in simple applications.
- Articulate rotating magnetic generation
- Calculate machine variables in direct and quadrature axis form
- Express working of single and three phase AC Machines
- Know the concept of harmonics created in supply systems, need for reduction and design of Synchronous machines for reducing them.

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L	T	P	C
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(R18EEE22L2) Control Systems Lab

Objective:

To familiarize with the modeling of dynamical systems and the characteristics of control components like ac servo motor, synchro and magnetic amplifier.

1. Time response of Second order system
2. Characteristics of Synchros.
3. Programmable logic controller - Study and verification of truth tables of logic gates, simple Boolean expression and application of speed control of motor.
4. Effect of feedback on DC servo motor
5. Transfer function of DC motor
6. Effect of P, PD, PI, PID Controller on a second order systems
7. Lag and lead compensation— Magnitude and phase plot
8. Transfer function of DC generator
9. Temperature controller using PID
10. Characteristics of magnetic amplifiers
11. Characteristics of AC servo motor

Outcomes:

- Find time response of given control system model.
- To understand the characteristics of synchros.
- Study and verification of truth tables of logic gates, simple Boolean expression and application of speed control of motor.
- To analyze the feedback of servo motor.
- Formulate transfer function for given control system problems.
- Design PID controllers for given control system model
- Design Lead, Lag, Lead-Lag systems in control systems.
- To understand characteristics of magnetic amplifier.

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B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester

L	T	P	C
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(R18MAC2200) Intellectual Property Rights

UNIT – I: Introduction to Intellectual property:

Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

UNIT – II: Trade Marks:

Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

UNIT – III: Law of copy rights :

Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law. Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

UNIT – IV: Trade Secrets:

Trade secrete law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation. Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

UNIT – V: New development of intellectual property:

New developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits. International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:

- Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
- Intellectual property right – Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tate McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.,

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B.Tech. - III Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
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(R18EEE3101) Power Electronics

Objective:

- To introduce students to the basic theory of power semiconductor devices and passive components, their practical applications in power electronics.
- To familiarize students to the principle of operation, design and synthesis of different power conversion circuits and their applications.
- To provide strong foundation for further study of power electronic circuits and systems.

UNIT - I:

Power Semi Conductor Devices & Communication Circuits: Thyristors – Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCR's) – BJT – Power MOSFET – Power IGBT and their characteristics and other thyristors – Basic theory of operation of SCR – Static characteristics – Turn on and turn off methods- Dynamic characteristics of SCR - Turn on and Turn off times -Salient points. Two transistor analogy – SCR - UJT firing circuit — Series and parallel connections of SCR's – Snubber circuit details – Specifications and Ratings of SCR's, BJT, IGBT - Numerical problems – Line Commutation and Forced Commutation circuits.

UNIT - II:

AC-DC Converters (1-Phase & 3-Phase Controlled Rectifiers): Phase control technique – Single phase Line commutated converters – Mid point and Bridge connections – Half controlled converters with Resistive, RL loads and RLE load– Derivation of average load voltage and current -Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters without and with Free wheeling Diode –Numerical problems. Fully controlled converters, Mid point and Bridge connections with Resistive, RL loads and RLE load– Derivation of average load voltage and current – Line commutated inverters -Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters without and with Free wheeling Diode, Effect of source inductance – Derivation of load voltage and current – Numerical problems. Three phase converters – Three pulse and six pulse converters – Mid point and bridge connections average load voltage With R and RL loads – Effect of Source inductance–Dual converters (both single phase and three phase) - Waveforms – Numerical Problems.

UNIT - III:

DC-DC Converters (Choppers):

Choppers – Time ratio control and Current limit control strategies – Step down choppers Derivation of load voltage and currents with R, RL and RLE loads- Step up Chopper – load voltage expression, Jones chopper, AC Chopper, Problems.

UNIT - IV:

AC-AC Converters (AC Voltage Controllers) & Frequency Changers (Cyclo-Converters): AC voltage controllers – Single phase two SCR's in anti parallel – With R and RL loads – modes of operation of Triac – Triac with R and RL loads – Derivation of RMS load voltage, current and power factor wave forms – Firing circuits -Numerical problems -Cyclo converters – Single phase mid point cyclo converters with Resistive and inductive load (Principle of operation only) – Bridge configuration of single phase cyclo converter (Principle of operation only) – Waveforms.

UNIT - V:

DC-AC Converters (Inverters): Inverters – Single phase inverter – Basic series inverter, parallel inverter - operation and waveforms - Three phase inverters (180, 120 degrees conduction modes of operation) - Voltage control techniques for inverters, Pulse width modulation techniques - Numerical problems.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Power Electronics, Dr. P. S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishers
2. Power Electronics Devices, Circuits and Industrial applications, V. R. Moorthi, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS :

1. Power Electronics; Circuits, Devices and Applications, M. H. Rashid, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Power Electronics, M. D. Singh & K. B. Kanchandhani, Tata Mc Graw - Hill Publishing Company.
3. Power Electronics, Vedam Subramanyam, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
4. Elements of Power Electronics, Philip T. Krein, Oxford University Press.
5. Power Electronics, M. S. Jamil Asghar, PHI Private Limited.
6. Power Electronics, P. C. Sen, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing.
7. Power Electronics, K. Hari Babu, Scitech Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
8. Principles of Power Electronics, John G. Kassakian, martin F. Schlect, Gerge C. Verghese, Pearson Education.
9. Thyristorised Power Controllers, G. K. Dubey, S. R. Doradra, A. joshi and R. M. K. Sinha, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers.

Outcome:

- Discuss the basics of power electronic devices.
- Knowledge on construction operation V-I characteristics commutation firing and protection of various power semiconductor devices.
- Discover of power electronic converters in power control applications.
- Construct the Chopper circuits.
- Compare characteristics of SCR, BJT, MOSFET and IGBT.
- Understand the role power electronics play in the improvement of energy usage efficiency
- Experiment the design of AC voltage controller and Cyclo Converter.

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(R18EEE3102) Power System-II

Objective :

This course is an extension of Power systems-I course. It deals with

- Understanding the basic theory of transmission lines modeling and their performance analysis.
- It gives emphasis on mechanical design of transmission lines, cables and insulators.

UNIT - I:

Transmission Line Parameters: Types of conductors - calculation of resistance for solid conductors - Calculation of inductance for single phase and three phase, single and double circuit lines, concept of GMR & GMD, symmetrical and asymmetrical conductor configuration with and without transposition, Numerical Problems.

Calculation of capacitance for 2 wire and 3 wire systems, effect of ground on capacitance, capacitance calculations for symmetrical and asymmetrical single and three phase, single and double circuit lines, Numerical Problems.

UNIT - II:

Performance of Short and Medium Length Transmission Lines: Classification of Transmission Lines - Short, medium and long line and their model representations - Nominal-T, Nominal-Pie and A, B, C, D Constants for symmetrical & Asymmetrical Networks, Numerical Problems. Mathematical Solutions to estimate regulation and efficiency of all types of lines - Numerical Problems.

Long Transmission Line-Rigorous Solution, evaluation of A,B,C,D Constants, Interpretation of the Long Line Equations, Incident, Reflected and Refracted Waves -Surge Impedance and SIL of Long Lines, Wave Length and Velocity of Propagation of Waves - Representation of Long Lines - Equivalent-T and Equivalent Pie network models (numerical problems).

UNIT-III:

Power System Transients & Factors Governing The Performance of Transmission Lines: Types of System Transients - Travelling or Propagation of Surges - Attenuation, Distortion, Reflection and Refraction Coefficients - Termination of lines with different types of conditions - Open Circuited Line, Short Circuited Line, T-Junction, Lumped Reactive Junctions (Numerical Problems). Bewley's Lattice Diagrams (for all the cases mentioned with numerical examples).

Skin and Proximity effects - Description and effect on Resistance of Solid Conductors - Ferranti effect - Charging Current - Effect on Regulation of the Transmission Line. Corona - Description of the phenomenon, factors affecting corona, critical voltages and power loss, Radio Interference.

UNIT - IV:

Overhead Line Insulators & Sag and Tension Calculations: Types of Insulators, String efficiency and Methods for improvement, Numerical Problems - voltage distribution, calculation of string efficiency, Capacitance grading and Static Shielding.

Sag and Tension Calculations with equal and unequal heights of towers, Effect of Wind and Ice on weight of Conductor, Numerical Problems - Stringing chart and sag template and its applications.

UNIT - V:

Underground Cables: Types of Cables, Construction, Types of Insulating materials, Calculations of Insulation resistance and stress in insulation, Numerical Problems. Capacitance of Single and 3-Core belted cables, Numerical Problems. Grading of Cables - Capacitance grading, Numerical Problems, Description of Inter-sheath grading.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electrical power systems - by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
2. Electrical Power Systems, PSR, Murthy, BS Publications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Text Book on Power System Engineering by M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar, A.Chakrabarthy, Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd.
2. A Text Book of Power System Engineering, R. K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited.
3. Electrical Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution S. N. Singh, PHI.
4. Principles of Power Systems, V. K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta S. Chand Company Pvt. Ltd.
5. Power System Engineering, I.J.Nagarath and D.P.Kothari, TMG.
6. Power System Analysis and Design, Dr. B. R. Gupta, S. Chand & Company Limited.
7. Power System Analysis, Operation and control, Abhijit Chakrpabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI, 3/e, 2010
8. Electrical Power Transmission system engineering Analysis and design by Turan Gonen, CRC Press (Taylor & Francis Group) Special Indian Edition, 2/e.

Outcome:

After going through this course the student gets a thorough

- Gain the knowledge on calculation of transmission line parameters,
- To analyze Performance analysis of short medium long length transmission lines.
- Design and analyse the transmission line.
- To understand the factors affecting the performance analysis of transmission lines, transients in power systems.
- To analyze operation of different types of overhead line insulators, sag and tension calculation of transmission lines.
- To understand the analysis of underground cables for power transmission and distribution, with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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B.Tech. - III Year – I Semester

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(R18EEE3103) Measurements and Instrumentation**Course objectives:**

- To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments
- To deal with the measurement of voltage, current, Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements.

Unit- I

Introduction to Measuring Instruments: Classification – deflecting, control and damping torques – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC, moving iron type instruments – expression for the deflecting torque and control torque – Errors and compensations, extension of range using shunts and series resistance. Electrostatic Voltmeters-electrometer type and attracted disc type – extension of range of E.S. Voltmeters.

Unit– II

Potentiometers & Instrument transformers: Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – standardization – Measurement of unknown resistance, current, voltage. A.C. Potentiometers: polar and coordinate type's standardization – applications. CT and PT – Ratio and phase angle errors

Unit –III

Measurement of Power & Energy: Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, expression for deflecting and control torques – Extension of range of wattmeter using instrument transformers – Measurement of active and reactive powers in balanced and unbalanced systems. Single phase induction type energy meter – driving and braking torques – errors and compensations – testing by phantom loading using R.S.S. meter. Three phase energy meter – tri-vector meter, maximum demand meters.

Unit – IV

DC & AC bridges: Method of measuring low, medium and high resistance – sensitivity of Wheatstone's bridge – Carey Foster's bridge, Kelvin's double bridge for measuring low resistance, measurement of high resistance – loss of charge method. Measurement of inductance- Maxwell's bridge, Hay's bridge, Anderson's bridge - Owen's bridge. Measurement of capacitance and loss angle –Desauty's Bridge - Wien's bridge – Schering Bridge.

Unit-V

Transducers: Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of Electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle operation of LVDT and capacitor transducers; LVDT Applications, Strain gauge and its principle of operation, gauge factor, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Piezo electric transducers, photovoltaic, photo conductive cells, and photo diodes. Measurement of Non-Electrical Quantities: Measurement of strain, Gauge sensitivity, Displacement, Velocity, Angular Velocity, Acceleration, Force, Torque, Temperature, Pressure, Vacuum, Flow and Liquid level.

Text Books:

1. "G. K. Banerjee", "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016
2. "S. C. Bhargava", "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. “A. K. Sawhney”, “Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments”, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
2. “R. K. Rajput”, “Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation”, S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
3. “Buckingham and Price”, “Electrical Measurements”, Prentice – Hall, 1988.
4. “Reissland, M. U”, “Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications”, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1 st Edition 2010.
5. “E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis”, “Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments”, fifth Edition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student

- Understand different types of measuring instruments, their construction, operation and characteristics.
- Understand the Principle and operation Potentiometers & Instrument transformers.
- Identify the instruments suitable for typical measurements.
- Apply the suitable method for measurement of resistance, inductance and capacitance
- Understand the different types of bridges.
- Apply the knowledge about transducers and instrument transformers to use them effectively.

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**Professional Elective-I
(R18CSE3164) Computer Architecture**

OBJECTIVES:

- To make students understand the basic structure and operation of digital computer.
- To understand the hardware-software interface.
- To familiarize the students with arithmetic and logic unit and implementation of fixed point and floating-point arithmetic operations.
- To expose the students to the concept of pipelining.
- To familiarize the students with hierarchical memory system including cache memories and virtual memory.
- To expose the students with different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.

UNIT I OVERVIEW & INSTRUCTIONS

Eight ideas – Components of a computer system – Technology – Performance – Power wall – Uniprocessors to multiprocessors; Instructions – operations and operands – representing instructions – Logical operations – control operations – Addressing and addressing modes.

UNIT II ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS

ALU – Addition and subtraction – Multiplication – Division – Floating Point operations – Subword parallelism.

UNIT III PROCESSOR AND CONTROL

Basic MIPS implementation – Building datapath – Control Implementation scheme – Pipelining – Pipelined datapath and control – Handling Data hazards & Control hazards – Exceptions.

UNIT IV PARALLELISM

Instruction-level-parallelism – Parallel processing challenges – Flynn’s classification – Hardware multithreading – Multicore processors

UNIT V MEMORY AND I/O SYSTEMS

Memory hierarchy – Memory technologies – Cache basics – Measuring and improving cache performance – Virtual memory, TLBs – Input/output system, programmed I/O, DMA and interrupts, I/O processors.

TEXT BOOK:

- David A. Patterson And John L. Hennessey, “Computer Organization And Design”, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufman / Elsevier, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- V. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G. Varanescic And Safat G. Zaky, “Computer Organisation“, VI Edition, Mc Graw-Hill Inc, 2012.
- William Stallings “Computer Organization And Architecture”, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- Vincent P. Heuring, Harry F. Jordan, “Computer System Architecture”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

- Govindarajalu, “Computer Architecture And Organization, Design Principles And Applications”, First Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- John P. Hayes, “Computer Architecture And Organization”, Third Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1998.
- [Http://Nptel.Ac.In/](http://Nptel.Ac.In/).

OUTCOMES:

At The End Of The Course, The Student Should Be Able To:

- Design Arithmetic And Logic Unit.
- Design And Analyse Pipelined Control Units
- Understand Parallel Processing Architectures.
- Evaluate Performance Of Memory Systems.

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**Professional Elective-I
(R18EEE3111) High Voltage Engineering**

Objectives

This subject deals with the detailed

- Analysis of Breakdown occurring in gaseous, liquids and solid dielectrics.
- Information about generation and measurement of High voltage and current.
- In addition High voltage testing methods are also discussed.

UNIT – I

Introduction to High Voltage Engineering: Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

UNIT – II

Break Down in Dielectric Materials: Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

UNIT – III

Generation & Measurement of High Voltages & Currents : Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currents- direct, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.

UNIT – IV

Over Voltages & Insulation Co-Ordination: Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

UNIT – V

Testing Of Materials & Electrical Apparatus: Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. High Voltage Engineering, M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju, TMH Publications.
2. High Voltage Engineering, C.L.Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals, E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier.
2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering, Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited.
3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice, Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, Roshdy Radwan , Marcel Dekker

Outcomes:

After going through this course the student gets a thorough

- Gains knowledge on basics of high voltage engineering.
- To identify the Break-down phenomenon in different types of dielectrics.
- To analyze the generation and measurement of high voltages and currents.
- To discuss the phenomenon of over-voltages system faults and other abnormal conditions
- Discuss the concept of insulation coordination.
- To understand testing of various materials and electrical apparatus used in high voltage engineering, with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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**Professional Elective-I
(R18EEE3112) Electrical Machine Design**

Objective:

- To develop knowledge on principles of design of static and rotating machines.
- To understand the design fundamental concepts, design main dimensions & cooling systems of transformers and main dimensions of rotating machine

Unit – I : Introduction

Major considerations in electrical machine design, electrical engineering materials, space factor, choice of specific electrical and magnetic loadings, thermal considerations, heat flow, temperature rise, rating of machines.

Unit – II : Transformers

Sizing of a transformer, main dimensions, kVA output for single- and three-phase transformers, window space factor, overall dimensions, operating characteristics, regulation, no load current, temperature rise in transformers, design of cooling tank, methods for cooling of transformers.

Unit – III : Induction Motors

Sizing of an induction motor, main dimensions, length of air gap, rules for selecting rotor slots of squirrel cage machines, design of rotor bars & slots, design of end rings, design of wound rotor, magnetic leakage calculations, leakage reactance of polyphase machines, magnetizing current, short circuit current, circle diagram, operating characteristics.

Unit – IV : Synchronous Machines

Sizing of a synchronous machine, main dimensions, design of salient pole machines, short circuit ratio, shape of pole face, armature design, armature parameters, estimation of air gap length, design of rotor, design of damper winding, determination of full load field mmf, design of field winding, design of turbo alternators, rotor design.

Unit – V : Computer aided Design (CAD):

Limitations (assumptions) of traditional designs, need for CAD analysis, synthesis and hybrid methods, design optimization methods, variables, constraints and objective function, problem formulation. Introduction to FEM based machine design. Introduction to complex structures of modern machines-PMSMs, BLDCs, SRM and claw-pole machines.

Text / References:

1. A. K. Sawhney, "A Course in Electrical Machine Design", Dhanpat Rai and Sons, 1970.
2. M.G. Say, "Theory & Performance & Design of A.C. Machines", ELBS London.
3. S. K. Sen, "Principles of Electrical Machine Design with computer programmes", Oxford and IBH Publishing, 2006.
4. K. L. Narang, "A Text Book of Electrical Engineering Drawings", SatyaPrakashan, 1969.
5. A. Shanmugasundaram, G. Gangadharan and R. Palani, "Electrical Machine Design Data Book", New Age International, 1979.
6. K. M. V. Murthy, "Computer Aided Design of Electrical Machines", B.S. Publications, 2008.
7. Electrical machines and equipment design exercise examples using Ansoft's Maxwell 2D machine design package.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the construction and performance characteristics of electrical machines.
- Understand the various factors which influence the design: electrical, magnetic and thermal loading of electrical machines
- Understand the principles of electrical machine design and carry out a basic design of an ac machine.
- Use software tools to do design calculations.

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(R18MBA2201) Business Economics & Financial Analysis

Objectives:

To enable the student to understand and appreciate, with a particular insight, the importance of certain basic issues governing the business operations namely; demand and supply, production function, cost analysis, markets, forms of business organizations, capital budgeting and financial accounting and financial analysis.

Unit I

Introduction & Demand Analysis: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. Elasticity of Demand: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand Forecasting, Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting.

Unit II

Production & Cost Analysis: Production Function - Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Cobb-Douglas Production function, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Cost Analysis: Cost concepts. Break-even Analysis (BEA)-Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance.

Unit III

Markets & New Economic Environment: Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition. Price-Output Determination in case of Perfect Competition and Monopoly. Pricing: Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. Business: Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Public Enterprises and their types, New Economic Environment: Changing Business Environment in Post-liberalization scenario.

Unit IV

Capital Budgeting: Capital and its significance, Types of Capital, Estimation of Fixed and Working capital requirements, Methods and sources of raising capital - Trading Forecast, Capital Budget, Cash Budget. Capital Budgeting: features of capital budgeting proposals, Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

Unit V

Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis: Accounting concepts and Conventions - Introduction IFRS - Double - Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance - Final Accounts (Trasing Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). Financial Analysis: Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability ratios. Du Pont Chart.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2009.
2. S.A. Siddiqui & A.S. Siddiqui, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age international Publishers, Hyderabad 2013.
3. M. Kasi Reddy & Saraswathi, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, PHI New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2012.
2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2012.
3. Lipsey & Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, 2012.
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson, 2012.
5. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting - A Managerial Perspective, Pearson, 2012.
6. S.N. Maheswari & S.K. Maheswari, Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2012.
7. Truet and Truet: Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases, Wiley, 2012.
8. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics, Vikas, 2012.
9. Shailaja & Usha: MEFA, University Press, 2012.
10. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH, 2012.
11. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Cengage 2011.
12. J.V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers, 2011.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will

- Understand the market dynamics namely, demand and supply, demand forecasting, elasticity of demand and supply, pricing methods and pricing in different market structures.
- Gain an insight into how production function is carried out to achieve least cost combination of inputs and cost analysis.
- Develop an understanding of
- Analyse how capital budgeting decisions are carried out.
- Understanding the framework for both manual and computerised accounting process
- Know how to analyse and interpret the financial statements through ratio analysis.

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(R18EEE31L1) Power System Simulation Lab

Course Objectives: Upon successful completion of the lab students will be familiar with:

- Construction of Y-bus, z-bus for a n-bus system.
 - Load flow studies methods.
 - Steady state, transient stability analysis.
 - Reliability analysis of generation and distribution
 - Simulation studies of converters and drives used in power systems
1. Develop Program for YBUS formation.
 2. Develop Program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
 3. Develop Program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
 4. Develop Program for FDLF Analysis.
 5. Develop Program for Short Circuit Analysis.
 6. Develop Program for Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
 7. Develop Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
 8. Develop Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
 9. Develop Simulation of RLC Circuit
 10. Develop Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load
 11. Develop Program model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
 12. Develop Program model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted using suitable software.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Construct Y-bus and Z-bus
- Compare the different load flow methods
- Analyze the different stability analysis of variety of power systems
- Calculate reliability indices for generation distribution
- Simulate basic electrical circuits
- Simulate power electronic converters and drives

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(R18EEE31L2) Power Electronics Lab

Objectives : This course aims

- To understand the obtaining characteristics of power electronic devices.
- To understand the commutation techniques used in power electronics circuits and to test different power electronics converters.

Any Ten of the Experiments in Power Electronics Lab

1. Study of Characteristics of SCR, MOSFET & IGBT.
2. Gate firing circuits for SCR's.
3. Single Phase AC Voltage Controller with R and RL Loads.
4. Single Phase fully controlled bridge converter with R and RL loads.
5. Forced Commutation circuits (Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D and Class E).
6. DC Jones chopper with R and RL Loads.
7. Single Phase Parallel, inverter with R and RL loads.
8. Single Phase Cyclo-converter with R and RL loads.
9. Single Phase half controlled converter with R load.
10. Three Phase half controlled bridge converter with R-load.
11. Single Phase series inverter with R and RL loads.
12. Single Phase Bridge converter with R and RL loads.
13. Single Phase dual converter with RL loads.
14. Operation of MOSFET based chopper.

Outcomes:

- Use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.
- To understand the characteristics of SCR, MOSFET & IGBT.
- Identify, formulate & solve engineering problems.
- Perform gate firing circuits.
- Analyze the Rectifier, Inverter and commutation of Choppers circuits
- Perform cyclo converter circuits on hardware kits.
- Demonstrate working of AC voltage controller circuit on hardware kit.

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L	T	P	C
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(R18EEE31L3) Measurements and Instrumentation Lab

Course Objectives:

- To calibrate LPF Watt Meter, energy meter, P. F Meter using electro dynamo meter type instrument as the standard instrument
- To determine unknown inductance, resistance, capacitance by performing experiments on D.C Bridges & A. C Bridges
- To determine three phase active & reactive powers using single wattmeter method practically
- To determine the ratio and phase angle errors of current transformer and potential transformer.

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. Calibration and Testing of single phase energy Meter
2. Calibration of dynamometer power factor meter
3. Crompton D.C. Potentiometer – Calibration of PMMC ammeter and PMMC voltmeter
4. Kelvin's double Bridge – Measurement of resistance – Determination of Tolerance.
5. Dielectric oil testing using H.T. testing Kit
6. Schering bridge & Anderson bridge.
7. Measurement of 3-phase reactive power with single-phase wattmeter.
8. Measurement of parameters of a choke coil using 3 voltmeter and 3 ammeter methods.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at-least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

9. Calibration LPF wattmeter – by Phantom testing
10. Measurement of 3 phase power with single watt meter and 2 No's of C.T.
11. C.T. testing using mutual Inductor – Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of given C.T. by Null method.
12. P.T. testing by comparison – V.G. as Null detector – Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of the given P.T.
13. LVDT and capacitance pickup – characteristics and Calibration
14. Resistance strain gauge – strain measurements and Calibration
15. Transformer turns ratio measurement using a.c. bridge
16. Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of given C.T. by comparison.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this lab the student is able to

- to choose instruments
- test any instrument
- find the accuracy of any instrument by performing experiment
- calibrate PMMC instrument using D.C potentiometer

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(R18HAS31L1) Advanced Communication Skills Lab

Introduction

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use ‘good’ English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organise ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

Objectives:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students’ fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

Syllabus:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab:

1. **Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary** - Starting a conversation – responding appropriately and relevantly – using the right body language – Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals - Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading & effective googling.
3. **Activities on Writing Skills** – Structure and presentation of different types of writing – *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/ Technical report writing/ Portfolio writing* – planning for writing – improving one’s writing.
4. **Activities on Presentation Skills** – Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/PPTs and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/ e-

mails/assignments etc.

5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** – Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

Minimum Requirement:

The Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Laboratory shall have the following infra-structural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- **Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.**
- **Round Tables with movable chairs**
- **Audio-visual aids**
- **LCD Projector**
- **Public Address system**
- **P – IV Processor, Hard Disk – 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed – 2.8 GHZ**
- **T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder**
- **Headphones of High quality**

Prescribed Lab Manual: A book titled *A Course Book of Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab* published by Universities Press, Hyderabad.

Suggested Software:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- **Oxford Advanced Learner’s Compass, 7th Edition**
- **DELTA’s key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.**
- **Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech**
- **TOEFL & GRE(KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)**
- **The following software from ‘train2success.com’**
 - **Preparing for being Interviewed**
 - **Positive Thinking**
 - **Interviewing Skills**
 - **Telephone Skills**
 - **Time Management**

Books Recommended:

- 1) **Technical Communication by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.**
- 2) **Advanced Communication Skills Laboratory Manual by Sudha Rani, D, Pearson Education 2011.**
- 3) **Technical Communication by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.**
- 4) **Business and Professional Communication: Keys for Workplace Excellence. Kelly M. Quintanilla & Shawn T. Wahl. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2011.**
- 5) **The Basics of Communication: A Relational Perspective. Steve Duck & David T. McMahan. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2012.**
- 6) **English Vocabulary in Use series, Cambridge University Press 2008.**
- 7) **Management Shapers Series by Universities Press(India)Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.**
- 8) **Handbook for Technical Communication by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.**
- 9) **Communication Skills by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.**

- 10) Handbook for Technical Writing by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008.
- 11) Job Hunting by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 12) Master Public Speaking by Anne Nicholls, JAICO Publishing House, 2006.
- 13) English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.
- 14) Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS by Barron's/DELTA/ Cambridge University Press.
- 15) International English for Call Centres by Barry Tomalin and Suhashini Thomas, Macmillan Publishers, 2009.

DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS:

Advanced Communication Skills Lab Practicals:

1. The practical examinations for the ACS Laboratory practice shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.
2. For the English Language lab sessions, there shall be continuous evaluation during the year for 25 sessional marks and 50 End Examination marks. Of the 25 marks, 15 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The End Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned, by inviting the External Examiner from outside. In case of the non-availability of the External Examiner, other teacher of the same department can act as the External Examiner.

Mini Project: As a part of Internal Evaluation

1. Seminar/ Professional Presentation

2. A Report on the same has to be prepared and presented.

** Teachers may use their discretion to choose topics relevant and suitable to the needs of students.*

** Not more than two students to work on each mini project.*

** Students may be assessed by their performance both in oral presentation and written report.*

Outcomes

- ☞ Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually.
- ☞ Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression.
- ☞ Enhanced job prospects.
- ☞ Effective Speaking Abilities

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(R18MAC3100) MOOCs-I					

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester

L	T	P	C
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Professional Elective-II
(R18ECE3202) Digital signal processing

Objectives

This course is an essential course that provides design techniques for processing all type of signals in various fields. The main objectives are:

- To provide background and fundamental material for the analysis and processing of digital signals.
- To familiarize the relationships between continuous-time and discrete-time signals and systems.
- To study fundamentals of time, frequency and Z-plane analysis and to discuss the inter-relationships of these analytic method.
- To study the designs and structures of digital (IIR and FIR) filters from analysis to synthesis for a given specifications.
- The impetus is to introduce a few real-world signal processing applications.
- To acquaint in FFT algorithms, Multi-rate signal processing techniques and finite word length effects.

UNIT – I

Introduction: Introduction to Digital Signal Processing: Discrete Time Signals & Sequences, Linear Shift Invariant Systems, Stability, and Causality, Linear Constant Coefficient Difference Equations, Frequency Domain Representation of Discrete Time Signals and Systems

Realization of Digital Filters: Applications of Z – Transforms, Solution of Difference Equations of Digital Filters, System Function, Stability Criterion, Frequency Response of Stable Systems, Realization of Digital Filters – Direct, Canonic, Cascade and Parallel Forms.

UNIT – II

Discrete Fourier series: DFS Representation of Periodic Sequences, Properties of Discrete Fourier Series, Discrete Fourier Transforms: Properties of DFT, Linear Convolution of Sequences using DFT, Computation of DFT: Over-Lap Add Method, Over-Lap Save Method, Relation between DTFT, DFS, DFT and Z-Transform.

Fast Fourier Transforms: Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT) - Radix-2 Decimation-in-Time and Decimation-in-Frequency FFT Algorithms, Inverse FFT, and FFT with General Radix-N.

UNIT – III

IIR Digital Filters: Analog filter approximations – Butterworth and Chebyshev, Design of IIR Digital Filters from Analog Filters, Step and Impulse Invariant Techniques, Bilinear Transformation Method, Spectral Transformations.

UNIT – IV

FIR Digital Filters: Characteristics of FIR Digital Filters, Frequency Response, Design of FIR Filters: Fourier Method, Digital Filters using Window Techniques, Frequency Sampling Technique, Comparison of IIR & FIR filters.

UNIT – V

Multirate Digital Signal Processing: Introduction, Down Sampling, Decimation, Upsampling, Interpolation, Sampling Rate Conversion. **Finite Word Length Effects:** Limit cycles, Overflow Oscillations, Round-off Noise in IIR Digital Filters, Computational Output Round-off Noise, Methods to Prevent Overflow, Trade Off Between Round Off and Overflow Noise, Dead Band Effects.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications: John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, Pearson Education / PHI, 2007.
2. Discrete Time Signal Processing – A. V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, PHI, 2009
3. Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing – Loney Ludeman, John Wiley, 2009

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Digital Signal Processing – Fundamentals and Applications – Li Tan, Elsevier, 2008
2. Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB – Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris, Thomson, 2007
3. Digital Signal Processing – S.Salivahanan, A.Vallavaraj and C.Gnanapriya, TMH, 2009
4. Discrete Systems and Digital Signal Processing with MATLAB – Taan S. ElAli, CRC press, 2009.
5. *Digital Signal Processing - A Practical approach*, Emmanuel C. Ifeachor and Barrie W. Jervis, 2 Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
6. Digital Signal Processing - Nagoor Khani, TMG, 2012

Outcomes:

On completion of this subject, the student should be able to:

- Perform time, frequency and Z -transform analysis on signals and systems.
- Understand the inter-relationship between DFT and various transforms.
- Understand the significance of various filter structures and effects of roundoff errors.
- Design a digital filter for a given specifications. □ Understand the fast computation of DFT and appreciate the FFT processing.
- Understand the tradeoffs between normal and multi rate DSP techniques and finite length word effects.

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**Professional Elective-II
(R18EEE3221) Power Semiconductor Drives**

Objective:

This course is an extension of Power Electronics applications to AC and DC drives.

This course focuses on:

- To acquire the knowledge on Control of DC motor drives with single phase and three phase converters and choppers are given in detail.
- The control of AC motor drives with variable frequency converters and variable voltage are presented.

UNIT - I:

Control of DC Motors through Phase Controlled Rectifiers: Introduction to Thyristor controlled Drives, Single Phase semi and fully controlled converters connected to DC separately excited and DC series motors —continuous current operation — output voltage and current waveforms — Speed and Torque expressions — Speed — Torque Characteristics- Problems on Converter fed DC motors. Three phase semi and fully controlled converters connected to DC separately excited and DC series motors — output voltage and current waveforms — Speed and Torque expressions — Speed — Torque characteristics — Problems.

UNIT - II:

Four Quadrant Operation of DC Drives through Dual Converters: Introduction to Four quadrant operation — Motoring operations, Electric Braking — Plugging, Dynamic and Regenerative Braking operations. Four quadrant operation of DC motors by dual converters — Closed loop operation of DC motor (Block Diagram Only).

UNIT-III:

Control of DC Motors By Choppers (1-, 2-, 4- Quadrant Operations): Single quadrant, Two — quadrant and four quadrant chopper fed dc separately excited and series excited motors — Continuous current operation — Output voltage and current wave forms — Speed torque expressions — speed torque characteristics — Problems on Chopper fed DC Motors — Closed Loop operation (Block Diagram Only).

UNIT - IV:

Control of Induction Motors: Variable voltage characteristics: Control of Induction Motor by Ac Voltage Controllers — Waveforms — speed torque characteristics.

Variable frequency characteristics: Variable frequency control of induction motor by Voltage source and current source inverter and cyclo-converters PWM control — Comparison of VSI and CSI operations — Speed torque characteristics — numerical problems on induction motor drives — Closed loop operation of induction motor drives (Block Diagram Only).

Static rotor resistance control: Slip power recovery — Static Scherbius drive — Static Kramer Drive — their performance and speed torque characteristics — advantages applications — problems.

UNIT - V:

Control of Synchronous Motors: Separate control & self control of synchronous motors — Operation of self controlled synchronous motors by VSI and CSI cycloconverters. Load commutated CSI fed Synchronous Motor — Operation — Waveforms — speed torque characteristics — Applications — Advantages and Numerical Problems — Closed Loop control operation of synchronous motor drives (Block Diagram Only), variable frequency control, Cyclo converter, PWM, VFI, CSI.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Power Semiconductor Drives, PV Rao, BS Publications.
2. Fundamentals of Electric Drives, G K Dubey Narosa Publications

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Power Semiconductor Drives, S. B. Dewan, G. R. Slemon , A. Straughen, Wiley Pvt Ltd.
2. Electric Drives N. K. De, P. K. Sen, PHI Learning Private Ltd.
3. Thyristor Control of Electric drives, Vedam Subramanyam Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
4. Electrical machines and Drive Systems, John Hindmarsh, Alasdair Renfrew, Newnes.
5. Electric Motors and Drives, Fundamentals, Types and Applications Austin Hughes, Newnes.
6. Power Electronics and Variable Frequency Drives Technology and Applications, Bimal K. Bose, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
7. A First course on Electrical Drives, S K Pillai, New Age International (P) Ltd.
8. Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives, B.K.Bose, PHI.
9. Power Electronic Circuits, Devices and applications, M.H.Rashid, **PHI**.

Outcome:

- After going through this course the student gets a thorough knowledge on, steady-state analysis
- To understand the operation of control speed-torque characteristics and closed-loop operation of DC motors (separately excited shunt motor and series motor) through phase controlled rectifiers
- To analyze the operation and working of choppers
- To understand different types of quadratic operations such as single-quadrant two-quadrant and four- quadrant operations
- To understand the concept of braking reverse-motoring reverse
- To regenerative braking operations of DC motor's

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Professional Elective-II
(R18EEE3222) Wind and Solar Energy systems

Course Objectives:

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understanding the energy scenario and the consequent growth of the power generation from renewable energy sources.
- Understanding the basic physics of wind and solar power generation.
- Understanding the power electronic interfaces for wind and solar generation.
- Understanding the issues related to the grid-integration of solar and wind energy systems.

Unit - I: Physics of Wind Power: History of wind power, Indian and Global statistics, Wind physics, Betz limit, Tip speed ratio, stall and pitch control, Wind speed statistics-probability distributions, Wind speed and power-cumulative distribution functions.

Unit - II: Wind generator topologies: Review of modern wind turbine technologies, Fixed and Variable speed wind turbines, Induction Generators, Doubly-Fed Induction Generators and their characteristics, Permanent- Magnet Synchronous Generators, Power electronics converters. Generator-Converter configurations, Converter Control.

Unit - III: The Solar Resource: Introduction, solar radiation spectra, solar geometry, Earth Sun angles, observer Sun angles, solar day length, Estimation of solar energy availability.

Unit - IV: Solar photovoltaic: Technologies- Amorphous, monocrystalline, polycrystalline; V-I characteristics of a PV cell, PV module, array, Power Electronic Converters for Solar Systems, Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) algorithms. Converter Control.

Unit - V: Network Integration Issues: Overview of grid code technical requirements. Fault ride-through for wind farms - real and reactive power regulation, voltage and frequency operating limits, solar PV and wind farm behavior during grid disturbances. Power quality issues. Power system interconnection experiences in the world. Hybrid and isolated operations of solar PV and wind systems.

Solar thermal power generation: Technologies, Parabolic trough, central receivers, parabolic dish, Fresnel, solar pond, elementary analysis.

Text / References:

1. T. Ackermann, "Wind Power in Power Systems", John Wiley and Sons Ltd., 2005.
2. G. M. Masters, "Renewable and Efficient Electric Power Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2004.
3. S. P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage", McGraw Hill, 1984.
4. H. Siegfried and R. Waddington, "Grid integration of wind energy conversion systems" John Wiley and Sons Ltd., 2006.
5. G. N. Tiwari and M. K. Ghosal, "Renewable Energy Applications", Narosa Publications, 2004.
6. J. A. Duffie and W. A. Beckman, "Solar Engineering of Thermal Processes", John Wiley & Sons, 1991.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the energy scenario and the consequent growth of the power generation from renewable energy sources.
- Understand the basic physics of wind and solar power generation.
- Understand the power electronic interfaces for wind and solar generation.
- Understand the issues related to the grid-integration of solar and wind energy systems.

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(R18ECE2103) Signals and Systems

Objectives:

This is a core subject, basic knowledge of which is required by all the engineers.

This course focuses on:

- To get an in-depth knowledge about signals, systems and analysis of the same using various transforms.

UNIT-I:

Signal Analysis and Fourier Series

Signal Analysis: Analogy between Vectors and Signals, Orthogonal Signal Space, Signal approximation using Orthogonal functions, Mean Square Error, Closed or complete set of Orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in Complex functions, Exponential and Sinusoidal signals, Concepts of Impulse function, Unit Step function, Signum function.

Fourier Series: Representation of Fourier series, Continuous time periodic signals, Properties of Fourier Series, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier Series and Exponential Fourier Series, Complex Fourier spectrum.

UNIT-II:

Fourier Transforms and Sampling

Fourier Transforms: Deriving Fourier Transform from Fourier Series, Fourier Transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier Transform of standard signals, Fourier Transform of Periodic Signals, Properties of Fourier Transform, Fourier Transforms involving Impulse function and Signum function, Introduction to Hilbert Transform.

Sampling: Sampling theorem – Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, Types of Sampling - Impulse Sampling, Natural and Flat top Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, Effect of under sampling – Aliasing, Introduction to Band Pass sampling.

UNIT-III:

Signal Transmission Through Linear Systems: Linear System, Impulse response, Response of a Linear System, Linear Time Invariant (LTI) System, Linear Time Variant (LTV) System, Transfer function of a LTI system, Filter characteristics of Linear Systems, Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, System bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Paley-Wiener criterion for physical realization, Relationship between Bandwidth and Rise time.

UNIT-IV:

Convolution and Correlation of Signals: Concept of convolution in Time domain and Frequency domain, Graphical representation of Convolution, Convolution property of Fourier Transforms, Cross Correlation and Auto Correlation of functions, Properties of Correlation function, Energy density spectrum, Parseval's Theorem, Power density spectrum, Relation between Auto Correlation function and Energy/Power spectral density function, Relation between Convolution and Correlation, Detection of periodic signals in the presence of Noise by Correlation, Extraction of signal from noise by filtering.

UNIT-V:

Laplace Transforms and Z-Transforms

Laplace Transforms: Review of Laplace Transforms (L.T), Partial fraction expansion, Inverse Laplace Transform, Concept of Region of Convergence (ROC) for Laplace Transforms, Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Properties of L.T, Relation between L.T and F.T of a signal, Laplace Transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis.

Z-Transforms: Fundamental difference between Continuous and Discrete time signals, Discrete time signal representation using Complex exponential and Sinusoidal components, Periodicity of Discrete time signal using complex exponential signal, Concept of Z- Transform of a Discrete Sequence, Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z Transforms, Region of Convergence in Z-Transform, Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z-transform, Properties of Z-transforms.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Signals, Systems & Communications - B.P. Lathi, 2013, BSP.
2. Signals and Systems - A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawab, 2 Ed., PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Signals & Systems - Simon Haykin and Van Veen, Wiley, 2 Ed.
2. Signals and Signals – Iyer and K. Satya Prasad, Cengage Learning
3. Signals and Systems – A.Rama Krishna Rao – 2008, TMH.
4. Introduction to Signal and System Analysis – K.Gopalan 2009, Cengage Learning.
5. Fundamentals of Signals and Systems - Michel J. Robert, 2008, MGH International Edition.
6. Signals, Systems and Transforms - C. L. Philips, J.M.Parr and Eve A.Riskin, 3 Ed., 2004, PE.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completing this course the student will be able to:

- Represent any arbitrary signals in terms of complete sets of orthogonal functions and understands the principles of impulse functions, step function and signum function.
- Express periodic signals in terms of Fourier series and express the spectrum and express the arbitrary signal (discrete) as Fourier transform to draw the spectrum.
- Understands the principle of linear system, filter characteristics of a system and its bandwidth, the concepts of auto correlation and cross correlation and power Density Spectrum.
- Can design a system for sampling a signal.
- For a given system, response can be obtained using Laplace transform, properties and ROC of L.T.
- Study the continuous and discrete signal relation and relation between F.T., L.T. & Z.T, properties, ROC of Z Transform.

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(R18ECE3101) Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

Course Objective:

The course objectives are:

- To develop an in-depth understanding of the operation of microprocessors and microcontrollers, machine language programming & interfacing techniques.

UNIT -I: 8086 Architecture: 8086 Architecture-Functional diagram, Register Organization, Memory Segmentation, Programming Model, Memory addresses, Physical Memory Organization, Architecture of 8086, Signal descriptions of 8086- Common Function Signals, Timing diagrams, Interrupts of 8086.

UNIT -II: Instruction Set and Assembly Language Programming of 8086: Instruction formats, Addressing modes, Instruction Set, Assembler Directives, Macros, Simple Programs involving Logical, Branch and Call Instructions, Sorting, Evaluating Arithmetic Expressions, String Manipulations.

UNIT -III: I/O Interface: 8255 PPI, Various Modes of Operation and Interfacing to 8086, Interfacing Keyboard, Display, D/A and A/D Converter.

Interfacing with advanced devices: Memory Interfacing to 8086, Interrupt Structure of 8086, Vector Interrupt Table, Interrupt Service Routine.

Communication Interface: Serial Communication Standards, Serial Data Transfer Schemes, 8251 USART Architecture and Interfacing.

UNIT -IV: Introduction to Microcontrollers: Overview of 8051 Microcontroller, Architecture, I/O Ports, Memory Organization, Addressing Modes and Instruction set of 8051, Simple Programs

UNIT -V: 8051 Real Time Control: Programming Timer Interrupts, Programming External Hardware Interrupts, Programming the Serial Communication Interrupts, Programming 8051 Timers and Counters

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D. V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing, TMGH, 2nd Edition 2006.
2. Kenneth. J. Ayala, The 8051 Microcontroller , 3rd Ed., Cengage Learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – A. K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchandani, TMH, 2nd Edition 2006.
2. The 8051Microcontrollers, Architecture and Programming and Applications -K.Uma Rao, Andhe Pallavi, Pearson, 2009.
3. Micro Computer System 8086/8088 Family Architecture, Programming and Design - Liu and GA Gibson, PHI, 2nd Ed.
4. Microcontrollers and Application - Ajay. V. Deshmukh, TMGH, 2005.
5. The 8085 Microprocessor: Architecture, programming and Interfacing – K.Uday Kumar, B.S.Umashankar, 2008, Pearson

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course:

- The student will learn the internal organization of popular 8086/8051 microprocessors/microcontrollers.
- The student will learn hardware and software interaction and integration.
- The students will learn the design of microprocessors/microcontrollers-based systems.

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(R18EEE3201) Power System Protection

Objectives

This course deals with:-

- All varieties of Circuit Breakers and Relays for protection of Generators, Transformers and feeder bus bars from over voltages and other hazards.
- It emphasis on Neutral grounding for overall protection..

UNIT – I

Circuit Breakers: Circuit Breakers: Elementary principles of arc interruption, Recovery, Restriking Voltage and Recovery voltages.- Restriking Phenomenon, Average and Max. RRRV, Numerical Problems - Current Chopping and Resistance Switching - CB ratings and Specifications: Types and Numerical Problems. – Auto reclosures. Description and Operation of following types of circuit breakers: Minimum Oil Circuit breakers, Air Blast Circuit Breakers, Vacuum and SF6 circuit breakers.

UNIT – II

Electromagnetic and Static Relays: Principle of Operation and Construction of Attracted armature, Balanced Beam, induction Disc and Induction Cup relays. **Relays Classification:** Instantaneous, DMT and IDMT types. Application of relays: Over current/ under voltage relays, Direction relays, Differential Relays and Percentage Differential Relays. Universal torque equation. **Distance relays:** Impedance, Reactance and Mho and Off-Set Mho relays, Characteristics of Distance Relays and Comparison. **Static Relays:** Static Relays verses Electromagnetic Relays.

UNIT – III

Generator & Transformer Protection : Protection of generators: against Stator faults, Rotor faults, and Abnormal Conditions. Restricted Earth fault and Inter-turn fault Protection. Numerical Problems on % Winding Unprotected. **Protection of transformers:** Percentage Differential Protection, Numerical Problem on Design of CT s Ratio, Buchholtz relay Protection.

UNIT – IV

Feeder & Bus-Bar protection & Grounding: Protection of Lines: Over Current, Carrier Current and Three-zone distance relay protection using Impedance relays. Translay Relay. Protection of Bus bars – Differential protection. **Neutral Grounding:** Grounded and Ungrounded Neutral Systems. - Effects of Ungrounded Neutral on system performance. Methods of Neutral Grounding: Solid, Resistance, Reactance - Arcing Grounds and Grounding Practices.

UNIT – V

Protection Against Over Voltages: Generation of Over Voltages in Power Systems.-Protection against Lightning Over Voltages - Valve type and Zinco-xide Lighting Arresters - Insulation Coordination -BIL, Impulse Ratio, Standard Impulse Test Wave, Volt-Time Characteristics.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Switchgear and Protection, Sunil S Rao, Khanna Publlishers.
2. Protection and Switchgear, Bhavesh Bhalja, R. P. Mahesheari, Nilesh G. Chothani, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Electrical Power Systems, C.L.Wadhwa, New Age international (P) Limited, Publishers.
2. Power System Protection and Switchgear, Badari Ram, D.N Viswakarma, TMH Publications.
3. Electrical Power System Protection, C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, Springer International.
4. Electrical Power Systems, PSR. Murty, BS Publications.
5. Power system protection and switch gear by Bhuvanesh Oza, TMH,
6. A Text Book on Power System Engineering, M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar, A.Chakrabarthy, Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd.
7. A Textbook of Power System Engineering, R. K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited.
8. Principles of Power Systems, V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta S.Chand Company Pvt. Ltd.

Outcomes:

- The student gets a thorough knowledge on, various types of protective devices (circuit breakers, relays etc..) and their co-ordination, protection of generators,
- To understand the concept of protection of transformers, by using Buchholtz relay Protection
- Able to get knowledge about protection of feeders, bus-bars, through different types of protective devices
- To analyze the concept of overvoltage protection and lightning
- To understand the concept of earthing and grounding, with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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(R18EEE3202) Power System Operation and Control

Objectives

This subject deals with:-

- Economic operation of Power Systems, Hydrothermal scheduling and modeling of turbines, generators and automatic controllers.
- It emphasizes on single area and two area load frequency control and reactive power control.

UNIT – I

Economic Operation of Power Systems: Optimal operation of Generators in Thermal Power Stations, - heat rate Curve – Cost Curve – Incremental fuel and Production costs, input-output characteristics, Optimum generation allocation with line losses neglected. Optimum generation allocation including the effect of transmission line losses – Loss Coefficients, General transmission line loss formula.

UNIT – II

Hydrothermal Scheduling: Optimal scheduling of Hydrothermal System: Hydroelectric power plant models, scheduling problems-Short term hydrothermal scheduling problem.

UNIT – III

Modeling: Modeling of Turbine: First order Turbine model, Block Diagram representation of Steam Turbines and Approximate Linear Models.

Modeling of Governor: Mathematical Modeling of Speed Governing System – Derivation of small signal transfer function. **Modeling of Excitation System:** Fundamental Characteristics of an Excitation system, Transfer function, Block Diagram Representation of IEEE Type-1 Model.

UNIT – IV

Single Area & Two-Area Load Frequency Control : Necessity of keeping frequency constant. Definitions of Control area – Single area control – Block diagram representation of an isolated power system – Steady state analysis – Dynamic response – Uncontrolled case.

Load frequency control of 2-area system: Uncontrolled case and controlled case, tie-line bias control.

Load Frequency Controllers: Proportional plus Integral control of single area and its block diagram representation, steady state response – Load Frequency Control and Economic dispatch control.

UNIT – V

Reactive Power Control: Overview of Reactive Power control – Reactive Power compensation in transmission systems – advantages and disadvantages of different types of compensating equipment for transmission systems. Load compensation: Specifications of load compensator, Uncompensated and compensated transmission lines: shunt and Series Compensation. (Qualitative treatment)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Power Systems Analysis, operation and control, Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, BS Publications.
2. Power systems stability and control, Prabha Kundur, The McGraw – Hill companies.
3. Power System Analysis, C.L.Wadhwa, Newage International.
4. Modern Power System Analysis, I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
5. Power System Analysis and Design, J.Duncan Glover and M.S.Sarma, Cengage Learning.
6. Power System Analysis, Grainger and Stevenson, Tata McGraw Hill.

Outcomes:

- After going through this course the student gets a thorough knowledge on, economic operation of power systems, scheduling of hydro-thermal power plants,
- To understand the modeling of the power system components like turbine, governor and excitation systems, necessity of keeping the frequency of the power system constant
- To analyze the concept of load frequency control in single and two area systems,
- To understand the operation of load frequency controllers
- To get knowledge about reactive power control, uncompensated transmission line.
- To understand the compensation in transmission systems through shunt and series compensations, with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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(R18EEE32L1) Power System Lab

Course Objectives:

- Perform testing of CT, PT's and Insulator strings
- To find sequence impedances of 3- Φ synchronous machine and Transformer
- To perform fault analysis on Transmission line models and Generators.

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

Part - A

1. Characteristics of IDMT Over Current Relay.
2. Differential protection of 1- Φ transformer.
3. Characteristics of Micro Processor based Over Voltage/Under Voltage relay.
4. Testing of CT, PT's and Insulator strings.
5. Finding the sequence impedances of 3- Φ synchronous machine.
6. Finding the sequence impedances of 3- Φ Transformer. In addition to the above six experiments, at least any four of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted.

Part - B

1. Formation of YBUS.
2. Load Flow Analysis using Gauss Seidal (GS) Method.
3. Load Flow Analysis using Fast Decoupled (FD) Method.
4. Formation of ZBUS.
5. LG, LL and 3- Φ fault analysis of 3- Φ synchronous machine.
6. Power circle diagrams of a 3- Φ transmission line model.
7. ABCD constants and Regulation of a 3- Φ transmission line model.
8. Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point method.

Reference Books:

1. C.L. Wadhwa: Electrical Power Systems –Third Edition, New Age International Pub. Co., 2001.
2. Hadi Sadat: Power System Analysis –Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. 2002.
3. D. P. Kothari: Modern Power System Analysis-Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. 2003.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this lab, the student will be able to

- Perform various load flow techniques
- Understand Different protection methods
- Analyze the experimental data and draw the conclusions.

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(R18ECE31L1) Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab

Note:

Minimum of 12 experiments are to be conducted.

The Following programs/experiments are to be written for assembler and to be executed the same with 8086 and 8051 kits.

List of Experiments:

- 1 Programs for 16 bit arithmetic operations for 8086 (using Various Addressing Modes).
- 2 Program for sorting an array for 8086.
- 3 Program for searching for a number or character in a string for 8086.
- 4 Program for string manipulations for 8086.
- 5 Program for digital clock design using 8086.
- 6 Interfacing ADC and DAC to 8086.
- 7 Parallel communication between two microprocessors using 8255.
- 8 Serial communication between two microprocessor kits using 8251.
- 9 Interfacing to 8086 and programming to control stepper motor.
- 10 Programming using arithmetic, logical and bit manipulation instructions of 8051.
- 11 Program and verify Timer/ Counter in 8051.
- 12 Program and verify Interrupt handling in 8051
- 13 UART Operation in 8051.
- 14 Communication between 8051 kit and PC.
- 15 Interfacing LCD to 8051.
- 16 Interfacing Matrix/ Keyboard to 8051.
- 17 Data Transfer from Peripheral to Memory through DMA controller 8237 / 8257.

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(R18ECE32L4) Signals and Systems Lab

Note:

- All the experiments are to be simulated using MATLAB or equivalent software
- Minimum of 15 experiment are to be completed

List of Experiments:

1. Basic Operations on Matrices.
2. Generation of Various Signals and Sequences (Periodic and Aperiodic), such as Unit Impulse, Unit Step, Square, Saw tooth, Triangular, Sinusoidal, Ramp, Sinc.
3. Operations on Signals and Sequences such as Addition, Multiplication, Scaling, Shifting, Folding, Computation of Energy and Average Power.
4. Finding the Even and Odd parts of Signal/Sequence and Real and Imaginary parts of Signal.
5. Convolution between Signals and sequences.
6. Auto Correlation and Cross Correlation between Signals and Sequences.
7. Verification of Linearity and Time Invariance Properties of a given Continuous / Discrete System.
8. Computation of Unit sample, Unit step and Sinusoidal responses of the given LTI system and verifying its physical realizability and stability properties.
9. Gibbs Phenomenon
10. Finding the Fourier Transform of a given signal and plotting its magnitude and phase spectrum.
11. Waveform Synthesis using Laplace Transform.
12. Locating the Zeros and Poles and plotting the Pole-Zero maps in S-plane and ZPlane for the given transfer function.
13. Generation of Gaussian noise (Real and Complex), Computation of its mean, M.S.Value and its Skew, Kurtosis, and PSD, Probability Distribution Function.
14. Sampling Theorem Verification.
15. Removal of noise by Autocorrelation / Cross correlation.
16. Extraction of Periodic Signal masked by noise using Correlation.
17. Verification of Weiner-Khinchine Relations.
18. Checking a Random Process for Stationarity in Wide sense.

Outcomes:

Upon completion of the Course, students will be able to:

- Interpret any signal in terms of complete sets of orthogonal functions and understands the principles of basic signals
- Sketch Fourier spectrum by using Fourier series and Fourier transforms.
- Apply sampling theorem to reconstruct signal from its samples.
- Design a distortion less LTI system and derive filter characteristics of a system.
- Determine convolution, correlation in time domain and frequency domain.
- Analyze Laplace Transforms, Fourier Transforms and Z-Transforms.

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	0
(R18MAC3200) MOOCs-II					

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-III
(R18EEE4131) Digital Control systems**

Objectives

This course gives

- To understand the fundamentals digital control systems, z-transforms,
- Analysis of state space representation of the control systems,
- To understand the concepts of controllability and observability, estimation of stability in different domains, design of discrete time control systems, compensators, state feedback controllers, state observers through various transformations.

UNIT – I

Introduction : Introduction, Examples of Data control systems – Digital to Analog conversion and Analog to Digital conversion, sample and hold operations.

Z – TRANSFORMS: Introduction, Linear difference equations, pulse response, Z – transforms, Theorems of Z – Transforms, the inverse Z – transforms, Modified Z- Transforms. Z-Transform method for solving difference equations; Pulse transforms function, block diagram analysis of sampled – data systems, mapping between s-plane and z-plane.

UNIT – II

State Space Analysis: State Space Representation of discrete time systems, Pulse Transfer Function Matrix solving discrete time state space equations, State transition matrix and its Properties, Methods for Computation of State Transition Matrix, Discretization of continuous time state – space equations. Concepts of Controllability and Observability, Tests for controllability and Observability. Duality between Controllability and Observability, Controllability and Observability conditions for Pulse Transfer Function.

UNIT – III

Stability Analysis: Mapping between the S-Plane and the Z-Plane – Primary strips and Complementary Strips – Constant frequency loci, Constant damping ratio loci, Stability Analysis of closed loop systems in the Z-Plane. Jury stability test – Stability Analysis by use of the Bilinear Transformation and Routh Stability criterion.

UNIT – IV

Design of Discrete Time Control System : Transient and steady – State response Analysis – Design based on the frequency response method – Bilinear Transformation and Design procedure in the w-plane, Lead, Lag and Lead-Lag compensators and digital PID controllers.

UNIT – V

State Feedback Controllers & Observers: Design of state feedback controller through pole placement – Necessary and sufficient conditions, Ackerman’s formula. State Observers – Full order and Reduced order observers.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Discrete-Time Control systems - K. Ogata, Pearson Education/PHI, 2 Edition.
2. Digital Control Systems , V. I. George, C. P. Kurian, Cengage Learning

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Digital Control Systems, Kuo, Oxford University Press, 2 Edition, 2003. Digital Control and State Variable Methods by M.Gopal, TMH .
2. Digital Control Engineering Analysis and Design M. Sami Fadali Antonio Visioli, AP Academic Press.

Outcomes:

After going through this course the student gets a thorough

- Knowledge on basics of digital control systems, z-transforms, mapping between S-plane and Z-plane.
- To analyze state-space analysis State transition matrix and its Properties.
- Concept of controllability and observability, derivation of pulse-transfer function.
- Stability analysis in S-domain and Z domains, stability through jury-stability test, stability through bilinear transformation and R-H criteria.
- Design of discrete-time control systems, design of lag, lead, lead-lag compensators, and design of PID controllers.
- Design of state feedback controllers and observers, with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-III
(R18EEE4132) Optimization Techniques**

This course deals with

- Understanding the various optimization techniques i.e classical, linear programming, transportation problem,
- Understanding the simplex algorithm, dynamic programming, constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques.
- Analyzing the problems and optimizing an electrical and electronic engineering circuits design problems in real world situations.

UNIT – I

Introduction & Classical Optimization Techniques: Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints. Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

UNIT – II

Linear Programming: Standard form of a linear programming problem –geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

UNIT – III

Transportation Problem & Unconstrained Optimization: Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel’s approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.

One – dimensional minimization methods: Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method. Univariate method, Powell’s method and steepest descent method.

UNIT – IV

Constrained Nonlinear Programming: Characteristics of a constrained problem, Classification, Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods. Introduction to convex Programming Problem.

UNIT – V

Dynamic Programming: Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering optimization: Theory and practice”, S. S.Rao, New Age International (P) Limited.
2. Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis, K.V. Mittal and C. Mohan, New Age International (P) Limited.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operations Research, Dr. S.D.Sharma.
2. Introductory Operations Research, H.S. Kasene & K.D. Kumar, Springer (India), Pvt .LTd.
3. Operations Research: An Introduction, H.A.Taha, Pearson Pvt. Ltd.
4. Operations Research, Richard Bronson, Govindasami Naadimuthu, Tata Mc Graw – Hill Company Limited.

Outcomes:

After going through this course the student gets a thorough

- Describe clearly a problem, identify its parts and analyze the individual functions
- Knowledge on Optimization of electrical and electronics engineering problems through classical optimization techniques.
- To understand the linear programming, simplex algorithm.
- Discuss the Transportation problem, unconstrained optimization.
- To analyze the constrained non-linear programming.
- Identify the Dynamic programming with which he/she can able to apply the above conceptual things to real-world electrical and electronics problems and applications.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-III
(R18EEE4133) Electrical and Hybrid Vehicles**

Course Objectives:

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understanding the models to describe hybrid vehicles and their performance.
- Understanding the different possible ways of energy storage.
- Understanding the different strategies related to energy storage systems.

Unit – I : Introduction :

Conventional Vehicles: Basics of vehicle performance, vehicle power source characterization, transmission characteristics, mathematical models to describe vehicle performance.

Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles: History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.

Unit - II:Hybrid Electric Drive-trains:

Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

Unit - III: Electric Trains

Electric Drive-trains: Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drivetrain topologies, power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

Electric Propulsion unit: Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives, configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive system efficiency.

Unit – IV: Energy Storage

Energy Storage: Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices. Sizing the drive system: Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine (ICE), Sizing the propulsion motor, sizing the power electronics, selecting the energy storage technology, Communications, supporting subsystems

Unit - V: Energy Management Strategies

Energy Management Strategies: Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid and electric vehicles, classification of different energy management strategies, comparison of different energy management strategies, implementation issues of energy management strategies. Case Studies: Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV), Design of a Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).

Text / References:

1. C. Mi, M. A. Masrur and D. W. Gao, “Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Principles and Applications with Practical Perspectives”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. S. Onori, L. Serrao and G. Rizzoni, “Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies”, Springer, 2015.

3. M. Ehsani, Y. Gao, S. E. Gay and A. Emadi, “Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory, and Design”, CRC Press, 2004.
4. T. Denton, “Electric and Hybrid Vehicles”, Routledge, 2016.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the different strategies related to energy storage systems.
- Understand working of different configurations of electric vehicles
- Understand hybrid vehicle configuration and its components, performance analysis
- Understand the properties of batteries and its types
- Understand of electric vehicle drive systems
- Understand of hybrid electric vehicles.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L T P C
3 0 0 3

**Professional Elective-IV
(R18EEE4141) HVDC Transmission**

Objective :

This subject deals with

- Understanding the importance of HVDC transmission,
- Analysis of HVDC converters, Faults and protections, Harmonics and Filters.
- It also deals with Reactive power control and Power factor improvements of the system.

UNIT – I : BASIC CONCEPTS

Economics & Terminal equipment of HVDC transmission systems: Types of HVDC Links – Apparatus required for HVDC Systems – Comparison of AC & DC Transmission, Application of DC Transmission System – Planning & Modern trends in D.C. Transmission.

ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS

Choice of Converter configuration – analysis of Graetz – characteristics of 6 Pulse & 12 Pulse converters – Cases of two 3 phase converters in star – star mode – their performance.

UNIT – II CONVERTER & HVDC SYSTEM CONTROL

Principal of DC Link Control – Converters Control Characteristics – Firing angle control – Current and extinction angle control – Effect of source inductance on the system; Starting and stopping of DC link; Power Control.

REACTIVE POWER CONTROL IN HVDC

Reactive Power Requirements in steady state-Conventional control strategies-Alternate control strategies-sources of reactive power-AC Filters – shunt capacitors-synchronous condensers.

UNIT –III POWER FLOW ANALYSIS IN AC/DC SYSTEMS

Modelling of DC Links-DC Network-DC Converter-Controller Equations-Solution of DC loadflow – P.U. System for d.c. quantities-solution of AC-DC Power flow-Simultaneous method-Sequential method.

UNIT- IV CONVERTER FAULT & PROTECTION

Converter faults – protection against over current and over voltage in converter station – surge arresters – smoothing reactors – DC breakers –Audible noise-space charge field-corona effects on DC lines- Radio interference.

UNIT – V HARMONICS

Generation of Harmonics –Characteristics harmonics,calculation of AC Harmonics,Non-Characteristics harmonics, adverse effects of harmonics – Calculation of voltage & Current harmonics – Effect of Pulse number on harmonics

FILTERS

Types of AC filters,Design of Single tuned filters –Design of High pass filters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. HVDC Power Transmission Systems: Technology and system Interactions – by K.R.Padiyar, New Age International (P) Limited, and Publishers.
2. EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engineering and Practice – S.Rao.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. HVDC Transmission – J.Arrillaga.
2. Direct Current Transmission – by E.W.Kimbark, John Wiley & Sons.
3. Power Transmission by Direct Current – by E.Uhlmann, B.S.Publications.

Outcomes

- Understand the importance of Transmission power through HVDC.
- Analyse the HVDC Converter operation.
- Discuss firing angle control of 6 pulse,12 pulse circuits.
- Discuss harmonics in HVDC.
- Identify the importance of filters for HVDC system.
- Analyse the impact of AC system faults on DC system operation.
- Identify the need for proper grounding for HVDC operation.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-IV
(R18EEE4142) Power System Reliability**

Objectives

- To understand the language of power system reliability analysis.
- To develop analytical models for power system reliability analysis.
- Implement and use algorithms for power system reliability analysis

UNIT-I: Generating System Reliability Analysis – I

Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal – Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices – Examples.

UNIT-II: Generating System Reliability Analysis – II

Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and non-identical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of nonidentical generating units – 2- level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

UNIT-III: Operating Reserve Evaluation

Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units – Modelling using STPM approach.

Bulk Power System Reliability Evaluation: Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.

UNIT-IV: Inter Connected System Reliability Analysis

Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

Distribution System Reliability Analysis – I (Radial configuration):

Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – load point and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy oriented indices – Examples.

UNIT-V: Distribution System Reliability Analysis – II (Parallel Configuration)

Basic techniques – inclusion of bus bar failures, scheduled maintenance – temporary and transient failures – weather effects – common mode failures –Evaluation of various indices – Examples

Substations and Switching Stations:

Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Reliability Evaluation of Power Systems by Roy Billinton and Ronald N. Allan, Plenum press, New York and London (Second Edition), 1996.
2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons

Outcomes:

- Understand the importance of maintaining reliability of power system components.
- Apply the probabilistic methods for evaluating the reliability of generation and transmission systems.
- Assess the different models of system components in reliability studies.
- Analysis and Distribution System Reliability Analysis – I (Radial configuration).
- Analyze the Distribution System Reliability Analysis – II (Parallel Configuration).
- Understand the Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L T P C
3 0 0 3

**Professional Elective-IV
(R18EEE4143) Industrial Electrical Systems**

Course Objectives:

- Understanding the skills and knowledge necessary to successfully carry out basic service and maintenance of Industrial Electrical Systems in a safe and environmentally sound manner.

Unit - I: Electrical System Components

LT system wiring components, selection of cables, wires, switches, distribution box, metering system, Tariff structure, protection components- Fuse, MCB, MCCB, ELCB, inverse current characteristics, symbols, single line diagram (SLD) of a wiring system, Contactor, Isolator, Relays, MPCB, Electric shock and Electrical safety practices

Unit - II: Residential and Commercial Electrical Systems

Types of residential and commercial wiring systems, general rules and guidelines for installation, load calculation and sizing of wire, rating of main switch, distribution board and protection devices, earthing system calculations, requirements of commercial installation, deciding lighting scheme and number of lamps, earthing of commercial installation, selection and sizing of components.

Unit - III: Illumination Systems

Understanding various terms regarding light, lumen, intensity, candle power, lamp efficiency, specific consumption, glare, space to height ratio, waste light factor, depreciation factor, various illumination schemes, Incandescent lamps and modern luminaries like CFL, LED and their operation, energy saving in illumination systems, design of a lighting scheme for a residential and commercial premises, flood lighting.

Unit - IV: Industrial Electrical Systems I

HT connection, industrial substation, Transformer selection, Industrial loads, motors, starting of motors, SLD, Cable and Switchgear selection, Lightning Protection, Earthing design, Power factor correction – kVAR calculations, type of compensation, Introduction to PCC, MCC panels. Specifications of LT Breakers, MCB and other LT panel components.

Unit - V: Industrial Electrical Systems II

DG Systems, UPS System, Electrical Systems for the elevators, Battery banks, Sizing the DG, UPS and Battery Banks, Selection of UPS and Battery Banks.

Industrial Electrical System Automation : Study of basic PLC, Role of in automation, advantages of process automation, PLC based control system design, Panel Metering and Introduction to SCADA system for distribution automation.

Text/Reference Books

1. S. L. Uppal and G. C. Garg, “Electrical Wiring, Estimating & Costing”, Khanna publishers, 2008.
2. K. B. Raina, “Electrical Design, Estimating & Costing”, New age International, 2007.
3. S. Singh and R. D. Singh, “Electrical estimating and costing”, Dhanpat Rai and Co., 1997.
4. Web site for IS Standards.
5. H. Joshi, “Residential Commercial and Industrial Systems”, McGraw Hill Education, 2008.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the electrical wiring systems for residential, commercial and industrial consumers, representing the systems with standard symbols and drawings, SLD.
- Understand various components of industrial electrical systems.
- Analyze and select the proper size of various electrical system components.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18MBA4101) Fundamentals of Management for Engineers

Course Objective: To understand the Management Concepts, applications of Concepts in Practical aspects of business and development of Managerial Skills.

Course Outcome: The students understand the significance of Management in their Profession. The various Management Functions like Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Leading, Motivation and Control aspects are learnt in this course. The students can explore the Management Practices in their domain area.

UNIT–I: Introduction to Management: Definition, Nature and Scope, Functions, Managerial Roles, Levels of Management, Managerial Skills, Challenges of Management; Evolution of Management- Classical Approach- Scientific and Administrative Management; The Behavioral approach; The Quantitative approach; The Systems Approach; Contingency Approach, IT Approach.

UNIT–II: Planning and Decision Making: General Framework for Planning – Planning Process, Types of Plans, Management by Objectives; Development of Business Strategy. Decision making and Problem Solving – Programmed and Non Programmed Decisions, Steps in Problem Solving and Decision Making; Bounded Rationality and Influences on Decision Making; Group Problem Solving and Decision Making, Creativity and Innovation in Managerial Work.

UNIT–III: Organization and HRM: Principles of Organization: Organizational Design & Organizational Structures; Departmentalization, Delegation; Empowerment, Centralization, Decentralization, Recentralization; Organizational Culture; Organizational Climate and Organizational Change. Human Resource Management & Business Strategy: Talent Management, Talent Management Models and Strategic Human Resource Planning; Recruitment and Selection; Training and Development; Performance Appraisal.

UNIT–IV: Leading and Motivation: Leadership, Power and Authority, Leadership Styles; Behavioral Leadership, Situational Leadership, Leadership Skills, Leader as Mentor and Coach, Leadership during adversity and Crisis; Handling Employee and Customer Complaints, Team Leadership. Motivation – Types of Motivation; Relationship between Motivation, Performance and Engagement, Content Motivational Theories – Needs Hierarchy Theory, Two Factor Theory, Theory X and Theory Y.

UNIT–V: Controlling: Control, Types and Strategies for Control, Steps in Control Process, Budgetary and Non- Budgetary Controls. Characteristics of Effective Controls, Establishing control systems, Control frequency and Methods.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Management Fundamentals, Robert N Lussier, 5e, Cengage Learning, 2013.
- Fundamentals of Management, Stephen P. Robbins, Pearson Education, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- Essentials of Management, Koontz Kleihrich, Tata Mc – Graw Hill.
- Management Essentials, Andrew DuBrin, 9e, Cengage Learning, 2012.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
1	0	4	3

(R18EEE41L1) Electrical & Electronics Design Lab

Course Objectives:

- To illustrate the design, application, and limitations of electronic circuits by laboratory experience. To study the engineering design of a commercial electronic system.
1. Basic concepts on measurements;
 2. Noise in electronic systems;
 3. Sensors and signal conditioning circuits;
 4. Introduction to electronic instrumentation and PC based data acquisition;
 5. Electronic system design, Analog system design,
 6. Interfacing of analog and digital systems,
 7. Embedded systems, Electronic system design employing microcontrollers,
 8. CPLDs, and FPGAs, PCB design and layout;
 9. System assembly considerations.
 10. Group projects involving electronic hardware (Analog, Digital, mixed signal) leading to implementation of an application.

Text/Reference Books

1. A. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, “Microelectronic circuits”, Oxford University Press, 2007.
2. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, “The Art of Electronics”, Cambridge University Press, 1997.
3. H.W.Ott, “Noise Reduction Techniques in Electronic Systems”, Wiley, 1989.
4. W.C. Bosshart, “Printed Circuit Boards: Design and Technology”, Tata McGraw Hill,1983.
5. G.L. Ginsberg, “Printed Circuit Design”, McGraw Hill, 1991.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the practical issues related to practical implementation of applications using electronic circuits.
- Choose appropriate components, software and hardware platforms.
- Design a Printed Circuit Board, get it made and populate/solder it with components.
- Work as a team with other students to implement an application.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester	L	T	P	C
	0	0	2	1
(R18EEE41L2) Technical Seminar				

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester	L	T	P	C
	0	0	6	3
(R18EEE41P2) Comprehensive Viva-voce				

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester	L	T	P	C
	0	0	4	2
(R18EEE41P1) Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship				

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-V
(R18EEE4251) Power Quality & FACTS**

Objectives:

- Understanding the operation principles of Power Quality terminology related Conditioning
- Understanding Power quality and to have an adequate knowledge in Radio interference techniques for Radio interference and supply

Unit - I: Transmission Lines and Series/Shunt Reactive Power Compensation

Basics of AC Transmission. Analysis of uncompensated AC transmission lines. Passive Reactive Power Compensation. Shunt and series compensation at the mid-point of an AC line. Comparison of Series and Shunt Compensation.

Thyristor-based Flexible AC Transmission Controllers (FACTS) : Description and Characteristics of Thyristor-based FACTS devices: Static VAR Compensator (SVC), Thyristor Controlled Series Capacitor (TCSC), Thyristor Controlled Braking Resistor and Single Pole Single Throw (SPST) Switch. Configurations/Modes of Operation, Harmonics and control of SVC and TCSC. Fault Current Limiter.

Unit - II: Voltage Source Converter based (FACTS) controllers

Voltage Source Converters (VSC): Six Pulse VSC, Multi-pulse and Multi-level Converters, Pulse-Width Modulation for VSCs. Selective Harmonic Elimination, Sinusoidal PWM and Space Vector Modulation. STATCOM: Principle of Operation, Reactive Power Control: Type I and Type II controllers, Static Synchronous Series Compensator (SSSC) and Unified Power Flow Controller (UPFC): Principle of Operation and Control. Working principle of Interphase Power Flow Controller. Other Devices: GTO Controlled Series Compensator. Fault Current Limiter.

Unit - III: Application of FACTS (4 hours)

Application of FACTS devices for power-flow control and stability improvement. Simulation example of power swing damping in a single-machine infinite bus system using a TCSC. Simulation example of voltage regulation of transmission mid-point voltage using a STATCOM.

Unit - IV: Power Quality Problems in Distribution Systems (4 hours)

Power Quality problems in distribution systems: Transient and Steady state variations in voltage and frequency. Unbalance, Sags, Swells, Interruptions, Wave-form Distortions: harmonics, noise, notching, dc-offsets, fluctuations. Flicker and its measurement. Tolerance of Equipment: CBEMA curve.

Unit - V: DSTATCOM (8 hours)

Reactive Power Compensation, Harmonics and Unbalance mitigation in Distribution Systems using DSTATCOM and Shunt Active Filters. Synchronous Reference Frame Extraction of Reference Currents. Current Control Techniques in for DSTATCOM.

Dynamic Voltage Restorer and Unified Power Quality Conditioner : Voltage Sag/Swell mitigation: Dynamic Voltage Restorer – Working Principle and Control Strategies. Series Active Filtering. Unified Power Quality Conditioner (UPQC): Working Principle. Capabilities and Control Strategies.

Text/References

1. N. G. Hingorani and L. Gyugyi, "Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of FACTS Systems", Wiley-IEEE Press, 1999.
2. K. R. Padiyar, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution", New Age International (P) Ltd. 2007.
3. T. J. E. Miller, "Reactive Power Control in Electric Systems", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1983.
4. R. C. Dugan, "Electrical Power Systems Quality", McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
5. G. T. Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", Stars in a Circle Publications, 1991

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the characteristics of ac transmission and the effect of shunt and series reactive compensation.
- Understand the working principles of FACTS devices and their operating characteristics.
- Understand the basic concepts of power quality.
- Understand the working principles of devices to improve power quality.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Professional Elective-V
(R18EEE4252) Control System Design**

Objectives:

- To make students understand the concept of state –space analysis, to design the compensator in time and frequency domain, to design the PID compensator.

Unit – I: Design Specifications

Introduction to design problem and philosophy. Introduction to time domain and frequency domain design specification and its physical relevance. Effect of gain on transient and steady state response. Effect of addition of pole on system performance. Effect of addition of zero on system response.

Unit – II : Design of Classical Control System in the time domain

Introduction to compensator. Design of Lag, lead lag-lead compensator in time domain. Feedback and Feed forward compensator design. Feedback compensation. Realization of compensators.

Unit - III: Design of Classical Control System in frequency domain

Compensator design in frequency domain to improve steady state and transient response. Feedback and Feed forward compensator design using bode diagram.

Design of PID controllers

Design of P, PI, PD and PID controllers in time domain and frequency domain for first, second and third order systems. Control loop with auxiliary feedback – Feed forward control.

Unit - IV: Control System Design in state space

Review of state space representation. Concept of controllability & observability, effect of pole zero cancellation on the controllability & observability of the system, pole placement design through state feedback. Ackerman's Formula for feedback gain design. Design of Observer. Reduced order observer. Separation Principle.

Unit - V: Nonlinearities and its effect on system performance

Various types of non-linearities. Effect of various non-linearities on system performance. Singular points. Phase plot analysis.

Text and Reference Books :

1. N. Nise, "Control system Engineering", John Wiley, 2000.
2. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, "Control system engineering", Wiley, 2000.
3. M. Gopal, "Digital Control Engineering", Wiley Eastern, 1988.
4. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall, 2010.
5. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control system", Prentice Hall, 1995.
6. J. J. D'Azzo and C. H. Houpis, "Linear control system analysis and design (conventional and modern)", McGraw Hill, 1995.
7. R. T. Stefani and G. H. Hostetter, "Design of feedback Control Systems", Saunders College Pub, 1994.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand various design specifications.
- Design controllers to satisfy the desired design specifications using simple controller structures (P, PI, PID, compensators).
- Design controllers using the state-space approach.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Professional Elective-V
(R18CSE4265) AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering

Course Objectives:

- To locate soft commanding methodologies, such as artificial neural networks, Fuzzy logic and genetic Algorithms.
- To observe the concepts of feed forward neural networks and about feedback neural networks.
- To practice the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and comprehensive knowledge of fuzzy logic control and to design the fuzzy control
- To analyze genetic algorithm, genetic operations and genetic mutations.

Unit-I: Artificial Neural Networks Introduction-Models of Neural Network - Architectures – Knowledge representation – Artificial Intelligence and Neural networks – Learning process – Error correction learning – Hebbian learning – Competitive learning – Boltzman learning – Supervised learning – Unsupervised learning – Reinforcement learning - learning tasks.

Unit- II: ANN Paradigms Multi – layer perceptron using Back propagation Algorithm-Self – organizing Map – Radial Basis Function Network – Functional link, network – Hopfield Network.

Unit – III: Fuzzy Logic Introduction – Fuzzy versus crisp – Fuzzy sets - Membership function – Basic Fuzzy set operations – Properties of Fuzzy sets – Fuzzy cartesian Product – Operations on Fuzzy relations – Fuzzy logic – Fuzzy Quantifiers - Fuzzy Inference - Fuzzy Rule based system - Defuzzification methods.

Unit – IV: Genetic Algorithms Introduction-Encoding – Fitness Function-Reproduction operators - Genetic Modeling – Genetic operators - Crossover - Single-site crossover – Two-point crossover – Multi point crossover-Uniform crossover – Matrix crossover - Crossover Rate - Inversion & Deletion – Mutation operator –Mutation – Mutation Rate-Bit-wise operators-Generational cycleconvergence of Genetic Algorithm.

Unit-V: Applications of AI Techniques Load forecasting – Load flow studies – Economic load dispatch – Load frequency control – Single area system and two area system – Small Signal Stability (Dynamic stability) Reactive power control – speed control of DC and AC Motors.

Text Books:

1. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, “Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms”- PHI, New Delhi, 2003.

References:

1. P.D.Wasserman, Van Nostrand Reinhold, ”Neural Computing Theory & Practice”, New York, 1989.
2. Bart Kosko, “Neural Network & Fuzzy System”, Prentice Hall, 1992.
3. G.J.Klir and T.A.Folger, “Fuzzy sets, Uncertainty and Information”, PHI, Pvt.Ltd, 1994.
4. D.E.Goldberg, “Genetic Algorithms”, Addison Wesley 1999.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Understand feed forward neural networks, feedback neural networks and learning techniques.
- Understand fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory.
- Develop fuzzy logic control for applications in electrical engineering
- Develop genetic algorithms for applications in electrical engineering.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester

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**Professional Elective-VI
(R18EEE4261) Smart Grid Technologies**

Course Objectives:

- To group various aspects of the smart grid,
- To define smart grid design to meet the needs of a utility
- To select issues and challenges that remain to be solved
- To analyze basics of electricity, electricity generation, economics of supply and demand, and the various aspects of electricity market operations in both regulated and deregulated environment.

Unit-I: Introduction Introduction to smart grid - Electricity network - Local energy networks- Electric transportation - Low carbon central generation - Attributes of the smart grid - Alternate views of a smart grid.

Smart Grid To Evolve A Perfect Power System: Introduction- Overview of the perfect power system configurations- Device level power system- Building integrated power systems- Distributed power systems- Fully integrated power system-Nodes of innovation.

Unit-II: DC Distribution And Smart Grid AC Vs DC sources-Benefits of and drives of DC power delivery systems - Powering equipment and appliances with DC-Data centers and information technology loads - Future neighborhood-Potential future work and research.

Intelligent Architecture for the Smart Grid: Introduction- Launching intelligent grid - intelligent grid today - Smart grid vision based on the intelligent grid architecture Barriers and enabling technologies.

Unit-III: Dynamic Energy Systems Concept Smart energy efficient end use devices-Smart distributed energy resources - Advanced whole building control systems- Integrated communications architecture - Energy management-Role of technology in demand response- Current limitations to dynamic energy management-Distributed energy resources-Overview of a dynamic energy management-Key characteristics of smart devices- Key characteristics of advanced whole building control systems-Key characteristics of dynamic energy management system.

Unit-IV: Energy Port as Part of the Smart Grid: Concept of energy - Port, generic features of the energy port.

Policies and Programs to Encourage End – Use Energy Efficiency: Policies and programs in action - multinational - national-state-city and corporate levels.

Market Implementation: Framework-factors influencing customer acceptance and response - program planning - monitoring and evaluation.

Unit-V: Efficient Electric End-Use Technology Alternatives Existing technologies – lighting - Space conditioning - Indoor air quality - Domestic water heating - hyper efficient appliances - Ductless residential heat pumps and air conditioners - Variable refrigerant flow air conditioning-Heat pump water heating - Hyper efficient residential appliances - Data center energy efficiency- LED street and area lighting - Industrial motors and drives - Equipment retrofit and replacement - Process heating - Cogeneration, Thermal energy storage - Industrial energy management programs - Manufacturing process-Electro-technologies, Residential, Commercial and industrial sectors.

Text Books:

1. Clark W Gellings, “The Smart Grid, Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Response”- CRC Press, 2009.
2. Jean Claude Sabonnadière, Nouredine Hadjsaïd, “Smart Grids”, Wiley-ISTE, IEEE Press, May 2012

References:

1. Janaka Ekanayake, Kithsiri Liyanage, Jianzhong.Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, Nick Jenkins, “Smart Grid: Technology and Applications”- Wiley, 2012.
2. James Momoh, “Smart Grid: Fundamentals of Design and Analysis” - Wiley, IEEE Press, 2012

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Analyze the structure of an electricity market in either regulated or deregulated market conditions.
- Know the advantages of DC distribution and developing technologies in distribution
- Discriminate the trade-offs between economics and reliability of an electric power system.
- Differentiate various investment options (e.g. generation capacities, transmission, renewable, demand-side resources, etc) in electricity markets.
- Analyze the developments of smart and intelligent domestic systems.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester

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**Professional Elective-VI
(R18EEE4262) Electrical Distribution Systems**

Objectives

This course gives

- The complete knowledge of electrical distribution systems, the design of feeders, substations.
- Understanding the conceptual knowledge on how to determine the performance of a distribution system through its important parameters.
- It specifies how to improve the voltage profiles and power factor of the system to better value using various voltage control and compensation techniques.

UNIT – I

Introduction & General Concepts: Introduction to distribution systems: Load modeling and characteristics. Coincidence factor, contribution factor loss factor - Relationship between the load factor and loss factor.

Classification of loads: Residential, commercial, Agricultural and Industrial loads and their characteristics.

UNIT – II

Distribution Feeders & Substations: Design Considerations of Distribution Feeders: Radial and loop types of primary feeders, voltage levels, feeder loading; basic design practice of the secondary distribution system. **Substations:** Rating of distribution substation, service area within primary feeders. Benefits derived through optimal location of substations.

UNIT – III

Distribution System Analysis: Voltage drop and power-loss calculations: Derivation for voltage drop and power loss in lines, manual methods of solution for radial networks, three phase balanced primary lines.

UNIT – IV

Protective Devices & Co-Ordination: Objectives of distribution system protection, types of common faults and procedure for fault calculations.

Protective Devices: Principle of operation of Fuses, Circuit Reclosures, and line sectionalizers, and circuit breakers. **Coordination of Protective Devices:** General coordination procedure.

UNIT – V

Voltage Control & P.F Improvement: Equipment for voltage control, effect of series capacitors, line drop Compensation, effect of AVB/AVR. Powerfactor control using different types of power capacitors, shunt and series capacitors, effect of shunt capacitors (Fixed and Switched), capacitor allocation - Economic justification –Procedure to determine the best capacitor location.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electrical Power Distribution Systems, V.Kamaraju , TMH.
2. Electrical Distribution Systems, Dr. S. Siva naga raju, Dr. K. Shankar. Danapathi Rai Publications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Electric Power Distribution System Engineering, Turan Gonen, CRC Press.
2. Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution, SN. Singh, PHI Publishers.

Outcomes:

- Perform load modeling and analyse the characteristics of loads .
- Articulate the design concepts of primary and secondary systems.
- Understand substation bus schemes and know the difference between 4&6 feeder patterns.
- Apply Knowledge of SCADA concepts for functioning of substations.
- Understand the coordination procedure of various protective devices.
- Determine the optimum capacitor location and can understand the applications of capacitors in distribution systems .
- Understand the importance of voltage control and know the equipment used for it.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester

L	T	P	C
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**Professional Elective-VI
(R18EEE4263) Advanced Control of Electric Drives**

Objectives:

To impart knowledge about fundamentals of Electric drives and control, operational strategies of dc and ac motor drives as per different quadrant operations and to discuss

Unit I Characteristics of Electric Motors:

Characteristics of DC motors, 3-Phase induction motors and synchronous motors, Starting and braking of electric motors. Dynamics of Electric Drives, Mechanical system, Fundamental torque equations, components of load torques, Dynamic conditions of a drive system, Energy loss in transient operations, Steady State Stability, Load equalization.

Unit II DC Motor Drives:

Starting, Braking and Speed Control, Transient analysis of separately excited motor with armature and field control, Energy losses during transient operation, Phase controlled converter fed DC drives, Dual-converter control of DC drive, Supply harmonics, Power factor and ripple in motor current, Chopper Control DC drives, Source current harmonic in Choppers.

Unit III Induction Motor Drives:

Starting, Braking and transient analysis, Calculation of energy losses, Speed control, Stator voltage control, Variable frequency control from voltage and current sources, Slip power recovery-Static Scherbius and Cramer drives.

Unit IV Synchronous Motor Drives:

Starting, Pull in and braking of synchronous motors, Speed control – variable frequency control, cycloconverters control, Brushless DC Motor, Linear Induction Motor, Stepper Motor and Switched Reduction Motor Drives, Important features and applications.

Unit V Energy Conservation in Electrical Drives:

Losses in electrical drive system, Measures for energy conservation in electric drives, Use of efficient motor, Energy efficient operation of drives, Improvement of power factor and quality of supply.

Reference Books:

1. G. K. Dubey : Fundamentals of Electrical Drives, 2nd Edition, Alpha Science International, 2001.
2. S. B. Dewan, Gordon R. Slemon and A. Straughen: Power Semiconductor Drives, John Wiley Pub.1996.
3. R. Krishnan: Electric Motor drives - Modelling, Analysis and Control, PHI India Ltd., 2002.
4. W. Shepherd, D. T. W. Liang and L.N. Hulley: Power Electronics and Motor Control, 2nd Edition, Cambridge Univ. Press, 1995.

Course Outcome: On the completion of the course, the student will be able

- To acquire the knowledge of selection of drives as per practical operational industrial requirement.
- To apply their knowledge to prepare control schemes as per different types of motors used in industries.
- To estimate & solve harmonic and power factor related problems in controlling AC and DC drives.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – II Semester		L	T	P	C
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(R18EEE42P1) Project Work					

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES**Open Elective – I**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV3271	Disaster Management & Mitigation	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE3272	Database Concepts				
3	R18ECE3273	Consumer Electronics				
4	R18EEE3274	Electrical Estimation & Costing				
5	R18INF3275	Information Technology Essentials				
6	R18MED3276	Introduction to Robotics				
7	R18HMS3277	Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship				
8	R18HMS3278	Day to Day Biology				

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18CIV3271) Disaster Management & Mitigation

The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of basic concepts of various disasters and its management. In addition, the course is expected to develop scientific temperament and mitigation techniques to manage disaster.

1. To understand basic concepts of disaster and hazards of India.
2. To study the various natural disasters.
3. To study the various manmade disasters.
4. To understand the disaster management principles.
5. To study the modern techniques used in disaster mitigation and management.

UNIT I - Introduction To Disaster - Meaning, Nature, Importance of Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability and Disaster Dimensions & Scope of Disaster Management - India's Key Hazards – Vulnerabilities - National disaster management framework - Disaster Management Cycle.

UNIT II - Natural Disaster - Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disaster; their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion.

UNIT III - Anthropogenic Disaster - Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation and industrial waste water pollution.

UNIT IV - Approaches in Disaster Management - Pre- disaster stage (preparedness) - Preparing hazard zonation maps, Predictability/ forecasting & warning - Preparing disaster preparedness plan Land use zoning - Preparedness through Information, education. Emergency Stage - Rescue training for search & operation - Immediate relief - Assessment surveys. Post Disaster stage – Rehabilitation - Social Aspect - Economic Aspect and Environmental Aspect.

UNIT V - Disaster Mitigation - Meteorological observatory - Seismological observatory - Hydrology Laboratory and Industrial Safety inspectorate. Technology in Disaster Management Emergency Management Systems (EMS) in the Disaster Management Cycle Remote Sensing and Geographic Information Systems(GIS) in Disaster Management.

TEXT BOOK

1. Sharma.S.R, “Disaster management”, A P H Publishers, 2011.

REFERENCES

6. VenuGopalRao.K, “Geoinformatics for Disaster Management”, Manglam Publishers and Distributors, 2010.
7. Singh.R.B, “Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation”, Rawat Publications, 2006.
8. Gupta.H.K, “Disaster Management”, University Press, India, 2003.
9. Gupta.M.C, “Manuals on Natural Disaster management in India”, National Centre for Disaster Management,IIPA, New Delhi, 2001.

SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)****B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester****OPEN ELECTIVE- I****L T P C****3 0 0 3****(R18CSE3272) Database Concepts**

To study the concepts of Relational Database design and query languages

1. To provide a general introduction to relational model
2. To learn about ER diagrams
3. To learn about Query processing and Transaction Processing

UNIT I: Introduction to Database Management - Introduction to Database Management systems – History - Characteristics – Users- three-level architecture- Entity-- relationship data model.

UNIT II: The Relational Data Model and Relational Algebra - Data structures – Mapping E-R Model to Relational model – data manipulation – integrity – advantages – rules for fully relational systems – relational algebra – relational algebra queries.

UNIT III: Structured Query Language and Normalization - SQL – Data definition – manipulation – views SQL in procedural programming – data integrity and constraints – triggers – data control – database security. Normalization – Undesirable properties – single-valued normalization – desirable properties of decompositions – multivalued dependencies

UNIT IV: Storage Indexing and Transactions Management - Different types of memories – secondary storage – buffer management – file structures – heap files – sorted files – index and types – indexed sequential file – B-tree – B+ tree. Transaction management – concepts – examples – schedules – serializability – concurrency control – deadlocks – lock and multiple granularity – nonlocking techniques.

UNIT V: Database Backup, Recovery and Security - Database system failure – backup – recovery and concept of log – log-based recovery techniques – types of recovery – log-based immediate update recovery technique. Database Security – violations – identifications and authentication – authorization / access control – security of statistical databases – audit policy – internet applications and encryption.

TEXT BOOK

1. Gupta.G.K, “Database Management Systems”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.

REFERENCES

1. Silberschatz, Korth.H and Sudarshan.S, “Database System Concepts”, 6th Edition, McGraw-HillInternational, 2011.
2. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D.Ullman, Jennifer Widom, “Database System The Complete Book, 1st Edition, Pearson 2002.
3. RamezElmasri and ShamkantB.Navathe, “Fundamentals of Database Systems”, Fifth Edition, Pearson, 2008.

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE- I

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18ECE3273) Consumer Electronics

Course Objectives:

- Students are able to understand consumer electronics fundamentals, microprocessors and microcontrollers, energy management and intelligent building perspective. Audio systems, Display systems, video systems and recording systems
- Student is able to demonstrate smart Home, Home Virtual Assistants, Home security systems and types of sensors RFID Home , kitchen electronics and smart alarms, smart toilet, smart floor and smart locks
- Students are able to discuss cordless telephones, Fax machines PDA's TABLETs Smart phones and Smart watches. Video conferencing systems, Internet enabled systems, Wi-Fi, Li-Fi, GPS and Tracking systems

UNIT I: Consumer Electronics Fundamentals - History of Electronic Devices- Vacuum Tubes, Transistors, Integrated Circuits- Moore Law, Semiconductor Devices, Diodes, Rectifiers, Transistors, Logic Gates, Combinational Circuits, ADC, DAC and Microprocessors, Microprocessor Vs Microcontrollers, Microcontrollers in consumer electronics, Energy management, Intelligent Building Perspective.

UNIT II: Entertainment Electronics - Audio systems: Construction and working principle of : Microphone, Loud speaker, AM and FM receiver, stereo, 2.1 home theatre, 5.1 home theatre . Display systems: CRT, LCD, LED and Graphics displays Video Players : DVD and Blue RAY. Recording Systems: Digital Cameras and Camcorders.

UNIT III: Smart Home - Technology involved in Smart home, Home Virtual Assistants- Alexa and Google Home. Home Security Systems - Intruder Detection, Automated blinds, Motion Sensors, Thermal Sensors and Image Sensors, PIR, IR and Water Level Sensors.

UNIT IV: Home Appliances - Home Enablement Systems: RFID Home, Lighting control, Automatic Cleaning Robots, Washing Machines, Kitchen Electronics- Microwave, Dishwasher, Induction Stoves, Smart Refrigerators, Smart alarms, Smart toilet, Smart floor, Smart locks.

UNIT V: Communication Systems - Cordless Telephones, Fax Machines, PDAs- Tablets, Smart Phones and Smart Watches. Introduction to Smart OS- Android and iOS. Video Conferencing Systems- Web/IP Camera, Video security, Internet Enabled Systems, Wi-Fi, IoT, Li-Fi, GPS and Tracking Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Thomas L Floyd "Electronic Devices" 10th Edition Pearson Education Asia 2018.
2. Philp Hoff "Consumer Electronics for Engineers" - Cambridge University Press.1998.
3. Jordan Frith, " Smartphones as Locative Media ", Wiley. 2014.
4. Dennis C Brewer, " Home Automation", Que Publishing 2013.
5. Thomas M. Coughlin, "Digital Storage in Consumer Electronics", Elsevier and Newness 2012.

Course Outcomes:

- C325.1. summarize the consumer electronics fundamentals and explain about microprocessors and microcontrollers, energy management and intelligent building perspective (K2-Understand)
- C325.2. Demonstrate Audio systems, Display systems, video systems and recording systems (K3-Apply)
- C325.3. Describe the smart Home, Home Virtual Assistants, Home security systems and Different types of sensors (K2-Understand)
- C325.4. Outline the home enablement systems like RFID Home, kitchen electronics and smart alarms, smart toilet, smart floor and smart locks. (K4-Analyse)
- C325.5. Discuss cordless telephones, Fax machines PDA's TABLETs Smart phones and Smart watches.
- C325.6. Compare and explain Android and iOS and demonstrate Video conferencing systems, Internet enabled systems, Wi-Fi, Li-Fi, GPS and Tracking systems. (K5-Evaluate)

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE- I

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3 0 0 3

(R18EEE3274) Electrical Estimation & Costing

Unit I: Electrical Symbols and Diagrams: (i) Need of symbols; List of symbols for electrical equipment and accessories used in electrical works. Light, fan and power circuits, alarm and indicating circuit, contactor control circuits as per I.S.S. (ii) Type of diagrams - Wiring diagrams (multiple and single line representation) and schematic diagrams as per I.S.S. (* One Drawing Sheet for at least - 50 symbols).

Wiring materials and accessories: (1) Brief description, general specifications (as per I.S.S.) and approximate cost of different types of wires, cables, switches, distribution board, switch board, boxes, batten and its accessories, conduit and its accessories, lamp holders, socket outlets, plug ceiling roses. Fuse and energy meter used in domestic and power wiring installations.

Unit II: Light and Fan Circuits: Schematic and wiring diagrams (multiline and single line both) using junction boxes and looping systems for the following types of circuits:- (i) Light and fan controlled by necessary switches and regulators. (ii) Stair case wiring (iii) Corridor lighting (iv) One lamp controlled by three or more switches.

Unit III: Principles of Estimating and Costing: Purpose of estimating and costing, essentials of estimating and costing-market survey, price list and net prices, preparation of list of materials, calculation of material and labor cost, contingencies, overhead charges, profit and total cost. Estimation of Domestic Internal Wiring Circuits: (i) Description of various wiring systems and methods. (ii) Need of earthing and point to be earthed in internal wiring system as per IE rules. (iii) I.S. specifications, calculation of No. of points (light, fan, socket outlet), calculation of total load including domestic power, determination of no. of circuits, size of wires and cables, switches and main switch, distribution board and switch board, batten conduit and other wiring accessories.

Unit IV: Estimation of Power Wiring: I.S. specifications and I.E. rules, calculation of current for single and three phase motors. Determination of sizes of cables, conductors distribution board, main switches and starters for power circuits. Cost of equipment and accessories and schedule of materials. Estimation and cost of material and work for motors up to 20 H.P., pump sets and small workshops.

Unit V: Estimation of Overhead and Underground Distribution Lines: Main components of overhead lines-line supports, cross-arm, clamps, conductors and stay sets, lightning arrestors, danger plates, ant climbing devices, bird guards, jumpers etc., concreting of poles, earthing of transmission line, formation of lines, specification of materials for O.H. lines, I.S. specification and I.E. rules. Cost of material and work for overhead and underground lines upto 11 KV only.

Estimation of Small Sub-Station: Main equipment and auxiliaries installed on the substation. Estimation of materials required for a small distribution substation (indoor and outdoor type platform and pole mounted). Costing of material and work of above substations.

Text Books:

1. S.K Bhattacharya, "Electrical Engineering Drawing & Design Estimating".Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Surjeet Singh, "Electrical Eesign& Drawing" S.K.Kataria& Sons New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. O. P. Soni," Electrical Engg. Design & Drawing" SatyaPrakashan Delhi.

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OPEN ELECTIVE- I

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(R18INF3275) Information Technology Essentials

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the principles required for building web applications.
- To provide working knowledge of the technologies needed for web application development
- To know about scripting languages.
- To understand principles of database access and storage.
- To understand various applications related to Information Technology.

COURSE OUTCOMES: Student will be able to

- Design and deploy web-sites
- Design and deploy simple web-applications
- Create simple database applications
- Develop an information system
- Describe the basics of networking

UNIT I: Web Essentials - Creating a Website - Working principle of a Website - Browser fundamentals - Authoring tools - Types of servers: Application Server - Web Server - Database Server – HTML basics – HTML tags and their use

UNIT II: Scripting Essentials - Need for Scripting languages - Types of scripting languages - Client side scripting - Server side scripting - PHP - Working principle of PHP - PHP Variables - Constants - Operators – Flow Control and Looping - Arrays - Strings - Functions - File Handling - PHP and HTML - Cookies – Sessions - Authentication – Introduction to JavaScript

UNIT III: Database Essentials - Database management - Database terms - MySQL - commands – Data types – Indexes – Functions – Accessing MySQL using PHP.

UNIT IV: Networking Essentials - Fundamental computer network concepts - Types of computer networks - Network layers - TCP/IP model - Wireless Local Area Network - Ethernet - WiFi - Network Routing - Switching - Network components

UNIT V: Application Essentials - Creation of simple interactive applications - Simple database applications - Multimedia applications - Design and development of information systems – Personal Information System – Information retrieval system – Social networking applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS & HTML5" Third Edition, O'REILLY, 2014.
2. James F. Kurose, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach", Sixth Edition, Pearson, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. GottapuSasibhushanaRao, "Mobile Cellular Communication", Pearson, 2012.
2. R. Kelly Rainer , Casey G. Cegielski , Brad Prince, Introduction to Information Systems, Fifth Edition, Wiley Publication, 2014. 3. it-ebooks.org

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OPEN ELECTIVE- I

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(R18MED3276) Introduction to Robotics

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To impart knowledge about the basics of robot components and applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. Basics of Robot anatomy
2. Working of end effectors and drive systems
3. Kinematics and transformation analysis of robot
4. Various types of robot sensors
5. Robot cell design and applications of robot

UNIT I: Robot Basics - Robot-Basic concepts, Need, Law, History, Anatomy, specification. Robot configurations-Cartesian, cylinder, polar and articulate. Robot wrist mechanism, Precision and accuracy of robot-simple problems.

UNIT II: Robot Elements - End effectors-Classification, Types of Mechanical actuation, Gripper force analysis, Gripper design, Robot drive system-Types, Position and velocity feedback devices-Robot joints and links-Types, Motion interpolation.

UNIT III: Robot Kinematics - Robot kinematics – Direct and inverse kinematics – 2 and 3 DOF of kinematics analysis-Robot trajectories – Control of robot manipulators – Point to point, Contouring motion- 2D and 3D Transformation-Scaling, Rotation, Translation, Homogeneous coordinates, multiple transformation-Simple problems.

UNIT IV: Robot Sensors - Sensors in robot – Touch sensors-Tactile sensor – Proximity and range sensors – Robotic vision sensor-Force sensor-Light sensors, Pressure sensors

UNIT V: Robot Cell Design And Applications - Robot work cell design and control – Safety measures in Robot – Robot cell layouts – Multiple robots and machine interference – Robot cycle time analysis – Industrial applications of robots, Nanorobots, Robot programming-Basic program.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Deb.S.R, “Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation”, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2010.
2. Mikell. P. Groover, ‘Industrial Robotics Technology’, Programming and Applications, McGraw Hill Co, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Klafter.R.D, Chmielewski.T.A, and Noggin’s., “Robot Engineering : An Integrated Approach”, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.,1994.
2. Fu.K.S, Gonzalez.R.C&Lee.C.S.G, “Robotics control, sensing, vision and intelligence”, McGraw Hill Book co, 1987
3. Craig.J.J, “Introduction to Robotics mechanics and control”, AddisonWesley, 1999.
4. Ray Asfahl.C, “Robots and Manufacturing Automation”, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1985.
5. Kozyrey, Yu. “Industrial Robotics”, MIR Publishers Moscow, 1985.

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE- I

L	T	P	C
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(R18HMS3277) Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To create awareness on entrepreneurship among engineering students and stimulating self-motivation to start up enterprise

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To provide awareness about entrepreneurship
2. To develop idea generation, creative and innovative skills
3. To self-motivate the students by making aware of different opportunities and successful growth stories
4. To learn how to start an enterprise and design business plans those are suitable for funding by considering all dimensions of business.
5. To understand entrepreneurial process by way of studying different case studies and find exceptions to the process model of entrepreneurship.
6. To run a small enterprise with small capital for a short period and experience the science and art of doing business.

UNIT I: Introduction to Entrepreneurship - Understanding the Meaning of Entrepreneur; Characteristics and Qualities of an Entrepreneur; Entrepreneurs Vs Intrapreneurs and Managers; Classification of Entrepreneurs; Factors Influencing Entrepreneurship; Entrepreneurial Environment; Entrepreneurial Growth; Problems and Challenges of Entrepreneurs; Entrepreneurial Scenario in India.

UNIT II: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) - MSMEs – Definition and Significance in Indian Economy; MSME Schemes, Challenges and Difficulties in availing MSME Schemes, Forms of Business; Women Entrepreneurship; Rural Entrepreneurship; Family Business and First Generation Entrepreneurs.

UNIT III: Idea Generation and Feasibility Analysis - Idea Generation; Creativity and Innovation; Identification of Business Opportunities; Market Entry Strategies; Marketing Feasibility; Financial Feasibilities; Political Feasibilities; Economic Feasibility; Social and Legal Feasibilities; Technical Feasibilities; Managerial Feasibility, Location and Other Utilities Feasibilities.

UNIT IV: Business Model and Plan in Respective Industry - Business model – Meaning, designing, analyzing and improvising; Business Plan – Meaning, Scope and Need; Financial, Marketing, Human Resource and Production/Service Plan; Business plan Formats; Project report preparation and presentation; Why some Business Plan fails?

UNIT V: Financing and How to Start up Business? - Financial opportunity identification; Banking sources; Non-banking Institutions and Agencies; Venture Capital – Meaning and Role in Entrepreneurship; Government Schemes for funding business; Pre launch, Launch and Post launch requirements; Procedure for getting License and Registration; Challenges and Difficulties in Starting an Enterprise.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Jayshree Suresh, “Entrepreneurial Development”, Margham Publishers, Chennai, 2011.
2. Poornima M Charantimath, “Entrepreneurship development small business enterprises”, Pearson, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Raj Shankar, “Entrepreneurship: Theory And Practice”, Vijay Nicole imprints ltd in collaboration with Tata Mc-graw Hill Publishing Co.ltd.-new Delhi, 2012

2. Robert D. Hisrich, Mathew J. Manimala, Michael P Peters and Dean A. Shepherd, "Entrepreneurship", 8th Edition, Tata Mc-graw Hill Publishing Co.ltd.-new Delhi, 2012
3. Martin Roger, "The Design of Business", Harvard Business Publishing, 2009
4. Roy Rajiv, "Entrepreneurship", Oxford University Press, 2011
5. Drucker.F, Peter, "Innovation and Entrepreneurship", Harper business, 2006.

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B.Tech. - III Year – II Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - I

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18HMS3278) Day to Day Biology

COURSE OBJECTIVE: The purpose of this study is to know and understand the involvement of biology in day-to-day life. This would give insight into his or her own biological system, the diseases and disorders, antibiotics, and importance of environment in human life. This also provides application of biology in day to day life.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. The student can understand the biology of human system and health.
2. This provides student with a scope for selection of healthy food and sustain environment.

UNIT I: Biology of Human Diseases and Disorders - Diabetes mellitus, communicable diseases, genetic disorders, vector borne diseases, antibiotics - mode of action.

UNIT II: Biology for Human - Blood pressure, immune system and immunity, cardiac infarction, in vitro fertilization, cord blood bank, stem cells.

UNIT III: Biology of Cosmetics and Detergents - Biology of complexion and texture, bioactive natural products in industrial use, bio surfactants, antioxidants.

UNIT IV: Biology and Nutrition - Dietary index, carbohydrates, proteins and fats, HDL and LDL, dairy products and application, herbal plants and home remedies.

UNIT V: Biology and Environment - Water pollution, air pollution, bioremediation, species biodiversity, global warming and greenhouse effect.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gareth J. Price, Biology: An Illustrated Guide to Science, Diagram Group, Infobase Publishing, 2006.
2. Pam Dodman, Real-Life Science Biology, Walch Publishing, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Biology: The Science of Life, Stephen Nowicki, <http://www.thegreatcourses.com/tgc/courses>.
2. Neil Schlager, Science of everyday things: Real-Life Biology, Gale Publishing 2002.

Open Elective –II

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV4181	Green Building Engineering	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE4182	Cyber Security Fundamentals				
3	R18ECE4183	Principles of Modern Communication Systems				
4	R18EEE4184	Illumination Engineering				
5	R18INF4185	E-Commerce				
6	R18MED4186	Industrial Design & Ergonomics				
7	R18HMS4187	Creative Writing				
8	R18HMS4188	Design Thinking				

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18CIV4181) Green Building Engineering

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of this course the student will be able to:

1. Describe the concepts of Green building
2. Adopt Renewable energy for buildings.
3. Implement Automation techniques in buildings.
4. Describe Actuator techniques for Automation
5. Choose appropriate materials for Green buildings

UNIT 1 Concept of Green Buildings : Green building initiatives, its origin, characteristics of a green building, green buildings in India, certification of green buildings.Criteria for rating – sustainability. Depleting natural resources of building materials; renewable and recyclable resources; energy efficient materials; green cement, biodegradable materials, smart materials, engineering evaluation of these materials. Case study.

UNIT 2 Sources of Energy Renewable and non-renewable sources of energy ; coal, petroleum, nuclear, wind, solar, hydro, geothermal sources; potential of these sources, hazards, pollution; global scenario with reference to demand and supply in India. Energy arises. Carbon Emission: Forecasting, control of carbon emission, air quality and its monitoring carbon foot print; environmental issues, minimizing carbon emission.

UNIT 3 - Intelligent Buildings Intelligent buildings-Building automation-Smart buildings- Building services in high rise buildings-Green buildings-Energy efficient buildings for various zones-Case studies of residence, office buildings and other buildings in each zones. Case Study.

UNIT 4 Actuator Techniques Actuator and actuator materials – Piezoelectric and Electrostrictive Material – Magneto structure Material – Shape Memory Alloys – Electrorheological Fluids– Electromagnetic actuation – Role of actuators and Actuator Materials.

UNIT 5 Materials For "Green" Systems Green materials, including biomaterials, biopolymers, bioplastics, and composites Nanotech Materials for Truly Sustainable Construction: Windows, Skylights, and Lighting. Paints, Roofs, Walls, and Cooling.Multifunctional Gas Sensors, Biomimetic Sensors, Optical Interference Sensors Thermo-, light-, and stimulus-responsive smart materials.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Sustainable Construction , Charles J. Kibert.,Third Edition
2. Green Building A to Z, Jerry Yudelson.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1 Advanced Technology for Smart buildings,James Sinopoli

E BOOKS <https://www.springer.com/in/book/9789811010002>

<https://www.elsevier.com/books/smart-buildings/casini/978-0-08-100635-1>

MOOC<https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/green-building>

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18CSE4182) Cyber Security Fundamentals

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the need for Cyber security and its related threats and attacks
2. Learn methods to become secure in the cyber world and securely communicate in the cyber world
3. Become knowledgeable about the best practices related to cyber security, regulations and laws associated with the same.

Course Outcomes:

The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental and societal context

UNIT I: Need for Cyber Security - Introduction to security- CIA triad-Case studies- security attacks-issues related to social networking - Guidelines

UNIT II: Methods to Secure yourself in the Cyber World - Why and What of Reversible and Irreversible Cryptographic mechanisms? Applications of Digital Signature - Good password practices

UNIT III: E-Commerce: Secure Transactions - What is E-commerce? – Online banking security- Online shopping fraud Guidelines and Recommendations

UNIT IV: EVERYDAY SECURITY - Connecting your laptop, mobile devices, PDAs to Internet- Managing your browser-Facebook Security-E-mail security – Safe guarding from Viruses: Antiviruses– Best practices and guidelines

UNIT V: CYBER SECURITY LAWS AND COMPETENT AUTHORITIES - Indian IT Act, 2008 - What is Cyber Forensics? – Functions of cybercrime cell – Responding to a cyber-attack

REFERENCES:

1. “Information Security Awareness Handbook, ISEA, Department of Electronics and Information Technology”, Government of India, 2010
2. deity.gov.in/sites/upload_files/dit/.../itact2000/it_amendment_act2008.pdf
3. www.schneier.com/blog/archives/2013/03/browser_securit.html
4. www.dhSES.ny.gov/ocs/awareness-training-events/news/2010-03.cfm
5. <https://www.watsonhall.com/e-commerce-security/>

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18ECE4183) Principles of Modern Communication Systems

Course Objectives:

This course aims at:

- Establishing a firm foundation for the understanding of telecommunication systems, and the relationship among various technical factors when such systems are designed and operated
- To provide the student with an understanding of the mobile Cellular communications and their evolution.
- To equip the students with various kinds of wireless networks and its operations.
- To provide students with solid foundation in orbital mechanics and launches for the satellite communication
- Radar fundamentals and analysis of the radar signals

UNIT I: The evolution of electronic communication: From smoke signals to smart phones - History of communications: Theoretical Foundations, Development & Applications - Frequencies for communication - Frequency regulations - Overview of communication transmitter and receiver.

UNIT II: Mobile Cellular Communications: Evolution to cellular networks – Cellular systems generations and standards: 1G, 2G, 3G, 4G - Cellular network components - Components of a mobile phone - setting up a call process - Making a call process - Receiving a call process - Spectrum allocation: Policies and strategies, Role of TRAI.

UNIT III: Wireless Communication: Introduction - Bluetooth - Infrared communication - IEEE Wireless LANs (Wi-Fi) - IEEE 802.16 (WiMaX) - Future mobile and wireless networks: Introduction to 5G- device to device communication- IoT.

UNIT IV: Satellite: History of Satellite communication, Basics of Satellites, Types of Satellites, Capacity Allocation - Launch Vehicles and Orbits: Introduction to launching vehicles, Important Orbits, working of rocket, Three Pioneers of Rocketry - Basics of Global Positioning System (GPS) - Applications of GPS.

UNIT V:RADAR& NAVIGATION: Introduction, Radar Block diagram and Operation, Radar Frequencies, Applications of Radar. Navigation Systems: Introduction & methods of navigation, Instrument Landing System, Microwave landing system- Modern Navigation systems.

REFERENCES:

1. S.Haykin, —Communication Systems, 4/e, John Wiley 2007
2. B.P.Lathi, —Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, 3/e, Oxford University Press,2007
3. Rappaport Theodore S - Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice, 2/E, Pearson
4. Education India, 2010 5. Vijay. K. Garg, —Wireless Communication and Networking, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2007.
5. T.Pratt, C. Bostian and J.Allnutt; —Satellite Communications, John Wiley and Sons, Second Edition., 2003
6. M. I .Skolnik —Introduction to Radar Systems, Tata McGraw Hill 2006.
7. Myron Kyton and W.R.Fried —Avionics Navigation Systems, John Wiley & Sons 1997.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- C415.1. Differentiate various elements, processes, and parameters in communication systems, and describe their functions, effects, and interrelationship (K2-Understand).
- C415.2. Interpret the mobile cellular concepts, standards and all generations of cellular systems. (K2-understand)
- C415.3. Describe the existing and emerging wireless standards and Compare various wireless networks and their specifications. (K5-Evaluate)
- C415.4. Demonstrate the history of Satellite communication, applications and orbit concepts, Placement of a Satellite in a Geo-Stationary orbit and GPS concept (K3- Apply)
- C415.5 Summarize the radar fundamentals and analysis of the radar signals. (K4- Analyze)
- C415.6 Explain the Navigation systems (K2-Understand).

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OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18EEE4184) Illumination Engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an introduction to the fundamentals of illumination engineering and architectural lighting design.
- To impart lighting fundamentals, measurement, and technology and their application in the analysis and design of architectural lighting systems

COURSE OUTCOME: The students will be able to:

- i. Identify the criteria for the selection of lamps and lighting systems for an indoor or outdoor space
- ii. Perform calculations on photometric performance of light sources and luminaires for lighting design
- iii. Evaluate different types of lighting designs and applications

UNIT I: Introduction of Light : Types of illumination, Day lighting, Supplementary artificial lighting and total lighting, Quality of good lighting, Factors affecting the lighting-shadow, glare, reflection, Color rendering and stroboscopic effect, Methods of artificial lighting, Lighting systems-direct, indirect, semi direct, semi indirect, Lighting scheme, General and localized.

UNIT II: Measurement of Light: Definition of luminous flux, Luminous intensity, Lumen, Candle power, Illumination, M.H.C.P, M.S.C.P, M.H.S.C.P, Lamp efficiency, Brightness or luminance, Laws of illumination, Inverse square law and Lambert's Cosine law, Illumination at horizontal and vertical plane from point source, Concept of polar curve, Calculation of luminance and illumination in case of linear source, round source and flat source.

UNIT III: Design of Interior Lighting : Definitions of maintenance factor, Uniformity ratio, Direct ratio, Coefficients of utilization and factors affecting it, Illumination required for various work planes, Space to mounting height ratio, Types of fixtures and relative terms used for interior illumination such as DLOR and ULOR, Selection of lamp and luminance, Selection of utilization factor, reflection factor and maintenance factor Determination of Lamp Lumen output taking into account voltage and temperature variations, Calculation of wattage of each lamp and no of lamps needed, Layout of lamp luminaire, Calculation of space to mounting height ratio, Indian standard recommendation and standard practices for illumination levels in various areas, Special feature for entrance, staircase, Corridor lighting and industrial building.

UNIT IV: Design of Outdoor Lighting: Street Lighting : Types of street and their level of illumination required, Terms related to street and street lighting, Types of fixtures used and their suitable application, Various arrangements in street lighting, Requirements of good street lighting, Selection of lamp and luminaire, Calculation of their wattage, Number and arrangement, Calculation of space to mounting height ratio, Calculation of illumination level available on road.

UNIT V:Design of Outdoor Lighting: Flood Lighting: Terms related to flood lighting, Types of fixtures and their suitable applications, Selection of lamp and projector, Calculation of their wattage and number and their arrangement, Calculation of space to mounting height ratio, recommended method for aiming of lamp.

Special Features of Aesthetic Lighting: Monument and statue lighting, Sports lighting, Hospital lighting, Auditorium lighting.

Text Books:

1. D.C. Pritchard Lighting, Routledge, 2016
2. Jack L. Lindsey, Applied Illumination Engineering, PHI, 1991
3. John Matthews Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Building Electrical Systems, Springer, 1993
4. M.A. Cayless, Lamps and Lighting, Routledge, 1996

References:

1. IS CODE 3646
2. IS CODE 6665

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18INF4185) E – COMMERCE**COURSE OUTCOMES:** At the end of the course, the students will be able to :

1. Understand the E – commerce strategies and value chains
2. Understand the E-commerce services
3. Understand E - commerce infrastructure, its applications and Supply Chain Management.
4. Know the availability of latest technology and applications of E-Payment Mechanism.
5. Apply E-Commerce in business-to-business application.

UNIT 1: Electronic Commerce: Overview, Definition, Advantages & Disadvantages of E-Commerce, Threats of E-Commerce, Managerial Prospective, Rules & Regulation for Controlling Commerce, Relationship Between E-Commerce & Networking, Different Types of Networking for E-Commerce, internet, Intranet, EDI Systems, Wireless Application Protocol: Definition, Hand Held Devices, Mobility & Commerce Model, Mobile Computing, Wireless Web, Web Security, Infrastructure Requirement for E-Commerce, Business Model of E-Commerce; Model Based on Transaction Type, Model Based on Transaction Party- B2B, B2C, C2B, C2C, E-Governance.

UNIT 2: E-Strategy: Overview, Strategic Methods for developing E-Commerce. Four C's (Convergence, Collaborative, Computing, Content Management & Call Center). Convergence: Technological Advances in Convergence - Types, Convergence and its implications, Convergence & Electronic Commerce. Collaborative Computing: Collaborative Product Development, contract as per CAD, Simulations Collaboration, Security. Content Management: Definition of Content, Authoring Tools and Content Management, Content Management, Content - partnership, repositories, convergence, providers, Web Traffic.

UNIT 3: Traffic Management: Content Marketing Call Center: Definition, Need, Tasks Handled, Mode of Operation, Equipment, Strength & Weakness of Call Center, Customer Premises Equipment (CPE).

Supply Chain Management: E-logistics, Supply Chain Portal, Supply Chain Planning Tools (SCP Tools), Supply Chain Execution(SCE), SCEFramework, Internet's Effect on Supply Chain Power.

UNIT 4: E-Payment Mechanism: Payment through card system, E-Cheque, E-Cash, E-Payment, Threats& Protections.

E-Marketing: Home - Shopping, E-Marketing, Tele- Marketing

UNIT 5: Electronic Data Interchange (EDI): Meaning, Benefits, Concepts, Application, EDI Model, Protocols (UN EDI, FACT/ GTDI), ANSIX-12, Data Encryption (DES/RSA)

Risks of E-Commerce: Overview, Security for E-Commerce, Security Standards, Firewall, Cryptography, Key Management, Password Systems, Digital Certificates, Digital Signatures.

Text Book:

1. Electronic Commerce - Technologies & Applications, Bhaskar Bharat, TMH

Reference Books:

1. E-commerce, MM Oka, EPH
2. Frontiers of Electronics Commerce, Kalakotia, Whinston, Pearson Education
3. Electronic Commerce, Loshinpete, Murphy P. A., Jaico Publishing Housing
4. E-Commerce, Murthy, Himalaya Publishing.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18MED4186) Industrial Engineering & Ergonomics

UNIT 1: Introduction: An approach to industrial design -elements of design structure for industrial design in engineering application in modern manufacturing systems. Ergonomics and Industrial Design: Introduction -general approach to the man- machine relationship- workstation design-working position.

UNIT 2: Control and Displays: Shapes and sizes of various controls and displays-multiple, displays and control situations - design of major controls in automobiles, machine tools etc Ergonomics and Production: ergonomics and product design -ergonomics in automated systems- expert systems for ergonomic design. Anthropometric data and its applications in ergonomic, design- limitations of anthropometric data- use of computerized database.

UNIT 3: Visual Effects of Line and Form: The mechanics of seeing- psychology of seeing general influences of line and form. Color: Color and light -color and objects- color and the eye -color consistency- color terms- reactions to color and color continuation -color on engineering equipment.

UNIT 4: Aesthetic Concepts: Concept of unity- concept of order with variety -concept of purpose style and environment- Aesthetic expressions. Style-components of style- house style, observation style in capital goods, case study.

UNIT 5: Industrial Design in Practice: General Design -specifying design equipment- rating the importance of industrial design -industrial design in the design process.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Industrial Design for Engineers - Mayall W.H. - London Hiffee books Ltd.-1988.
2. Applied Ergonomics Hand Book - Brain Shakel (Edited) - Butterworth scientific. London
3. Introduction to Ergonomics - R. C. Bridger - McGraw Hill Publications -1995.
4. Human Factor Engineering - Sanders & McCormick - McGraw Hill Publications – 6th edition,2002.

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18HMS4187) Creative Writing

COURSE OBJECTIVE: This course introduces students to the practice of creative writing in the genres of poetry and fiction. In addition to honing their skills as creative writers, students will develop a critical vocabulary that will aid them in discussing poems and fiction produced by their peers. This course allows for experimentation with writing poetry, short fiction, and creative nonfiction in a writing workshop setting. Far from undertaking the task of making student a professional writer, this class has its goal to familiarize the learner with the dynamics of imaginative literature, the synergy of form and content, and with what makes a particular work effective.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Discuss with some confidence many of the rhetorical devices, from metaphor to enjambment associated with creative writing.
2. Appreciate the complexity of Poetry, Short Fiction, and Creative Nonfiction.
3. Understand the importance of Creative Writing as a means of self-expression.
4. Read and discuss with enhanced understanding Poetry, Short Fiction, and Creative Nonfiction
5. Show improvement in writing and analytical skills.

UNIT I: Introduction to Literary Forms - Elements of Poetry - Rhythm and Meter Poetic Forms – Ballad, Lyrics, Elegy, Odes, Haiku, Sonnets Literary Genres- Short Fiction, Drama, and Non-Fiction

UNIT II: Poetry Writing - Appreciation of the form and content of poem Techniques - figurative language - (structure - rhythm – imagery – tone – style point of view, voice - read and discuss numerous poems)

Ballad - The Ballad of the Landlord by Langston Hughes; Lyrics - Kubla Khan by Samuel Taylor Coleridge Elegy - Elegy Written in a Country's Churchyard by Thomas Gray Odes – Ode to a Nightingale by John Keats; Haiku - This Other World by Richard Wright Sonnet - On His Blindness by John Milton Students Creative Assignment – Students will write three poems.

UNIT III: Short Fiction / Novel - Elements of Fiction - Character – Plot- Setting – Theme - Style; Narrator - Point of view - Tone – Suspension of Disbelief. Genres - Adventure, Comic, Fantasy, Gothic, Romance, Historical, Horror, Supernatural, Thriller, Science Fiction - Gooseberries by Anton Chekhov Short Story - My Lost Dollar by Stephen Leacock Students Creative Assignment – Students will write one Short Story

UNIT IV: Drama - Elements of Drama - Character Plot, Theme, Dialogue, Convention, Genre, Audience, Stagecraft, Design, Conversations Drama – The King of the Dark Chamber by Rabindranath Tagore Students Creative Assignment- Students will write a review of the drama read in the class.

UNIT V: Non Fiction - Prose, Biography, Memoirs, and Personal Essays Walden or Life in the Woods by Henry David Thoreau Students Creative Assignment - Students will write one or two essays

REFERENCES

1. Candace H. Schaefer, Rick Diamond. 1998. The Creative Writing Guide: A Path to Poetry, Nonfiction, and Drama, Longman, New York, USA
2. Shelly Clark and Marjone Saisa, 2009. Road Trip: Conversations with Writers, The Backwaters Press, Nebraska, USA
3. Nikki Moustaki (ed.), 1998. Writing Fiction: The Practical Guide from New York's Acclaimed Creative Writing School, Publisher: Bloomsbury, ISBN: 0156005743.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18HMS4188) Design Thinking

Course Objectives:

- To create awareness of design among students of engineering
- To motivate students to think of design before implementing an engineering project
- To teach a systematic approach to identifying and defining a problem before brainstorming for a solution
- To instill a sense of significance towards applying creativity to product and service design

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the student shall be

1. Learn to identify design principles from an engineering perspective
2. Cultivate sensitivity towards design aspects in objects made by engineers and non-engineers, which are typically used in daily life
3. Understand and create visual design elements to communicate more effectively
4. Construct clear problem statements, understand the importance of validation, and design services creatively
5. Develop fundamental team skills: working in teams and managing teams, strategizing tasks, and streamlining activities pertaining to a project

Students' Responsibilities:

1. Students will form teams of 3–5 members each, while working collaboratively throughout the semester.
2. Students will present and report the tasks to the class and to the concerned faculty members and design experts, using their oral and written communication skills as well as creativity and team skills.
3. Students must proactively engage in observing the objects and processes which are part of their daily life and society from a design perspective and discuss with peers to learn collaboratively.

UNIT 1: Design Overview and Motivation History and Context of birth of Design; Design thinking: Introduction and Motivation; Various definitions and interpretations of design, Design Vocabulary; Design in Indian Context; Art and Design: Art in Design, Design beyond Art; Design in Creative Industries

UNIT 2: Design Sensitization for Engineers- Design Engineering vs. Engineering Design, Examples of Engineering Design and Design Engineering in various engineering domains, Examples of design failures leading to bad products and services, Real-world examples of bad design that caused engineering and technological disasters, Domain-specific Engineering Design examples

UNIT 3: Design Thinking Foundations The Design Double Diamond: Discover-Define-Develop-Deliver User-centric design approaches: Importance of user-centricity for design, Empathisation, Empathy Maps, Data collection from users and for users, Data Validation Responsible Innovation and Ethical Design: Ethics as foundation for design, Concern for environment and sustainability

UNIT 4: Communication Skills for Design, Culture and Art Communication Media to express an idea: Visuals, Text, Voice and Audio, Info graphics General guidelines for a good Presentation: Target audience, slideshow templates, appropriate visual elements, presentation styles, guidelines General guidelines for a good Report: Documentation classification, standards, styles, and templates Modes of communication: Reports and documents, Presentation, poster, graphic, blog or website. Understanding Art in Design: Need for creativity, Elements of Visual Design Aesthetics: Influences and impressions of Colors, Shapes, Layouts, Patterns, and Fonts as Design Elements

UNIT 5: Applied Creativity and Design for Services Methods to brainstorm solutions for user issues; Combining solutions to workable solution concepts; Identifying the user needs in a service-driven economy; Process Flows and Customer Experience considerations for designing and improving services; 5 Why's; Service Delivery Pathways. Doing Design Looking for a problem, Ideation and Rules of Ideation, Framing and stating the problem; Basic considerations of Prototyping/ Model Building, Basics of Testing and Validation, Incorporating feedback

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Daniel Ling, "Complete Design Thinking Guide for Successful Professionals", CreateSpace Independent Publishing, 2015 (ISBN: 978-1514202739)
2. Tim Brown, "Change by Design", Harper Business, 2012 (ISBN: 978-0062337382)
3. Jimmy Jain, "Design Thinking for Startups: A Handbook for Readers and Workbook for Practitioners", Notion Press, 2018 (ISBN: 978-1642495034)
4. Beverly Rudkin Ingle, "Design Thinking for Entrepreneurs and Small Businesses: Putting the Power of Design to Work", APress, 2013 (ISBN: 978-1430261810)

REFERENCES:

1. Donald A. Norman, "The Design of Everyday Things", MIT Press, 2013 (ISBN: 978-0262525671)
2. Bruno Munari, "Design As Art", Penguin UK, 2009 (ISBN: 978-0141035819)
3. Tom Kelly, Jonathan Littman, "The Art of Innovation", HarperCollins Business, 2002 (ISBN: 978-0007102938)
4. Thomas Lockwood, "Design Thinking: Integrating Innovation, Customer Experience, and Brand Value", Allworth Press, 2009 (ISBN: 978-158115)

Open Elective –III

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R18CIV4291	Remote Sensing Concepts	3	0	0	3
2	R18CSE4292	Fundamentals of Soft Computing				
3	R18ECE4293	Audio & Video Engineering				
4	R18EEE4294	Non Conventional Energy Resources				
5	R18INF4295	Information Security Fundamentals				
6	R18MED4296	Total Engineering Quality Management				
7	R18HMS4297	Human Values & Professional Ethics for Engineers				
8	R18HMS4298	Science Fiction				

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OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18CIV4291) Remote Sensing Concepts

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To introduce the concepts of remote sensing processes and its components. To expose the various remote sensing platforms and sensors and to introduce the elements of data interpretation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. At the end of the course the student will be able to understand
2. The characteristics of electromagnetic radiation and its interaction with earth features
3. The types and configuration of various satellites and sensors
4. The elements of data interpretation

UNIT I: Remote Sensing and Electromagnetic Spectrum- Definition – components of RS – History of Remote Sensing – Merits and demerits of data collation between conventional and remote sensing methods - Electromagnetic Spectrum – wave theory, particle theory, Stefan – Boltzmann Law and Wien’s Law – visible and non-visible spectrum – Radiation sources: active & passive; Radiation Quantities

UNIT II: EMR Interaction with Atmosphere- Standard atmospheric profile – main atmospheric regions and its characteristics – interaction of radiation with atmosphere - Scattering (Rayleigh, Mie, non-selective scattering) absorption and refraction – Atmospheric effects on visible, infrared, thermal and microwave spectrum – Atmospheric windows.

UNIT III: EMR Interaction with Earth- Energy balance equation – Specular and diffuse reflectors – Spectral reflectance & emittance – Spectro radiometer / Spectrophotometer – Spectral Signature concepts – Typical spectral reflectance curves for vegetation, soil and water body – Factors affecting spectral reflectance of vegetation, soil and water body.

UNIT IV: Platforms and Sensors- Ground based platforms – Airborne platforms – Space borne platforms – Classification of satellites – Sun synchronous and Geosynchronous satellites – Resolution concepts – Scanners - Along and across track scanners – Orbital and sensor characteristics of different satellites – Airborne and Space borne TIR sensors – Calibration – S/N ratio – Passive/Active microwave sensing – Airborne and satellite borne RADAR – SAR – LIDAR , UAV – High Resolution Sensors

UNIT V: Data Products and Visual Interpretation- Photographic (film and paper) and digital products – quick look products - High Resolution data products data - ordering – interpretation – basic characteristics of image elements – interpretation keys (selective and elimination) – visual interpretation of natural resources.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Richards, Remote sensing digital Image Analysis-An Introduction Springer - Verlag 1993.
2. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer R.W. Remote Sensing and Image interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Janza, F.Z., Blue H.M. and Johnson,J.E. Manual of Remote Sensing. Vol.I, American Society of Photogrametry, Virginia, USA, 2002.
2. Verbyla, David, Satellite Remote Sensing of Natural Resources. CRC Press, 1995
3. Paul Curran P.J. Principles of Remote Sensing. Longman, RLBS, 2003.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L T P C

3 0 0 3

(R18CSE4292) Fundamentals of Soft Computing

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The main objective of the Soft Computing Techniques to Improve Data Analysis Solutions is to strengthen the dialogue between the statistics and soft computing research communities in order to cross-pollinate both fields and generate mutual improvement activities.

UNIT I: Introduction: What is Soft Computing? Difference between Hard and Soft computing, Requirement of Soft computing, Major Areas of Soft Computing, Applications of Soft Computing. Neural Networks: What is Neural Network, Learning rules and various activation functions, Single layer Perceptrons, Back Propagation networks, Architecture of Back propagation(BP) Networks, Backpropagation Learning, Variation of Standard Back propagation Neural Network, Introduction to Associative Memory, Adaptive Resonance theory and Self Organizing Map, Recent Applications.

UNIT II:Fuzzy Systems: Fuzzy Set theory, Fuzzy versus Crisp set, Fuzzy Relation, Fuzzification, Minmax Composition, Defuzzification Method, Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Rule based systems, Predicate logic, Fuzzy Decision Making, Fuzzy Control Systems, Fuzzy Classification.

UNIT III: Genetic Algorithm: History of Genetic Algorithms (GA), Working Principle, Various Encoding methods, Fitness function, GA Operators- Reproduction, Crossover, Mutation, Convergence of GA, Bit wise operation in GA, Multi-level Optimization.

UNIT 4: Hybrid Systems: Sequential Hybrid Systems, Auxiliary Hybrid Systems, Embedded Hybrid Systems, Neuro-Fuzzy Hybrid Systems, Neuro-Genetic Hybrid Systems, Fuzzy-Genetic Hybrid Systems.

UNIT V: GA based Backpropagation Networks:

GA based Weight Determination, K - factor determination in Columns.

Fuzzy Backpropagation Networks: LR type Fuzzy numbers, Fuzzy Neuron, Fuzzy BP Architecture, Learning in Fuzzy BP, Application of Fuzzy BP Networks

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms: Synthesis & Applications, S.Rajasekaran, G. A. Vijayalakshami, PHI.
2. Genetic Algorithms: Search and Optimization, E. Goldberg.
3. Neuro-Fuzzy Systems, Chin Teng Lin, C. S. George Lee, PHI.
4. Build_Neural_Network_With_MS_Excel_sample by Joe choong.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18ECE4293) Audio and Video Engineering

Course Objectives:

- Student are able understand different amplifiers, graphic equalizer and Dolby NR recording systems TV fundamentals like concept of aspect ratio ,image continuity etc Color theory
- Student are able to discuss composite video signal ad CCIR B standard for color signal Transmission and reception, monochrome TV transmitter and receivers, Color TV transmitter and compare TV camera tubes, Color picture tube
- Student are able Illustrate of color TV receivers(PAL-D) and Differentiate between NTSC PAL and SCAM systems cable Television, MATV, CATV, CCTV, Cable TV network and DTH

UNIT I: Hi Fi Audio Amplifier - Introduction to Amplifiers: Mono, Stereo, Public Address; Difference between stereo amplifier and Mono amplifier; Block diagram of Hi Fi amplifier and explanation; Graphic equalizer concept, circuit diagram and operation. (5 Point Circuit diagram); Dolby NR recording system; Types of speaker woofer, Midrange and Tweeter; Cross over network circuit and its function.

UNIT II: TV Fundamentals - Concept of Aspect ratio, image continuity, interlace scanning, scanning periods, horizontal and vertical, vertical resolution, horizontal resolution; Vestigial sideband transmission, bandwidth for Colour signal, picture tube, brightness, contrast, viewing distance luminance, hue, saturation, compatibility; Colour theory, primary colors and secondary colors, additive Colour mixing subtractive Colour mixing; Composite Video Signal, Pedestal height, Blanking pulse, Colour burst, Horizontal sync pulse details, Vertical sync pulse details, Equalizing pulses, CCIR B standards for Colour signal transmission and reception.

UNIT III: TV Transmitters and Receiver - Audio and Video signal transmission; Positive and Negative modulation; Merits and Demerits of Negative modulation; Introduction to television camera tube (a) Vidicon; (b) Plumbicon; (c) Solid State camera based on CCD; Color Picture tube (a) PIL, (b) Delta gun picture tube; Block diagram of monochrome TV transmitter; Block diagram of Colour TV transmitter; Block diagram of monochrome TV Receiver.

UNIT IV: Colour TV - Block Diagram and operation of color TV receiver (PAL D type); Explain – YagiUda Antenna; Explain block diagram of PAL-D decoder with circuit diagram of chroma signal amplifier, Burst pulse blanking, Colour killer control, Basic Circuit for Separation of U and V signals. AGC Amplifier. Colour signal matrixing, RGB drive amplifiers; EHT generation: circuit explanation for line output stage using transistor or IC in Colour TV; Comparisons between NTSC, PAL and SCAM Systems.

UNIT V: Cable Television - Working principle and specification of following components : Dish antenna, LNBC, Multiplexer, Attenuators Connectors (two ways and three ways), Amplifier and cable; MATV,CATV and CCTV;Design concept for cable TV network; Block diagram of dB meter with working principle; Direct to Home System (DTH) Introduction and Block Diagram.

References :

1. Television & Radio Engineering (A.M. Dhake) Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Television Engg and Video System (R.G. Gupta) Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Audio Video Systems (R.G. Gupta) Tata McGraw Hill.
4. Modern TV Praticce (R.R. Gulati) New Age International.
5. Basic Radio and Television (S. Sharma) Tata McGraw Hill.
6. Colour Television Principles and Praticce (R.R. Gulati) New Age International.
7. Basic Television and Video System (Bernard Grob) Tata McGraw Hill.
8. Mono Chrome and Colour Television (R.R. Gulati) New Age International.
9. Modern CD Player Servicing Manual (ManoharLotia) BPB Publication.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- C423.1. Explain and differ ate the different amplifiers, graphic equalizer and Dolby NR recording systems (K3-apply)
- C423.2. Describe the TV fundamentals like concept of aspect ratio, image continuity etc Color theory (K2-Understand)
- C423.3. Discuss about composite video signal ad CCIR B standard for color signal Transmission and reception (K2-Understand)
- C423.4. Discuss monochrome TV transmitter and receivers, Color TV transmitter and compare TV camera tubes, Color picture tube (K5-Evaluate)
- C423.5. Diagram Illustrate of color TV receivers (PAL-D) and Differentiate between NTSC PAL and SCAM systems (K4-Analyse)
- C423.6. Explain about cable Television, MATV, CATV, CCTV, Cable TV network and DTH (K2-Understand)

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OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(R18EEE4294) Non Conventional Energy Resources

This course helps the students to understand the importance, availability, conversion technologies of renewable energy resources and its applications

1. To emphasize the current energy status and role of non-conventional and renewable energy sources.
2. To familiarize various aspects of Solar energy and utilization
3. To familiarize various aspects of Wind energy and utilization
4. To familiarize various aspects of Biomass energy and utilization
5. To emphasize the significance of Green Energy Technologies.

UNIT I: SOLAR ENERGY - Solar radiation its measurements and prediction - Solar thermal collectors - Flat plate collectors, Concentrating collectors – Applications - Heating, Cooling, Desalination, Drying, Cooking, etc - Principle of photovoltaic conversion of solar energy - Types of solar cells and fabrication - Photovoltaic applications - Battery charging, Domestic lighting, Street lighting and water pumping.

UNIT II: WIND ENERGY - Wind energy - Energy chains - Application - Historical background, Merits and limitations - Nature of wind - Planetary and local day / night winds - Wind energy quantum - Power in wind- Turbine efficiency - Torque Thrust calculations Velocity at different heights - Site selection - Components of Wind Energy Conversion System (WECS).

UNIT III: BIOMASS ENERGY - Energy from Biomass - Biomass as Renewable Energy Source - Types of Bio mass Fuels - Solid, Liquid and Gas - Biomass Conversion Techniques- Wet Process, Dry Process-Photosynthesis - Biogas Generation - Factors affecting Biodigestion - Classification of bio gas plant - Continuous, Batch and Fixed Dome types - Advantages and Disadvantages.

UNIT IV: TIDAL, OTEC, HYDEL AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY - Tidal energy: Tide – Spring tide, Neap tide – Tidal range – Tidal Power – Types of tidal power plant – Single and dual basin schemes – Requirements in tidal power plant - Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Principle - Open and closed OTEC Cycles - Hydel Energy: Micro hydro - Geothermal Energy: Geothermal energy sources - Power plant and environmental issues.

UNIT V: NEW ENERGY SOURCES - Hydrogen as a renewable energy source - Sources of Hydrogen - Fuel for Vehicles - Hydrogen Production - Direct electrolysis of water, thermal decomposition of water, biological and biochemical methods of hydrogen production - Storage of Hydrogen - Gaseous, Cryogenic and Metal hydride - Fuel Cell – Principle of working, construction and applications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rai.G.D, “Non- conventional resources of energy”, Khanna publishers, Fourth edition, 2010.
2. Khan. B.H, “Non-Conventional Energy Resources”, The McGraw Hills, Second edition, 2009.

REFERENCES

1. Rao.S&Parulekar, “Energy Technology”, Khanna publishers, Fourth edition, 2005.
2. Pai.B.R and Ram Prasad.M.S, “Power Generation through Renewable Sources of Energy”, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1991.
3. Bansal.N.K, Kleeman and Meliss, “Renewable energy sources and conversion Techniques”,

Tata McGraw hill, 1990.

4. Godfrey Boyl “Renewable Energy: Power Sustainable Future”, Oxford University Press, Second edition, 2006.
5. Ryan O’Hayre, Suk-Won Cha and Whitney colella, “Fuel Cell Fundamentals”, Second edition, 2009.
6. John W Twidell and Anthony D Weir, “Renewable Energy Resources”, Taylor and Francis, 2006.
7. Freris.L.L, “Wind Energy Conversion systems”, Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L	T	P	C
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(R18INF4295) Information Security Fundamentals

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To provide impeccable knowledge on various technical aspects of Information Security & Computer Security principles
2. To provide foundation for understanding the key issues associated with protecting Computer Systems & Information Assets.
3. To provide competency in designing consistent & reasonable Information security system with appropriate Scanning & Enumeration mechanisms, determining the level of protection and Response to security incidents.

UNIT I: Introduction to Information Security - Introduction to Information Security, Need for Security - Threats to security & Attacks, Computer System Security and Access Controls - System access and data access.

UNIT II: Communication Security - Introduction to cryptography, cryptosystems, Encryption & Decryption Techniques - classical encryption techniques, communication channel used in cryptographic system, various types of ciphers, Cryptanalysis, Hash function and Data integrity, Security of Hashing function.

UNIT III: Network - Introduction to Network Security, Email Security, IP Security, Web Security, Kerberos, X.509 techniques.

UNIT IV: Scanning & Enumeration Technology - Malicious software, Firewalls, Honey pots, Intrusion Detection system, Intrusion Prevention system

UNIT V: Ethics In Information Security - Implementing Information Security, Legal Ethical & Professional issues in Information Security.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Matt Bishop, "Computer Security: Art and Science", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2003. ISBN: 0201440997.
2. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security", Pearson Education, Fourth Edition, 2006. ISBN: 8177587749

REFERENCES:

1. Michael E. Whitman, Herbert J. Mattord, "Principles of Information Security" Cengage Learning, Fourth Edition, 2010, ISBN: 1111138214
2. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, "Network security: private communication in a public world", Second Edition, ISBN: 0130460192.
3. Dieter Gollmann, "Computer Security", Third Edition, ISBN: 0470741155.

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OPEN ELECTIVE - III

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(R18MED4296) Total Engineering Quality Management

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To understand the Engineering and Management aspects of Planning, Designing, Controlling and Improving Quality in Manufactured products.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To understand the fundamentals of quality
2. To understand the role of TQM tools and techniques in elimination of wastages and reduction of defects
3. To develop quality as a passion and habit

UNIT I: Quality Gurus And TQM Kitemarks - Evolution of TQM – Quality Guru’s – Edward Deming – Joseph Juran – Philip Crosby – Genichi Taguchi – Walter Shewart – Criteria for Deming’s Prize
UNIT II - PRODUCT DESIGN AND ANALYSIS (9 hours) Basic Design Concepts and TQM – Design Assurance – Design Validation – Failure Mode Effect Analysis – Fault Tree Analysis – Design for Robustness – Value Analysis

UNIT-III: Process Improvement and Modern Production Management Tools - Six Sigma Approach – Total Productive Maintenance – Just-In-Time – Lean Manufacturing Paradigms

UNIT IV: Quality Improvement Tools and Continuous Improvement - Q-7 Tools – New Q-7 Tools – Quality Function Deployment – Kaizen – 5S – PokaYoke

UNIT V: Quality Management Systems - Quality Management Systems – Introduction to ISO9000 – TS16949:2002 and EMS14001 certifications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Total Engineering Quality Management, Sunil Sharma, 1st Edition, MacMillan India Limited.
2. Total Quality Management, Poornima M. Charantimath, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES

1. “Quality and Performance Excellence”, James R Evans, Edition, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. “Quality Management”, Howard S Gitlow, Alan J Oppenheim, Rosa Oppenheim, David M Levine, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Limited.
3. “Fundamentals of Quality Control & Improvement”, AmitavaMitra, 3rd Edition, Wiley Publications, 2012.

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B.Tech. - IV Year – I Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE - III

L	T	P	C
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(R18HMS4297) Human Values & Professional Ethics for Engineers

Course Objectives:

1. To know the different moral and ethical issues through various prominent theories.
2. To educate the code of ethics as well as the industrial standards and how they can be used for ensuring safety and reducing the risk.
3. To vocalize the Rights and Responsibilities of individuals.
4. To enable the students to imbibe and internalize the Values and Ethical Behavior in the personal and Professional lives.

Course Outcome: The students will understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers. The students will learn the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen.

UNIT – I Introduction to Professional Ethics: Basic Concepts, Governing Ethics, Personal & Professional Ethics, Ethical Dilemmas, Life Skills, Emotional Intelligence, Thoughts of Ethics, Value Education, Dimensions of Ethics, Profession and professionalism, Professional Associations, Professional Risks, Professional Accountabilities, Professional Success, Ethics and Profession.

UNIT – II Basic Theories: Basic Ethical Principles, Moral Developments, Deontology, Utilitarianism, Virtue Theory, Rights Theory, Casuist Theory, Moral Absolution, Moral Rationalism, Moral Pluralism, Ethical Egoism, Feminist Consequentialism, Moral Issues, Moral Dilemmas, Moral Autonomy.

UNIT – III Professional Practices in Engineering: Professions and Norms of Professional Conduct, Norms of Professional Conduct vs. Profession; Responsibilities, Obligations and Moral Values in Professional Ethics, Professional codes of ethics, the limits of predictability and responsibilities of the engineering profession. Central Responsibilities of Engineers – The Centrality of Responsibilities of Professional Ethics; lessons from 1979 American Airlines DC-10 Crash and Kansas City Hyatt Regency Walk away Collapse.

UNIT – IV Work Place Rights & Responsibilities, Ethics in changing domains of Research, Engineers and Managers; Organizational Complaint Procedure, difference of Professional Judgment within the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), the Hanford Nuclear Reservation. Ethics in changing domains of research – The US government wide definition of research misconduct, research misconduct distinguished from mistakes and errors, recent history of attention to research misconduct, the emerging emphasis on understanding and fostering responsible conduct, responsible authorship, reviewing & editing.

UNIT – V Global issues in Professional Ethics: Introduction – Current Scenario, Technology Globalization of MNCs, International Trade, World Summits, Issues, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance, Sustainable Development Ecosystem, Energy Concerns, Ozone Deflection, Pollution, Ethics in Manufacturing and Marketing, Media Ethics; War Ethics; Bio Ethics, Intellectual Property Rights.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Professional Ethics: R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, 2015.
2. Ethics in Engineering Practice & Research, Caroline Whitbeck, 2e, Cambridge University Press 2015.

REFERENCES

1. Engineering Ethics, Concepts Cases: Charles E Harris Jr., Michael S Pritchard, Michael J Rabins, 4e ,Cengage learning, 2015.
2. Business Ethics concepts & Cases: Manuel G Velasquez, 6e, PHI, 2008.

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(R18HMS4298) Science Fiction

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To help learners understand the link between Science and Technology and Humanities, especially Fiction form in Literature, with a view to instilling in them a sensitivity to the current issues of the world and probable issues that will crop up in the future world and imbibe in them a fine sensibility to appreciate and handle with balance the borderline problems of interdisciplinary nature with integrity and responsibility.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. To enable the learners to appreciate the literary form of Science Fiction
2. To give them a firsthand linguistic experience of the various types of Science Fiction novels
3. To equip the learners with the discretion to distinguish between a successful/effective science fiction novel and the one not so
4. To enhance the learners' communication skills and to develop their potential for creative writing
5. To spark off the dormant researcher in the learner so that he/she will use it for the betterment of the world

UNIT I: Science Fiction – an Introduction - 1. What is science fiction? Characteristics. 2. Classification 3. Types 4. A Historical Overview

UNIT II: Novels of other Worlds - 1. Utopian Science Fiction Novels Huxley, Aldous. Island.1932; Harper Perennial Classics, 2002. 2. Dystopian Science Fiction Novels Huxley, Aldous. Brave New World.Chatto and Windus, 1962.

UNIT III: Novels of other Beings - 1. Robots and Science Fiction Asimov, Isaac.I Robot.Granada, 1950. 2. Aliens and Science Fiction Card, Orson Scott. Ender's Game. Starscape, 2002.

UNIT IV: Novels of Time Travel -1. Travel into future a. H. G. Well's Time Machine. 2. Travel into past a. Asimov, Isaac and Robert Silverberg. Child of Time.Tor, 1993.

UNIT V : Novels on Women's Issues - 1. Man Controlling Women a. Shelley, Mary. Frankenstein.1818; Barnes and Noble, 2009. 2. Varied Identities of Women b. RUSS, JOANNA. THE FEMALE MAN. BEACON PRESS, 2000

REFERENCES

1. Seed, David. "Science Fiction: A Very Short Introduction". OUP, 2011.
2. Roberts, Adam. "Science Fiction". 2 revised. Routledge, 2005.
3. Moylan, Tom and RaffaellaBaccolini. "Dark Horizons: Science Fiction and the Dystopian Imagination". Routledge, 2003.
4. Little, Judith.A. "Feminist philosophy and science fiction: utopias and dystopias", Prometheus Press, 2007.
5. Atwood, Margaret. "In Other Worlds".Anchor, 2012.
6. Reid, Robin.A. "Women in Science Fiction and Fantasy".Greenwood Press, 2009. 7. Schneider, Susan. "Science Fiction and Philosophy: From Time Travel to Superintelligence", Wiley Blackwell, 2009.
7. Drout, Michael D.C. From "Here to Infinity: An Exploration of Science Fiction Literature",. 7 CDs. Published in 2006 by Recorded Books.
8. Melzer, Patricia. "Alien Constructions: Science Fiction and Feminist Thought", University of Texas Press, 2006.