



**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

(Permanently Affiliated to JNTUH, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Accredited by NBA, NAAC)  
Sheriguda Village, Ibrahimpatnam Mandal, Ranga Reddy Dist. – 501 510

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**  
**(ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)**

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABI FOR**  
**II YEAR – I & II SEMESTERS**  
**UNDER AUTONOMOUS STATUS FOR THE BATCHES ADMITTED FROM**  
**THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020 – 21**

**B.Tech. Regular Four Year Degree Programme**  
**(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2020–21)**  
**&**  
**B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)**  
**(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2021 - 22)**

Note: The regulations here under are subject to amendments as may be made by the Academic Council of the College from time to time. Any or all such amendments will be effective from such date and to such batches of candidates (including those already undergoing the program) as may be decided by the Academic Council.



## **SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY** (An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

(Permanently Affiliated to JNTUH, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Accredited by NBA, NAAC)  
Sheriguda Village, Ibrahimpatnam Mandal, Ranga Reddy Dist. – 501 510

### ***Vision of the Institute***

**To be a premier institution in engineering & technology  
and management for competency, values and social  
consciousness**

### ***Mission of the Institute***

- IM<sub>1</sub>: Provide high quality academic programs, training activities and research facilities.**
- IM<sub>2</sub>: Promote continuous industry – institute interaction aimed at promoting employability, entrepreneurship, leadership and research aptitude among stakeholders**
- IM<sub>3</sub>: Contribute the economic and technological development of the region, state and Nation.**



## **SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY** (An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

(Permanently Affiliated to JNTUH, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Accredited by NBA, NAAC)  
Sheriguda Village, Ibrahimpatnam Mandal, Ranga Reddy Dist. – 501 510

### **VISION of the Department**

**To be a technologically adaptive centre for computing by grooming the students as top notch professionals.**

### **MISSION of the Department**

- DM1:** To offer quality education in computing.
- DM2:** To provide an environment that enables overall development of all the stakeholders.
- DM3:** To impart training on emerging technologies like Data Analytics, Artificial Intelligence and Internet of Things.
- DM4:** To encourage participation of stakeholders in Research and Development.

## PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs):

<b>PO1</b>	<b>Engineering Knowledge:</b> Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
<b>PO2</b>	<b>Problem Analysis:</b> Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
<b>PO3</b>	<b>Design / Development of Solutions:</b> Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
<b>PO4</b>	<b>Conduct investigations of complex problems:</b> Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
<b>PO5</b>	<b>Modern tool usage:</b> Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
<b>PO6</b>	<b>The engineer and society:</b> Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
<b>PO7</b>	<b>Environment and sustainability:</b> Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
<b>PO8</b>	<b>Ethics:</b> Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
<b>PO9</b>	<b>Individual and team work:</b> Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
<b>PO10</b>	<b>Communication:</b> Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
<b>PO11</b>	<b>Project management and finance:</b> Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
<b>PO12</b>	<b>Life-long learning:</b> Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

## **PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):**

<b>PSO1</b>	To develop software projects using standard practices and suitable programming environment.
<b>PSO2</b>	To identify, formulate and solve the real life problems faced in the society, industry and other areas by applying the skills of the programming languages, networks and databases learned.
<b>PSO3</b>	To apply computer science knowledge in exploring and adopting latest technologies in various inter-disciplinary research activities.

## **PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)**

- PEO1: Higher Studies:** Graduate with an ability to pursue higher studies and get employment in reputed institutions and organizations.
- PEO2: Domain Knowledge:** Graduate with an ability to design and develop a product.
- PEO3: Professional Career:** Graduate with excellence by multidisciplinary approach to achieve successful professional career.
- PEO4: Life Long Learning:** Graduate with an ability to learn advanced skills to face professional competence through life long learning.



# **SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

**(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)**

## **ACADEMIC REGULATIONS 2020 (BR20) FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) B.TECH. DEGREE COURSES**

**(Applicable for Students admitted from the academic year 2020-2021)**

### **PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURES**

- “Autonomous Institute / College” means an institute / college designated as autonomous institute / college by the UGC, New Delhi and JNTUH Statutes, 2014.
- “Academic Autonomy” means freedom to a College in all aspects of conducting its academic programs granted by the University for promoting excellence.
- “Commission” means University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi.
- “AICTE” means All India Council for Technical Education.
- “University” means the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad.
- “College” means SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, Hyderabad unless indicated otherwise by the context.
- “Programme” means: Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech) degree programme
- “Branch” means specialization in a programme like B.Tech degree programme in Electronics and Communication Engineering, B.Tech degree programme in Computer Science and Engineering etc
- “Course” or “Subject” means a theory or practical subject, identified by its course – number and course-title, which is normally studied in a semester. For example, R20MTH1101: Mathematics - I, R20CSE1101 : Programming for Problem Solving etc.
- T – Tutorial, P – Practical, D – Drawing, L - Theory, C – Credits



# SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

## ACADEMIC REGULATIONS 2020 (BR20) FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) B.TECH. DEGREE COURSES

(Applicable for Students admitted from the academic year 2020-2021)

### 1 Courses of study

The following courses of study (Branches) are offered at present by the college with specialization in the B. Tech. Course:

Sl. No.	Branch Code	Branch
1	1	CIVIL ENGINEERING
2	2	ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING
3	3	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
4	4	ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
5	5	COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
6	12	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
7.	33	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
8.	67	CSE (DATA SCIENCE)
9.	66	CSE (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)
10.	62	CSE (CYBER SECURITY )
11.	69	CSE – INTERNET OF THINGS (IoT)

#### 1.1 Eligibility Criteria for Admission

The eligibility criteria for admission into First year of four year B.Tech. degree programme shall be as mentioned below:

- The candidate shall be an Indian National.
- The candidate should have completed 16 years of age as on 31<sup>st</sup> December of the academic year for which the admissions are being conducted
- Passed either Intermediate Public Examination (I.P.E) conducted by the Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana State, with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as optional subjects or any equivalent examination recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana State
- Seats in each programme in the Institution are classified into category-A and Category-B as per the Government Orders (G.Os.)

### 1.1.1 Category–A Seats:

These seats will be filled through counseling as per the rank at the Common Entrance Test (EAMCET) conducted by the State Government and State Government G.Os. as per other admission criteria laid down in the G.Os.

### 1.1.2 Category-B Seats :

These seats will be filled by the institute as per the G.Os. Issued by State Government from time to time.

### 1.1.3 Category: Lateral Entry

The Candidates shall be admitted into the Third semester, based on the rank secured by the candidate at Engineering Common Entrance Test (ECET (FDH)) by the Convener, ECET

### 1.1.4 Medium of Instruction

The medium of instructions for the entire under graduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be English only.

## 2. B.Tech Program Structure

### 2.1 Semester Scheme

Each under graduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year divided into two semesters of 22 weeks ( $\geq 90$  instructional days) each, semester having – ‘Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) ’AND‘ Semester End Examination (SEE)’ under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) indicated by UGC, and curriculum/course structure as suggested by JNTUH & AICTE are followed.

**After eight academic years of course of study, the candidate is permitted to write only supplementary examinations for two more years** so that within 10 years the students can complete the B.Tech Degree.

The students, who fail to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within ten academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seats in B. Tech. course.

### 2.2 Credit Courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practical Periods: Credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for theory/ lecture (L) courses or Tutorials.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for laboratory/ practical (P) courses.
- Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

### 2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the under graduate programme (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The University has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description
1	Foundation Courses (FnC)	BS – Basic Sciences	Includes mathematics, physics and chemistry subjects
2		ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes fundamental engineering subjects
3		HS – Humanities and Social sciences	Includes subjects related to humanities, social sciences and management
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
5	Elective Courses (ElC)	PE – Professional Electives	Elective subjects which include interdisciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
6		OE – Open Electives	
7	Core Courses	Project Work	B.Tech. project or UG project or UG major project or Project Stage I & II
8		Industrial training/ Mini- project	Industrial training/ Summer Internship/ Industrial Oriented Mini-project/ Mini-project
9		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering. 1 or 2 Credit courses (subset of HS)
10	Minor courses	-	
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory courses (non-credit)

### 3 Attendance Requirements:

- 3.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (excluding attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab) for that semester. Two periods of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered, if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject.

- 3.2 Shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 3.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 3.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in no case be condoned.
- 3.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered.
- 3.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

#### 4 Academic Requirements:

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.3.

- 4.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (25 marks out of 70 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 4.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the seminar as required in the IV year I Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar evaluations.

#### 4.3 Promotion Rules

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first year first semester.
2	First year second semester to second year first semester	i) Regular course of study of first year second semester. ii) Must have secured at least 18 credits out of 37 credits i.e., 50% credits upto first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary

		examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
4	Second year second semester to third year first semester	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) Regular course of study of second year second semester.</li> <li>ii) Must have secured at least 47 credits out of 79 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.</li> </ul>
5	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
6	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) Regular course of study of third year second semester.</li> <li>ii) Must have secured at least 73 credits out of 123 credits i.e., 60% credits upto third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.</li> </ul>
7	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 4.4. A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA  $\geq 5.0$  (in each semester), and CGPA (at the end of each successive semester)  $\geq 5.0$ , (iv) passes all the mandatory courses, to successfully complete the under graduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA (at the end of under graduate programme), and shall be indicated in the grade card of IV year II semester.
- 4.5 A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure 'C' grade or above) then no SGPA/CGPA will be printed on the respective Grade Card. However he may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 4.6 A student detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be readmitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable. However, no grade allotments or SGPA/

CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.

- 4.7 A student detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.
- 4.8 Supplementary examinations in the failed subject only for five times, in addition to one regular attempt (total six attempts). If the student is unable to clear the subject in six attempts altogether, the student shall appear for the examination in the same subjects with the revised syllabus i.e, the syllabus of equivalent subjects prevailing for the regular students in that academic year. However if no subject with 'similar title is offered in the current regulations, the examination shall be conducted in the failed subject with the syllabus which the student studied during his/her regular course of study.

## 5 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of marks

The performance of a student in every subject/course (including Practical's and Project Stage – I & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 30 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 70 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).

- 5.1 For theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations conducted as per the academic calendar. Each mid examination is evaluated for 25 marks. First mid examination should be conducted for 1 to 2 ½ Units of syllabus and the second mid examination shall be conducted for 2 ½ to 5 Units of syllabus. The mid descriptive type exam paper consists of Section-A and Section-B.

Section-A [compulsory] consists of 5 short answer questions and each carries one mark.

Section-B consists of 6 questions out of which 4 are to be answered and each question carries 5 marks. The time duration of each mid examination is 90 minutes

Two assignments are to be given to students covering the syllabus of first mid and second Mid examinations and these assignments and Attendance are evaluated for 5 marks each. The first assignment shall be submitted before first mid examinations and second Assignment should be submitted before second mid examination.

At the end of the semester Internal Marks Maximum of 30 for the respective subjects are calculated as an average of the two midterm examinations

- 5.2 The semester end examinations (SEE) will be conducted for 70 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) Part- A for 20 marks, ii) Part - B for 50 marks.

**Part-A** is a compulsory question (numbered 1) consisting of **FIVE** short answer questions of four marks each and only one question to be set from a unit.

**Part-B** consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.

5.2.1 For subjects like **Engineering Graphics/Engineering Drawing**, the SEE shall consist of five questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions. There shall be no Part – A, and Part – B system.

5.2.2 For subjects like **Machine Drawing Practice/Machine Drawing**, the SEE shall be conducted for 70 marks consisting of two parts viz. (i) Part – A for 30 marks. 3 out of 4 questions must be answered, (ii) Part – B for 40 marks. Part – B is compulsory.

5.2.3 For the Subject Estimation, Costing and Project Management, the SEE paper should consist of Part- A, Part-B and Part C.

Part – A : 1 out of 2 questions from Unit – I for 30 Marks,

Part – B : 1 out of 2 questions from Unit – II for 10 Marks

Part – C : 3 out of 5 questions from Units – III, IV, V for 30 Marks.

5.3 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous internal evaluation during the semester for 30 marks of CIE and 70 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 30 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 15 marks conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned. The semester end examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher.

The external examiner shall be appointed by the Chief Superintendent in consultation with Dean/Controller of the Examination selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the HOD of the concern branch.

5.4 For the subject having design and/or drawing, (such as engineering graphics, engineering drawing, machine drawing, machine drawing practice and estimation), the distribution shall be 30 marks for continuous internal evaluation (15 marks for day-to-day work and 15 marks for internal tests) and 70 marks for semester end examination. There shall be two internal tests in a semester and the average of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.

5.5 For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the marks allotted) in the continuous internal evaluation for passing the subject/course. No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only ‘P’/‘F’ (Pass/Fail) shall be indicated in Grade Card.

- 5.6 There shall be a Technical seminar presentation in IV year I semester. For the Technical seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic, prepare a technical report, and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 100 internal marks. There shall be no semester end examination for the seminar.
- 5.7 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in IV year I semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of the Head of the Department and three Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is aimed to assess the student's understanding in various subjects studied during the B.Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There will be no internal assessment for the Comprehensive viva-voce.
- 5.8 There shall be an Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students will register for this immediately after III year II semester examinations and pursue it during summer vacation. Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in IV year I semester. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks.

The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, supervisor of the Industrial Oriented mini project/Summer Internship and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship.

- 5.9 The Project work shall be started by the student in the beginning of the IV year II Semester. Out of a total of 200 marks for the project work, 50 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 150 marks for the Semester end Examination. The Semester end Examination (viva-voce) shall be conducted by a committee comprising of an external examiner, Head of the Department and the project supervisor. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year II Semester. The Internal Evaluation shall be on the basis of three seminars conducted during the IV year II semester for 20 marks by the committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and senior faculty member of the Department and for 30 marks by the supervisor of the project.

## 6 Credit Transfer System for MOOCs against Open / Professional Electives

The credit transfers of MOOC (Offered by SWAYAM/NPTEL / COURSERA etc.) against Professional Electives (3-I,3-II) and Open electives (4-I, 4-II). These rules shall be applicable from Academic Year 2020-2021.

- 6.1 The student shall be required to submit an **Application form/ UNDERTAKING** for final approval for credit transfer of MOOC against open elective along with the photocopy of MOOC completion certificate to chairperson through HOD before the allotment of Professional Electives (3-I, 3-II) and Open electives (4-I, 4-II) to the UG/PG students.

- 6.2 Only those registered MOOC courses are allowed for Credit Transfer which have credits more than or equal to the credits assigned to Open Elective course or the MOOC course should be of minimum **4/8/12** weeks duration. The student can also choose to register and complete more than one MOOC of same or different subject areas. However, the total number of weeks of all such individual courses should be more than or equal to 4/8/12 and should either belong to SWAYAM-NPTEL OR otherwise COURSERA. However, the candidates have to submit MOOC certificate/certificates to acquire the total number of credits offered against the elective subject.

Credit Equivalence		
S. No.	Course Duration	Credit Equivalence for Transfer of Credits
<b>UG / PG</b>		
1	4 Weeks	1Credit
2	8 Weeks	2 Credits
3	12 Weeks	3 Credits

- 6.3 While transferring the credit from MOOC against open elective or professional elective, the student can opt following combinations of MOOC with the approval of coordinator and head of the department.

- I) for 3 credits:
- a) 12 Weeks **(1)** (or)
  - b) 8 Weeks **(1)** + 4 Weeks **(1)** (or)
  - c) 4 Weeks **(1)** + 4 Weeks **(1)** + 4 Weeks **(1)**

- II) for 2 Credits:
- a) 8 Weeks **(1)** (or)
  - b) 4 Weeks **(1)** + 4 Weeks **(1)**

- 6.4 Credit transfer shall not be allowed, if the contents and topic of the MOOC which is identical (20% overlapping is permissible) to any of the courses including Open Elective courses offered by any department for UG/PG students. It is the responsibility of the HOD to verify and recommend the courses requested by students is satisfying criteria 2.

- 6.5 Scores of the MOOC courses completed by the students on permitted platforms satisfying all above conditions are valid till **2** years. Only such MOOC courses/Scores will be considered for credit transfer.

- 6.6 If the MOOC course in which the student is interested does not fall in the parent discipline of the student and belongs to other Engineering disciplines existing at Basic Sciences/Humanities/Management, the Departmental coordinator will seek opinion of concerned HoD to verify the matching of content of MOOC with that of Open Elective courses/Professional Elective courses offered.

- 6.7 If the above mentioned conditions are fulfilled, the Departmental Interdisciplinary coordinator will recommend the case to coordinator, Interdisciplinary Courses for final approval and accordingly notify to the students. After getting approval from HoD, the student may register for the MOOC course he/she can be allowed for and complete the same as per the

requirements for credit transfer.

- 6.8 The coordinator, Interdisciplinary Courses, will consolidate the lists from all departments and submit the same for final approval. Chairperson will submit the list to Principal / Chairman. The final list will be forwarded to the Controller of Examination for further action.
- 6.9 The department/institution is not responsible for the registration of online MOOC. The candidates have to pay for registration of such courses.
- 6.10 Alternatively for online MOOC courses, the candidates have a choice to opt a subject from open/professional electives. The credit grade point mapping framework could be awarded based on the Grading Procedure para 7.2

## 7 Grading procedure

- 7.1 Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each theory subject, Laboratory / Practical's, Seminar, Industry Oriented Mini Project, and Project Stage – I & II. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 5 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- 7.2 As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

<b>% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course ( Class Intervals)</b>	<b>Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)</b>	<b>Grade Points</b>
<b>Greater than or equal to 90%</b>	<b>O (Outstanding)</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>80% and less than 90%</b>	<b>A<sup>+</sup> (Excellent)</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>70% and less than 80%</b>	<b>A (Very Good)</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>60% and less than 70%</b>	<b>B<sup>+</sup> (Good)</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>50% and less than 60%</b>	<b>B (Average)</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>40% and less than 50%</b>	<b>C (Pass)</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Below 40%</b>	<b>F(FAIL)</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Absent</b>	<b>F(Ab)</b>	<b>0</b>

- 7.3 A student who has obtained an 'F' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have 'failed' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.

- 7.4 To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, 'F(Ab)' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have 'failed'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 7.5 A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- 7.6 A student earns grade point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

$$\text{Credit points (CP)} = \text{Grade Point (GP)} \times \text{Credits} \dots \text{For a course}$$

- 7.7 A student passes the subject/ course only when  $GP \geq 5$  ('C' grade or above)
- 7.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points ( $\sum CP$ ) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to two decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

$$\text{SGPA} = \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i G_i \} / \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i \} \dots \text{For each semester,}$$

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects 'registered' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department),  $C_i$  is the no. of credits allotted to the  $i^{\text{th}}$  subject, and  $G_i$  represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that  $i^{\text{th}}$  subject.

- 7.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in all registered courses in all semesters, and the total number of credits registered in all the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to two decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

$$\text{CGPA} = \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j G_j \} / \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j \} \dots \text{for all S semesters registered}$$

**(i.e., up to and inclusive of S semesters,  $S \geq 2$ ),**

where 'M' is the total no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has 'registered' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters),  $C_j$  is the no. of credits allotted to the  $j^{\text{th}}$  subject, and  $G_j$  represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that  $j^{\text{th}}$  subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

**Illustration of calculation of SGPA:**

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	A	8	4 x 8 = 32
Course 2	4	O	10	4 x 10 = 40
Course 3	4	C	5	4 x 5 = 20
Course 4	3	B	6	3 x 6 = 18
Course 5	3	A+	9	3 x 9 = 27
Course 6	3	C	5	3 x 5 = 15
	21			152

$$\text{SGPA} = 152/21 = 7.24$$

**Illustration of calculation of CGPA up to 3rd semester:**

Semester	Course/Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Points (CP)
I	Course 1	3	A	8	24
I	Course 2	3	O	10	30
I	Course 3	3	B	6	18
I	Course 4	4	A	8	32
I	Course 5	3	A+	9	27
I	Course 6	4	C	5	20
II	Course 7	4	B	6	24
II	Course 8	4	A	8	32
II	Course 9	3	C	5	15
II	Course 10	3	O	10	30
II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 12	4	B	6	24
II	Course 13	4	A	8	32
II	Course 14	3	O	10	30
III	Course 15	2	A	8	16
III	Course 16	1	C	5	5
III	Course 17	4	O	10	40
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 19	4	B	6	24
III	Course 20	4	A	8	32
III	Course 21	3	B+	7	21
	<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>69</b>		<b>Total Credit Points</b>	<b>518</b>

$$\text{CGPA} = 518/69 = 7.51$$

7.10 Calculation process of CGPA will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8th semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8th semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. Programme.

7.11 For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, only the 'rounded off' values of the CGPAs will be used. SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam in that semester.

## 8 Grace Marks

Examination branch adds the grace marks, not exceeding 0.15% marks of the course total marks to one or two subjects in which the student failed if adding these grace marks helps the student to

- i) Pass in these one or two failed subjects and
- ii) Get eligibility to receive the degree.

These grace marks shall be added only when the candidate submits an undertaking stating that **"he/she will never apply for the supplementary exams conducted by the Institution in the future"** to the Principal.

## 9 Passing standards

A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a semester, if he secures a GP  $\geq 5$  ('C' grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when the student gets an SGPA  $\geq 5.00$  at the end of that particular semester); and he shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire under graduate programme, only when gets a CGPA  $\geq 5.00$  for the award of the degree as required.

After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, grade earned, etc.), credits earned.

## 10 Declaration of results

Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 6.6 to 6.9.

For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

$$\% \text{ of Marks} = (\text{final CGPA} - 0.5) \times 10$$

## 11 Award of degree

11.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA  $\geq 5.0$ ), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have '**Qualified**' for the award of B.Tech. degree in the chosen branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.

11.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 10.1 shall be placed in the following classes.

11.3 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme)  $\geq 8.00$ , and fulfilling the following conditions - shall be placed in '**First Class with Distinction**'. However, he

- A. Should have passed all the subjects/courses in **'first appearance'** within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
- B. Should have secured a CGPA  $\geq 8.00$ , at the end of each of the 8 sequential semesters, starting from I year I semester onwards.
- C. Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA  $\geq 8$  shall be placed in **'First Class'**.

- 11.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme)  $\geq 6.50$  but  $< 8.00$  shall be placed in **'First Class'**.
- 11.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme)  $\geq 5.50$  but  $< 6.50$ , shall be placed in **'Second Class'**.
- 11.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 10.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme)  $\geq 5.00$  but  $< 5.50$ , shall be placed in **'Pass Class'**.
- 11.7 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme)  $< 5.00$  will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

## 12 Withholding of Results

If the student has not paid the fees to the University at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

## 13. Transitory Regulations

Students who have discontinued or have been detained for want of attendance or any other academic requirements, may be considered for readmission as and when they become eligible. They have to take up Equivalent subjects, as substitute subject in place of repetition of subjects as decided by the Institute Academic Committee.

14. There shall be **no branch transfers** after the completion of admission process.

15. The decision of the Institute Academic Committee will be final in respect of equivalent subjects for those students who are transferred from other colleges. The procedure for permitting students to transfer from other colleges will be decided by the principal / Institute Academic Committee keeping the Government Rules concerned in view.

## 16. TERMINATION FROM THE PROGRAMME

The admission of a student to the programme may be terminated and the student is asked to leave the college in the following circumstances:

- i. The student fails to satisfy the requirements of the programme within the maximum period stipulated for that programme.
- ii. The student fails to satisfy the norms of discipline specified by the institute from time to time.

## 17. CURRICULUM

- i. For each programme being offered by the Institute, a Board of Studies (BOS) is constituted in accordance with AICTE / UGC / JNTUH statutes.
- ii. The BOS for a programme is completely responsible for designing the curriculum once in three years for that programme.

## 18. GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

**“Grievances and Redressal Committee” (General)** constituted by the principal shall deal with all grievances pertaining to the academic / administrative / disciplinary matters. The composition of the complaints cum redressal committee shall be:

Headed by Senior Faculty member

Heads of all departments

A senior lady staff member from each department (if available)

The committee constituted shall submit a report to the principal of the college, the penalty to be imposed. The Principal upon receipt of the report from the committee shall, after giving an opportunity of being heard to the person complained against, submit the case with the committee's recommendation to the Governing Body of the college. The Governing Body shall confirm with or without modification the penalty recommended after duly following the prescribed procedure.

## 19. MALPRACTICE PREVENTION COMMITTEE

A malpractice prevention committee shall be constituted to examine and punish the students who does malpractice / behaves indisciplinarily in examinations. The committee shall consist of:

Principal.

Subject expert of which the subject belongs to.

Head of the department of which the student belongs to.

The invigilator concerned.

In-charge Examination branch of the college.

The committee constituted shall conduct the meeting on the same day of examination or latest by next working day to the incidence and punish the student as per the guidelines prescribed by the JNTUH/SICET from time to time.

Any action on the part of candidate at the examination like trying to get undue advantage in the performance at examinations or trying to help another, or derive the same through unfair means is punishable according to the provisions contained hereunder. The involvement of the Staff, who are in charge of conducting examinations, valuing examination papers and preparing / keeping records of documents relating to the examinations in such acts (inclusive of providing incorrect or misleading information) that infringe upon the course of natural justice to one and all concerned at the examination shall be viewed seriously and recommended for award of appropriate punishment after thorough enquiry.

## 20. STUDENT'S FEEDBACK

It is necessary for the Colleges to obtain feedback from students on their course work and various academic activities conducted. For this purpose, suitable feedback forms

shall be devised by the College and the feedback obtained from the students regularly in confidence, by administering the feedback form in print or on-line in electronic form.

The feedback received from the students shall be discussed at various levels of decision making at the College and the changes/ improvements, if any, suggested shall be given due consideration for implementation.

## 21. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE

- i. Each student shall conduct himself / herself in a manner befitting his / her association with SICET.
- ii. He / she is expected not to indulge in any activity, which is likely to bring disrepute to the college.
- iii. He / she should show due respect and courtesy to the teachers, administrators, officers and employees of the college and maintain cordial relationships with fellow students.
- iv. Lack of courtesy and decorum unbecoming of a student (both inside and outside the college), willful damage or removal of Institute's property or belongings of fellow students, disturbing others in their studies, adoption of unfair means during examinations, breach of rules and regulations of the Institute, noisy and unruly behaviour and similar other undesirable activities shall constitute violation of code of conduct for the student.
- v. **Ragging in any form is strictly prohibited and is considered a serious offence. It will lead to the expulsion of the offender from the college.**
- vi. Violation of code of conduct shall invite disciplinary action which may include punishment such as reprimand, disciplinary probation, debarring from the examination, withdrawal of placement services, withholding of grades / degrees, cancellation of registration, etc., and even expulsion from the college.
- vii. Principal, based on the reports of the warden of Institute hostel, can reprimand, impose fine or take any other suitable measures against an inmate who violates either the code of conduct or rules and regulations pertaining to college hostel.
- viii. A student may be denied the award of degree / certificate even though he / she has satisfactorily completed all the academic requirements if the student is found guilty of offences warranting such an action.
- ix. Attendance is not given to the student during the suspension period.

## 22. Other Issues

The quality and standard of engineering professionals are closely linked with the level of the technical education system. As it is now recognized that these features are essential to develop the intellectual skills and knowledge of these professionals for being able to contribute to the society through productive and satisfying careers as *innovators, decision makers and/or leaders* in the global economy of the 21st century, it becomes necessary that certain improvements are introduced at different stages of their education system. These include:

- a) Selective admission of students to a programme, so that merit and

aptitude for the chosen technical branch or specialization are given due consideration.

- b) Faculty recruitment and orientation, so that qualified teachers trained in good teaching methods, technical leadership and student's motivation are available.
- c) Instructional/Laboratory facilities and related physical infrastructure, so that they are adequate and are at the contemporary level.
- d) Access to good library resources and Information & Communication Technology (**ICT**) facilities, to develop the student's *mind* effectively.

These requirements make it necessary for the College to introduce improvements like:

- a) Teaching-learning process on modern lines, to provide *Add-On Courses* for *audit/credit* in a number of peripheral areas useful for student's self development.
- b) Life-long learning opportunities for faculty, students and alumni, to facilitate their dynamic interaction with the society, industries and the world of work.
- c) Generous use of ICT and other modern technologies in everyday activities.

### 23. General

- i. Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- ii. The academic regulations should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- iii. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Principal is final.
- iv. In the case of any discrepancy/ambiguity/doubt arises in the above rules and regulations, the decision of the Principal shall be final.
- v. The College may change or amend any or all of the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students concerned with effect from the dates notified by the College.

**24. Academic Regulations for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)**

(Applicable for students admitted from the academic year 2021-2022)

- 24.1**
- i. A student shall register for all 123 credits and secure 123 credits with CGPA  $\geq 5$  from II year to IV year B.Tech. Programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree.
  - ii. A student who fails to fulfill the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech. programme and their admission stands cancelled.
  - iii. The same attendance regulations are adopted as that of B.Tech. Four year degree course.

**24.2 Promotion Rule**

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	iii) Regular course of study of second year second semester. iv) Must have secured at least 21 credits out of 42 credits i.e., 50% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	iii) Regular course of study of third year second semester. iv) Must have secured at least 51 credits out of 86 credits i.e., 60% credits upto third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 24.3** All the other regulations as applicable to B.Tech. 4 - year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)

<b>MALPRACTICES RULES DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS</b>		
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate, who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

**COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING)**

5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Asst. – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.

10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

***Note : Students are advised to read the above regulations thoroughly. Ignorance with regards to the regulations cannot be construed as an excuse.***

### Frequently asked Questions and Answers about autonomy

**1. Who grants Autonomy? UGC, Govt., AICTE or University**

In case of Colleges affiliated to a university and where statutes for grant of autonomy are ready, it is the respective University that finally grants autonomy.

**2. Shall SICET award its own Degrees?**

No. Degree will be awarded by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad with a mention of the name SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY on the Degree Certificate.

**3. What is the difference between a Deemed University and an Autonomy College?**

A Deemed University is fully autonomous to the extent of awarding its own Degree. A Deemed University is usually a Non-Affiliating version of a University and has similar responsibilities like any University. An Autonomous College enjoys Academic Autonomy alone. The University to which an autonomous college is affiliated will have checks on the performance of the autonomous college.

**4. How will the Foreign Universities or other stake – holders know that we are an Autonomous College?**

Autonomous status, once declared, shall be accepted by all the stake holders. Foreign Universities and Indian Industries will know our status through our college website.

**5. What is the change of Status for Students and Teachers if we become Autonomous?**

An autonomous college carries a prestigious image. Autonomy is actually earned out of continued past efforts on academic performances, capability of self-governance and the kind of quality education we offer.

**6. Who will check whether the academic standard is maintained / improved after Autonomy? How will it be checked?**

There is a built in mechanism in the autonomous working for this purpose. An Internal Committee called Academic Programme Evaluation Committee is a Non – Statutory body, which will keep a watch on the academics and keep its reports and recommendations every year. In addition to Academic Council, the highest academic body also supervises the academic matters. At the end of three years, there is an external inspection by the University for this purpose. The standards of our question papers, the regularity of academic calendar, attendance of students, speed and transparency of result declaration and such other parameters are involved in this process.

**7. Will the students of SICET as an Autonomous College qualify for University Medals and Prizes for academic excellence?**

No, SICET has instituted its own awards, medals, etc. for the academic performance of the students. However for all other events like sports, cultural and co-curricular organized by the University the students shall qualify.

**8. Can SICET have its own Convocation?**

No, since the University awards the Degree the Convocation will be that of the University.

**9. Can SICET give a provisional degree certificate?**

Since the examinations are conducted by SICET and the results are also declared by SICET, the college sends a list of successful candidates with their final percentage of marks to the University. Therefore with the prior permission of the University the college will be entitled to give the provisional certificate.

**10. Will Academic Autonomy make a positive impact on the Placements or Employability?**

Certainly. The number of students qualifying for placement interviews is expected to improve, due to rigorous and repetitive classroom teaching and continuous assessment, besides the autonomous status is more responsive to the needs of the industry. As a result, there will be a lot of scope for industry oriented skill development built-in into the system. The graduates from an autonomous college will therefore represent better employability.

**11. What is the proportion of Internal and External Assessment as an Autonomous College?**

Presently, it is 30% for internal assessment and 70% for external assessment. As the autonomy matures the internal assessment component shall be increased at the cost of external assessment.

**12. Will there be any Revaluation or Re-Examination System?**

No. There will not be any Revaluation system or Re-examination. But, there is a personal verification of the answer scripts.

**13. How fast Syllabi can be and should be changed?**

Autonomy allows us the freedom to change the syllabi as often as we need.

**14. Will the Degree be awarded on the basis of only final year performance?**

No. The percentage of marks will reflect the average performance of all the semesters put together.

**15. Who takes Decisions on Academic matters?**

The Academic Council of College is the top academic body and is responsible for all the academic decisions. Many decisions are also taken at the lower level like the BOS which are like Boards of Studies of the University.

**16. What is the role of Examination committee?**

The Exam Committee is responsible for the smooth conduct of inter and external examinations. All matters involving the conduct of examinations, spot valuations, tabulations, preparation of Memorandum of Marks etc fall within the duties of the Examination Committee.

**17. Is there any mechanism for Grievance Redressal?**

Yes, the college has grievance redressal committee, headed by a senior faculty member of the college.

**18. How many attempts are permitted for obtaining a Degree?**

All such matters are defined in Rules & Regulations.

**19. Who declares the result?**

The result declaration process is also defined. After tabulation work the entire result is reviewed by the Moderation Committee. Any unusual deviations or gross level discrepancies are deliberated and removed. The entire result is discussed in the College Academic Council for its approval. The result is then declared on the college notice boards as well put on the web site of the college. It is eventually sent to the University.

**20. What is our relationship with the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad?**

We remain an affiliated college of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad. The University has the right to nominate its members on the academic bodies of the college.

**21. Shall we require University approval if we want to start any New Courses?**

Yes, It is expected that approvals or such other matters from an autonomous college will receive priority.

**22. Shall we get autonomy for PG and Doctoral Programmes also?**

Yes, presently our PG programmes are also enjoying autonomous status.

**23. How many exams will be there as an autonomous college?**

This is defined in the Rules & Regulations.

**24. Is the College adapting Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) or Not ?**

Yes, this College has adapted CBCS system with effect from the Academic Year 2016-17.

**25. Note : What is Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)?**

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses (core, elective or minor or soft skill courses).

\*\*\*\*\*

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
 (An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)  
**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

**REGULATIONS – BR20**

**B. Tech. CSE (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING)**

**II YEAR I SEMESTER**

**COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R20CSE2201	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	3
2	R20CSE2101	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
3	R20MTH2104	Mathematical and Statistical Foundations	3	1	0	4
4	R20CSE2102	Computer Organization & Architecture	3	0	0	3
5	R20CSE2104	Python Programming	2	0	0	2
6	R20MBA2201	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
7	R20CSE21L1	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	R20CSE21L4	Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	R20MAC2100	Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	<b>17</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>21</b>

**II YEAR II SEMESTER**

**COURSE STRUCTURE**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R20CSE2206	Formal Language and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3
2	R20CSE2207	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
3	R20CSE2202	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4	R20CSE2203	Database Management Systems	3	1	0	4
5	R20CSE2204	Java Programming	3	1	0	4
6	R20CSE22L1	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	R20CSE22L2	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	R20CSE22L3	Java Programming Lab	0	0	2	1
9	R20MAC2200	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	<b>18</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>21</b>

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

**(R20CSE2201) Discrete Mathematics**

**Prerequisites:** An understanding of Mathematics in general is sufficient.

**Course Objectives**

- Introduces the elementary discrete mathematics for computer science and engineering.
- Topics include formal logic notation, methods of proof, induction, sets, relations, graph theory, permutations and combinations, counting principles; recurrence relations and generating functions.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand and construct precise mathematical proofs
- Ability to use logic and set theory to formulate precise statements
- Ability to analyze and solve counting problems on finite and discrete structures
- Ability to describe and manipulate sequences
- Ability to apply graph theory in solving computing problems

**UNIT - I**

**The Foundations:** Logic and Proofs: Propositional Logic, Applications of Propositional Logic, Propositional Equivalence, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers, Rules of Inference, Introduction to Proofs, Proof Methods and Strategy.

**UNIT - II**

Basic Structures, Sets, Functions, Sequences, Sums, Matrices and Relations Sets, Functions, Sequences & Summations, Cardinality of Sets and Matrices Relations, Relations and Their Properties, n-ary Relations and Their Applications, Representing Relations, Closures of Relations, Equivalence Relations, Partial Orderings.

**UNIT - III**

Algorithms, Induction and Recursion Algorithms, The Growth of Functions, Complexity of Algorithms Induction and Recursion: Mathematical Induction, Strong Induction and Well-Ordering, Recursive Definitions and Structural Induction, Recursive Algorithms, Program Correctness

**UNIT - IV**

Discrete Probability and Advanced Counting Techniques: An Introduction to Discrete Probability, Probability Theory, Bayes' Theorem, Expected Value and Variance  
Advanced Counting Techniques: Recurrence Relations, Solving Linear Recurrence Relations, Divide-and-Conquer Algorithms and Recurrence Relations, Generating Functions, Inclusion- Exclusion, Applications of Inclusion-Exclusion

**UNIT - V**

Graphs: Graphs and Graph Models, Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamilton Paths, Shortest-Path Problems, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring.

Trees: Introduction to Trees, Applications of Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory- Kenneth H Rosen, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH.

**REFERENCES BOOKS:**

1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science-J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, TMH,
2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians: Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed, Pearson Education.
3. Discrete Mathematics- Richard Johnsonbaugh, 7<sup>th</sup>Edn., Pearson Education.
4. Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory- Edgar G. Goodaire, Michael M. Parmenter.
5. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics - an applied introduction: Ralph.P. Grimald, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY****(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)****B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**(R20CSE2101) Data Structures**

Prerequisites: A course on “Programming for Problem Solving”.

**Course Objectives:**

- Exploring basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs.
- Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to select the data structures that efficiently model the information in a problem.
- Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and AVL-trees.

**UNIT - I**

Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

**UNIT - II**

Dictionaries: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations - insertion, deletion and searching.

Hash Table Representation: hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing.

**UNIT - III**

Search Trees: Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black, Splay Trees.

**UNIT - IV**

Graphs: Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

Sorting: Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort.

**UNIT - V**

Pattern Matching and Tries: Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data Structures using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B.A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)**

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
3	1	0	4

**(R20MTH2104) Mathematical and Statistical Foundations**

**Prerequisites:** Mathematics courses of first year of study.

**Course Objectives:**

- The Number Theory basic concepts useful for cryptography etc
- The theory of Probability, and probability distributions of single random variables
- The sampling theory and testing of hypothesis and making inferences
- Stochastic process and Markov chains.

**Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this course, the student must be able to

- Apply the number theory concepts to cryptography domain
- Apply the concepts of probability and distributions to some case studies
- Correlate the material of one unit to the material in other units
- Resolve the potential misconceptions and hazards in each topic of study.

**UNIT - I**

**Greatest Common Divisors and Prime Factorization:** Greatest common divisors, The Euclidean algorithm, The fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Factorization of integers and the Fermat numbers

**Congruences: Introduction to congruences, Linear congruences, The Chinese remainder theorem, Systems of linear congruences**

**UNIT - II**

**Simple Linear Regression and Correlation:** Introduction to Linear Regression, The Simple Linear Regression Model, Least Squares and the Fitted Model, Properties of the Least Squares Estimators, Inferences Concerning the Regression Coefficients, Prediction, Simple Linear Regression Case Study Random Variables and Probability Distributions: Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions, Statistical Independence.

**Discrete Probability Distributions:** Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution.

**UNIT - III**

**Continuous Probability Distributions:** Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial

**Fundamental Sampling Distributions:** Random Sampling, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, Sampling Distribution of  $S^2$ , t-Distribution, F- Distribution.

**UNIT - IV**

**Estimation & Tests of Hypotheses:** Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation. Estimating the Mean, Standard Error of a Point Estimate, Prediction Intervals, Tolerance Limits, Estimating the Variance, Estimating a Proportion for single mean, Difference between Two Means, between Two Proportions for Two Samples and Maximum Likelihood Estimation.

**UNIT - V**

**Stochastic Processes and Markov Chains:** Introduction to Stochastic processes- Markov process. Transition Probability, Transition Probability Matrix, First order and Higher order Markov process, nstep transition probabilities, Markov chain, Steady state condition, Markov analysis.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Elementary number theory & its applications, sixth edition, Addison- Wesley, ISBN 978 0-321-50031-1
2. Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye, Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists, 9th Ed. Pearson Publishers.
3. S C Gupta and V K Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical statistics, Khanna publications
4. T.T. Soong, Fundamentals of Probability And Statistics For Engineers, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2004.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Sheldon M Ross, Probability and statistics for Engineers and scientists, Academic Press.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
3	0	0	3

**(R20CSE2102) Computer Organization & Architecture**

**Co-requisite:** A Course on “Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors”.

**Course Objectives:**

- The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, microprogrammed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

**Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the basics of instructions sets and their impact on processor design.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
- Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory.
- Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.
- Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers

**UNIT - I**

**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

**Register Transfer Language and Micro operations:** Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt.

**UNIT - II**

**Microprogrammed Control:** Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.

**UNIT - III**

**Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

**Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access.

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

#### **UNIT - V**

**Reduced Instruction Set Computer:** CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processor.

**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Interprocessor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

**1. Computer System Architecture – M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI.**

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Computer Organization – Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, Safea Zaky, V<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
3. Structured Computer Organization – Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI/Pearson.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
2	0	0	2

**(R20CSE2104) Python Programming**

**Prerequisites:** A course on “Programming for Problem Solving using C”.

**Course Objectives:**

- Learn Syntax and Semantics and create Functions in Python.
- Handle Strings and Files in Python.
- Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular expressions in Python.
- Implement Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- Build Web Services and introduction to Network and Database Programming in Python.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Examine Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
- Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
- Create, run and manipulate Python Programs using core data structures like Lists, Dictionaries and use Regular Expressions.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.

**UNIT - I**

Python Basics, Objects- Python Objects, Standard Types, Other Built-in Types, Internal Types, Standard Type Operators, Standard Type Built-in Functions, Categorizing the Standard Types, Unsupported Types

Numbers - Introduction to Numbers, Integers, Floating Point Real Numbers, Complex Numbers, Operators, Built-in Functions, Related Modules

Sequences - Strings, Lists, and Tuples, Mapping and Set Types

**UNIT - II**

FILES: File Objects, File Built-in Function [ open() ], File Built-in Methods, File Built-in Attributes, Standard Files, Command-line Arguments, File System, File Execution, Persistent Storage Modules, Related Modules

Exceptions: Exceptions in Python, Detecting and Handling Exceptions, Context Management, \*Exceptions as Strings, Raising Exceptions, Assertions, Standard Exceptions, \*Creating Exceptions, Why Exceptions (Now)?, Why Exceptions at All?, Exceptions and the sys Module, Related Modules  
Modules: Modules and Files, Namespaces, Importing Modules, Importing Module Attributes, Module Built-in Functions, Packages, Other Features of Modules

**UNIT - III**

Regular Expressions: Introduction, Special Symbols and Characters, Res and Python

Multithreaded Programming: Introduction, Threads and Processes, Python, Threads, and the Global

Interpreter Lock, Thread Module, Threading Module, Related Modules

**UNIT - IV**

GUI Programming: Introduction, Tkinter and Python Programming, Brief Tour of Other GUIs, Related Modules and Other GUIs

WEB Programming: Introduction, Web Surfing with Python, Creating Simple Web Clients, Advanced Web Clients, CGI-Helping Servers Process Client Data, Building CGI Application  
Advanced CGI, Web (HTTP) Servers

**UNIT - V**

Database Programming: Introduction, Python Database Application Programmer's Interface (DB-API), Object Relational Managers (ORMs), Related Modules

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Core Python Programming, Wesley J. Chun, Second Edition, Pearson.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
2. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage
3. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
4. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, O'Really

## SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

### (R20MBA2201) Business Economics & Financial Analysis

**Objectives:**

To enable the student to understand and appreciate, with a particular insight, the importance of certain basic issues governing the business operations namely; demand and supply, production function, cost analysis, markets, forms of business organizations, capital budgeting and financial accounting and financial analysis.

**Unit I**

**Introduction & Demand Analysis:** Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. Elasticity of Demand: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand Forecasting, Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting.

**Unit II**

**Production & Cost Analysis:** Production Function - Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Cobb-Douglas Production function, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Cost Analysis: Cost concepts. Break-even Analysis (BEA)- Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance.

**Unit III**

**Markets & New Economic Environment:** Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition. Price-Output Determination in case of Perfect Competition and Monopoly. Pricing: Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. Business: Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Public Enterprises and their types, New Economic Environment: Changing Business Environment in Post-liberalization scenario.

**Unit IV**

**Capital Budgeting:** Capital and its significance, Types of Capital, Estimation of Fixed and Working capital requirements, Methods and sources of raising capital - Trading Forecast, Capital Budget, Cash Budget. Capital Budgeting: features of capital budgeting proposals, Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

**Unit V**

**Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis:** Accounting concepts and Conventions - Introduction IFRS - Double - Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance - Final Accounts (Trasing Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). Financial Analysis: Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability ratios. Du Pont Chart.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2009.
2. S.A. Siddiqui & A.S. Siddiqui, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age international Publishers, Hyderabad 2013.

3. M. Kasi Reddy & Saraswathi, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, PHI New Delhi, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2012.
2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2012.
3. Lipsey & Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, 2012.
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson, 2012.
5. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting - A Managerial Perspective, Pearson, 2012.
6. S.N. Maheswari & S.K. Maheswari, Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2012.
7. Truet and Truet: Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases, Wiley, 2012.
8. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics, Vikas, 2012.
9. Shailaja & Usha: MEFA, University Press, 2012.
10. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH, 2012.
11. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Cengage 2011.
12. J.V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers, 2011.

**Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will

- Understand the market dynamics namely, demand and supply, demand forecasting, elasticity of demand and supply, pricing methods and pricing in different market structures.
- Gain an insight into how production function is carried out to achieve least cost combination of inputs and cost analysis.
- Develop an understanding of
- Analyse how capital budgeting decisions are carried out.
- Understanding the framework for both manual and computerised accounting process
- Know how to analyse and interpret the financial statements through ratio analysis.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

**L T P C**  
0 0 3 1.5

**(R20CSE21L1) Data Structures Lab**

**Prerequisites:** A Course on “Programming for problem solving”.

**Course Objectives:**

- It covers various concepts of C programming language
- It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to develop C programs for computing and real-life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- Ability to Implement searching and sorting algorithms

**List of Experiments**

1. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:  
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on doubly linked list.:  
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list.:  
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
4. Write a program that implement stack (its operations) using  
i) Arrays ii) Pointers
5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using  
i) Arrays ii) Pointers
6. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order  
i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort iii) Insertion sort
7. Write a program that use both recursive and non-recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:  
i) Linear search ii) Binary search
8. Write a program to implement the tree traversal methods.
9. Write a program to implement the graph traversal methods.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, *Universities Press*.
2. Data Structures using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M. J. Augenstein, *PHI/ Pearson Education*.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B. A. Forouzan, Cengage *Learning*.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
0	0	3	1.5

**(R20CSE21L4) Python Programming Lab**

**Prerequisites:** A course on “Programming for Problem Solving”.

**Course Objectives**

- To be able to introduce core programming basics and program design with functions using Python programming language.
- To understand a range of Object-Oriented Programming, as well as in-depth data and information processing techniques.
- To understand the high-performance programs designed to strengthen the practical expertise.

**Course Outcome**

- Student should be able to understand the basic concepts scripting and the contributions of scripting language
- Ability to explore python especially the object-oriented concepts, and the built in objects of Python.
- Ability to create practical and contemporary applications such as TCP/IP network programming, Web applications, discrete event simulations

**List of Experiments:**

1. Write a program to demonstrate different number data types in Python.
2. Write a program to perform different Arithmetic Operations on numbers in Python.
3. Write a program to create, concatenate and print a string and accessing sub-string from a given string.
4. Write a python script to print the current date in the following format “Sun May 29 02:26:23 IST 2017”
5. Write a program to create, append, and remove lists in python.
6. Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.
7. Write a program to demonstrate working with dictionaries in python.
8. Write a python program to find largest of three numbers.
9. Write a Python program to convert temperatures to and from Celsius, Fahrenheit. [ Formula :  $c/5 = f-32/9$  ]
10. Write a Python program to construct the following pattern, using a nested for loop

```
*
**
***
****
*****
*****
****
***
**
*
```

\* \*

\*

11. Write a Python script that prints prime numbers less than 20.
12. Write a python program to find factorial of a number using Recursion.
13. Write a program that accepts the lengths of three sides of a triangle as inputs. The program output should indicate whether or not the triangle is a right triangle (Recall from the Pythagorean Theorem that in a right triangle, the square of one side equals the sum of the squares of the other two sides).
14. Write a python program to define a module to find Fibonacci Numbers and import the module to another program.
15. Write a python program to define a module and import a specific function in that module to another program.
16. Write a script named copyfile.py. This script should prompt the user for the names of two text files. The contents of the first file should be input and written to the second file.
17. Write a program that inputs a text file. The program should print all of the unique words in the file in alphabetical order.
18. Write a Python class to convert an integer to a roman numeral.
19. Write a Python class to implement  $\text{pow}(x, n)$
20. Write a Python class to reverse a string word by word.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
0	0	2	0

**(R20MAC2100) Gender Sensitization Lab**

**Course Objectives:**

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

**UNIT – I UNDERSTANDING GENDER:**

Gender: Why Should We Study It? (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -1) Socialization: Making Women, Making Men (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -2) Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

**UNIT – II GENDER AND BIOLOGY Missing Women:**

Sex Selection and Its Consequences (Towards a World of Equals: Unit-4) Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences. Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -10) Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

**UNIT – III GENDER AND LABOUR Housework:**

The Invisible Labour (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -3) “My Mother doesn’t Work.” “Share the Load.” Women’s Work: Its Politics and Economics (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -7) Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Reading: Wages and Conditions of Work.

**UNIT – IV ISSUES OF VIOLENCE Sexual Harassment:**

Say No! (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -6) Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: “Chupulu”. Domestic Violence: Speaking Out (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -8) Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading: New Forums for Justice. Thinking about Sexual Violence (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -11) Blaming the Victim-“I Fought for my Life...” – Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

**UNIT – V GENDER : CO – EXISTENCE Just Relationships:**

Being Together as Equals (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -12) Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

**Prescribed Textbook :** All the five Units in the Textbook, “Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender” written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu and published by Telugu Akademi, Hyderabad, Telangana State in the year 2015.

**Note:** Since it is an Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012
- Abdulali Sohaila. “I Fought For My Life...and Won.” Available online at: <http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/>

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
3	0	0	3

**(R20CSE2206) Formal Language and Automata Theory**

**Course Objectives:**

- To provide introduction to some of the central ideas of theoretical computer science from the perspective of formal languages.
- To introduce the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
- Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.
- Employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- To understand deterministic and non-deterministic machines.
- To understand the differences between decidability and undecidability.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Able to understand the concept of abstract machines and their power to recognize the languages.
- Able to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
- Able to design context free grammars for formal languages.
- Able to distinguish between decidability and undecidability.
- Able to gain proficiency with mathematical tools and formal methods.

**UNIT - I**

Introduction to Finite Automata: Structural Representations, Automata and Complexity, the Central Concepts of Automata Theory – Alphabets, Strings, Languages, Problems.

Nondeterministic Finite Automata: Formal Definition, an application, Text Search, Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions.

Deterministic Finite Automata: Definition of DFA, How A DFA Process Strings, The language of DFA, Conversion of NFA with  $\epsilon$ -transitions to NFA without  $\epsilon$ -transitions. Conversion of NFA to DFA, Moore and Melay machines

**UNIT - II**

Regular Expressions: Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Conversion of Finite Automata to Regular Expressions.

Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages, Statement of the pumping lemma, Applications of the Pumping Lemma.

Closure Properties of Regular Languages: Closure properties of Regular languages, Decision Properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.

### UNIT - III

Context-Free Grammars: Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, the Language of a Grammar, Sentential Forms, Parse Trees, Applications of Context-Free Grammars, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages. Push Down Automata: Definition of the Pushdown Automaton, the Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, Acceptance by final state, Acceptance by empty stack, Deterministic Pushdown Automata. From CFG to PDA, From PDA to CFG.

### UNIT - IV

Normal Forms for Context-Free Grammars: Eliminating useless symbols, Eliminating  $\epsilon$ -Productions. Chomsky Normal form Greibach Normal form.

Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages: Statement of pumping lemma, Applications

Closure Properties of Context-Free Languages: Closure properties of CFL's, Decision Properties of CFL's

Turing Machines: Introduction to Turing Machine, Formal Description, Instantaneous description, The language of a Turing machine

### UNIT - V

Types of Turing machine: Turing machines and halting

Undecidability: Undecidability, A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That is RE, Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines, Recursive languages, Properties of recursive languages, Post's Correspondence Problem, Modified Post Correspondence problem, Other Undecidable Problems, Counter machines.

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education.
2. Theory of Computer Science – Automata languages and computation, Mishra and Chandrashekar, 2nd edition, PHI.

### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martin, TMH.
2. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
3. A Text book on Automata Theory, P. K. Srimani, Nasir S. F. B, Cambridge University Press.
4. Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Michael Sipser, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Cengage Learning.
5. Introduction to Formal languages Automata Theory and Computation Kamala Krithivasan, Rama R, Pearson.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**(R20CSE2207) Software Engineering**

**Course Objectives**

- The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

**Course Outcomes**

- Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

**UNIT - I**

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths.

A Generic view of process: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

Process models: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

**UNIT - II**

Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

System models: Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

**UNIT - III**

Design Engineering: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model.

Creating an architectural design: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

#### **UNIT - V**

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

Quality Management: Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley.
2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
3. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**(R20CSE2202) Operating Systems**

**Prerequisites:**

- A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”.
- A course on “Computer Organization and Architecture”.

**Course Objectives:**

- Introduce operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection)
- Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

**Course Outcomes:**

- Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
- Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computer and their respective roles in computing.
- Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
- Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

**UNIT - I**

Operating System - Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls

**UNIT - II**

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling.

System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec

**UNIT - III**

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors  
Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory.

**UNIT - IV**

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms.

#### **UNIT - V**

File System Interface and Operations -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management. Usage of open, create, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl system calls.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R. Stevens, Pearson education.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
2. Operating System A Design Approach- Crowley, TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI
4. UNIX programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/ Pearson Education
5. UNIX Internals -The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
**3 1 0 4**

**(R20CSE2203) Database Management Systems**

**Prerequisites**

1. A course on “Data Structures”.

**Course Objectives**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
- Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
- Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

**UNIT - I**

Database System Applications: A Historical Perspective, File Systems versus a DBMS, the Data Model, Levels of Abstraction in a DBMS, Data Independence, Structure of a DBMS

Introduction to Database Design: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes, and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design With the ER Model

**UNIT - II**

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views.

Relational Algebra, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus.

**UNIT - III**

SQL: QUERIES, CONSTRAINTS, TRIGGERS: form of basic SQL query, UNION, INTERSECT, and

EXCEPT, Nested Queries, aggregation operators, NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases.

Schema Refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, multi-valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

**UNIT - IV**

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions.

#### **UNIT - V**

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, *Mc Graw hill*, V edition.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
**3 1 0 4**

**(R20CSE2204) Java Programming**

**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the object-oriented programming concepts.
- To understand object-oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- To introduce the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrate how they relate to the design of abstract classes
- To introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces
- To introduce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.
- To introduce the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swing controls.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Able to solve real world problems using OOP techniques.
- Able to understand the use of abstract classes.
- Able to solve problems using java collection framework and I/o classes.
- Able to develop multithreaded applications with synchronization.
- Able to develop applets for web applications.
- Able to design GUI based applications

**UNIT - I**

Object-Oriented Thinking- A way of viewing world – Agents and Communities, messages and methods, Responsibilities, Classes and Instances, Class Hierarchies- Inheritance, Method binding, Overriding and Exceptions, Summary of Object-Oriented concepts. Java buzzwords, An Overview of Java, Data types, Variables and Arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, Introducing classes, Methods and Classes, String handling.

Inheritance– Inheritance concept, Inheritance basics, Member access, Constructors, Creating Multilevel hierarchy, super uses, using final with inheritance, Polymorphism-ad hoc polymorphism, pure polymorphism, method overriding, abstract classes, Object class, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance.

**UNIT - II**

Packages- Defining a Package, CLASSPATH, Access protection, importing packages.

Interfaces- defining an interface, implementing interfaces, Nested interfaces, applying interfaces, variables in interfaces and extending interfaces.

Stream based I/O (java.io)– The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, The Console class, Serialization, Enumerations, auto boxing, generics.

**UNIT - III**

Exception handling - Fundamentals of exception handling, Exception types, Termination or resumptive models, Uncaught exceptions, using try and catch, multiple catch clauses, nested try statements, throw,

throws and finally, built-in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

Multithreading- Differences between thread-based multitasking and process-based multitasking, Java thread model, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication.

#### UNIT - IV

The Collections Framework (java.util)- Collections overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection classes- Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set, Priority Queue, Array Deque. Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each alternative, Map Interfaces and Classes, Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays, The Legacy Classes and Interfaces- Dictionary, Hashtable, Properties, Stack, Vector

More Utility classes, String Tokenizer, Bit Set, Date, Calendar, Random, Formatter, Scanner

#### UNIT - V

GUI Programming with Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers. Understanding Layout Managers, Flow Layout, Border Layout, Grid Layout, Card Layout, Grid Bag Layout.

Event Handling- The Delegation event model- Events, Event sources, Event Listeners, Event classes, Handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes, Inner classes, Anonymous Inner classes.

A Simple Swing Application, Applets – Applets and HTML, Security Issues, Applets and Applications, passing parameters to applets. Creating a Swing Applet, Painting in Swing, A Paint example, Exploring Swing Controls- JLabel and Image Icon, JText Field, The Swing Buttons- JButton, JToggleButton, JCheckBox, JRadioButton, JTabbedPane, JScrollPane, JList, JComboBox, Swing Menus, Dialogs.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Java The complete reference, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Herbert Schildt, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
2. Understanding Object-Oriented Programming with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons
2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
3. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, University Press.
4. Programming in Java, S. Malhotra, S. Chudhary, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Oxford Univ. Press.
5. Java Programming and Object-oriented Application Development, R. A. Johnson, Cengage Learning.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
**0 0 3 1.5**

**(R20CSE22L1) Operating Systems Lab**

**Course Objectives:**

- To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

**Course Outcomes:**

- Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management and memory management.
- Able to implement C programs using Unix system calls

**List of Experiments:**

1. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms  
a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) priority
2. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system (open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)
3. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.
4. Write a C program to implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.
5. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms  
a) Pipes b) FIFOs c) Message Queues d) Shared Memory
6. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniques  
a) Paging b) Segmentation

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley.
2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W. R. Stevens, *Pearson* education.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, Fifth Edition– 2005, Pearson Education/PHI.
2. Operating System - A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI.
4. UNIX Programming Environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/Pearson Education.
5. UNIX Internals: The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

**L T P C**  
0 0 3 1.5

**(R20CSE22L2) Database Management Systems Lab**

**Co-requisites:**

- Database Management Systems.

**Course Objectives**

- Introduce ER data model, database design and normalization
- Learn SQL basics for data definition and data manipulation

**Course Outcomes**

- Design database schema for a given application and apply normalization
- Acquire skills in using SQL commands for data definition and data manipulation.
- Develop solutions for database applications using procedures, cursors and triggers

**List of Experiments**

1. Concept design with E-R Model
2. Relational Model
3. Normalization
4. Practicing DDL commands
5. Practicing DML commands
6. Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
7. Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
8. Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger)
9. Procedures
10. Usage of Cursors

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw Hill, V edition.

**REFERENCES BOOKS:**

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, *Pearson Education*
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J. Date, *Pearson Education*
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S. Shah and V. Shah, *SPD*.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, *PHI*.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, *Wiley Student Edition*.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
0	0	2	1

**(R20CSE22L3) Java Programming Lab**

**Course Objectives:**

- To write programs using abstract classes.
- To write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- To write multithreaded programs.
- To write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform.
- To impart hands on experience with java programming.

**Course Outcomes:**

- Able to write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- Able to write programs using abstract classes.
- Able to write multithreaded programs.
- Able to write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.

**Note:**

1. Use LINUX and MySQL for the Lab Experiments. Though not mandatory, encourage the use of Eclipse platform.
2. The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

**List of Experiments:**

1. Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class, and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods, and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.
2. Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,\*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero.
3. a) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.  
b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named “Compute” is clicked.
4. Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were

not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box.

5. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
6. Write a Java program for the following:
  - Create a doubly linked list of elements.
  - Delete a given element from the above list.
  - Display the contents of the list after deletion.
7. Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with “Stop” or “Ready” or “Go” should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
8. Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle, and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.
9. Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.
10. Write a Java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired (Use Adapter classes).
11. Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
12. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer – consumer problem using the concept of interthread communication.
13. Write a Java program to list all the files in a directory including the files present in all its subdirectories.
14. Write a Java program that implements Quick sort algorithm for sorting a list of names in ascending order

15. Write a Java program that implements Bubble sort algorithm for sorting in descending order and also shows the number of interchanges occurred for the given set of integers.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Java for Programmers, P. J. Deitel and H. M. Deitel, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition *Pearson* education.
2. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, *Pearson* Education.
3. Java Programming, D. S. Malik and P. S. Nair, *Cengage* Learning.
4. Core Java, Volume 1, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Cay S. Horstmann and G Cornell, *Pearson*.

**SRI INDU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
(An Autonomous Institution under UGC, New Delhi)

**B.Tech. - II Year – II Semester**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	0

**(R20MAC2200) Intellectual Property Rights**

**UNIT – I: Introduction to Intellectual property:**

Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

**UNIT – II: Trade Marks:**

Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

**UNIT – III: Law of copy rights :**

Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law. Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

**UNIT – IV: Trade Secrets:**

Trade secrete law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation. Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

**UNIT – V: New development of intellectual property:**

New developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits. International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

**TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:**

- Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
- Intellectual property right – Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tate McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.,