

EXPERIMENT-1

PROBLEM STATEMENT: Install the following on local machine

Apache Web Server

Install MySQL

Install PHP and configure it to work with apache web server and MySQL

Tomcat Application Server Locally

AIM: Installing and configuring Apache web server, MySQL with PHP in Linux Environment

PROCEDURE:

Step1: Install Apache Web server

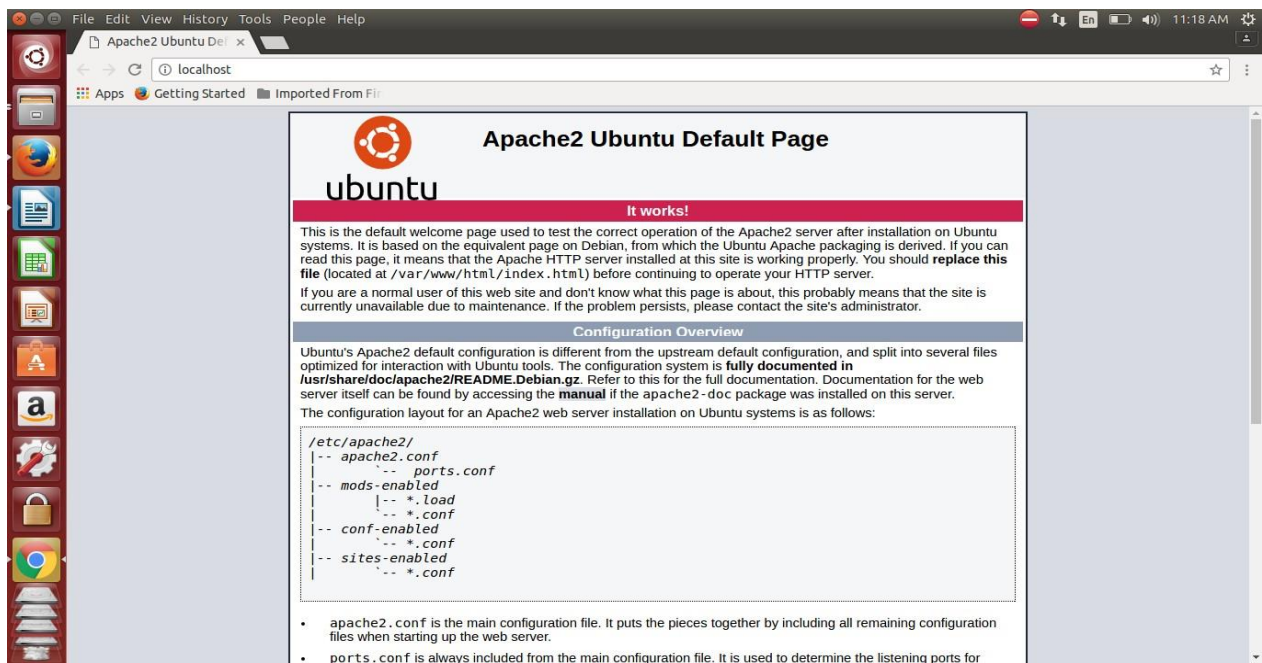
```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install apache2
```

To verify the installation use the following statement

`http://localhost` or `http://server-public-ip-address`

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page. The page title is "Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page" and it features the Ubuntu logo. A red banner with the text "It works!" is prominently displayed. Below this, there is a paragraph of text explaining the page's purpose and a "Configuration Overview" section with a code block showing the directory structure of the Apache2 configuration files.

```
File Edit View History Tools People Help
Apache2 Ubuntu Def x
localhost
Apps Getting Started Imported From Fir
Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page
ubuntu
It works!
This is the default welcome page used to test the correct operation of the Apache2 server after installation on Ubuntu systems. It is based on the equivalent page on Debian, from which the Ubuntu Apache packaging is derived. If you can read this page, it means that the Apache HTTP server installed at this site is working properly. You should replace this file (located at /var/www/html/index.html) before continuing to operate your HTTP server.
If you are a normal user of this web site and don't know what this page is about, this probably means that the site is currently unavailable due to maintenance. If the problem persists, please contact the site's administrator.
Configuration Overview
Ubuntu's Apache2 default configuration is different from the upstream default configuration, and split into several files optimized for interaction with Ubuntu tools. The configuration system is fully documented in /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz. Refer to this for the full documentation. Documentation for the web server itself can be found by accessing the manual if the apache2-doc package was installed on this server.
The configuration layout for an Apache2 web server installation on Ubuntu systems is as follows:
/etc/apache2/
|-- apache2.conf
|   |-- ports.conf
|-- mods-enabled
|   |-- *.load
|   |-- *.conf
|-- conf-enabled
|   |-- *.conf
|-- sites-enabled
|   |-- *.conf
• apache2.conf is the main configuration file. It puts the pieces together by including all remaining configuration files when starting up the web server.
• ports.conf is always included from the main configuration file. It is used to determine the listening ports for
```

Step2: Installation of mysql server

```
$ sudo apt-get install mysql-server php5-mysql
```

During the installation, your server will ask you to select and confirm a password for the MySQL "root" user. This is an administrative account in MySQL that has increased privileges. Think of it as being similar to the root account for the server itself (the one you are configuring now is a MySQL-specific account however).

When the installation is complete, we need to run some additional commands to get our MySQL environment set up securely.

First, we need to tell MySQL to create its database directory structure where it will store its information. You can do this by typing: **\$ sudo mysql_install_db**

Run a security script that will remove some dangerous defaults and lock down access to our database system a little bit.

```
$ sudo mysql_secure_installation
```

Enter the password you set for the MySQL root account. Next, it will ask you if you want to change that password. If you are happy with your current password, type "n" for "no" at the prompt.

For the rest of the questions, you should simply hit the "ENTER" key through each prompt to accept the default values.

Step3: Installation of PHP

```
$ sudo apt-get install php5 libapache2-mod-php5 php5-mcrypt
```

Testing the PHP:

if a user requests a directory from the server, Apache will first look for a file called index.html. We want to tell our web server to prefer PHP files, so we'll make Apache look for an index.php file first. To do this, type this command to open the dir.conf file in a text editor with root privileges:

```
$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/mods-enabled/dir.conf
```

```
<IfModule mod_dir.c>  
  DirectoryIndex index.html index.cgi index.pl index.php index.xhtml index.htm  
</IfModule>
```

The above code need to be replace by the following code:

```
<IfModule mod_dir.c>
    DirectoryIndex index.php index.html index.cgi index.pl index.xhtml index.htm
</IfModule>
```

Save and close the file by pressing "CTRL-X". Restart the apache server

```
$ sudo service apache2 restart
```

Test PHP Processing on your Web Server :(Create a file info.php)

In order for Apache to find the file and serve it correctly, it must be saved to a very specific directory, which is called the "web root". In Ubuntu 14.04, this directory is located at /var/www/html/. We can create the file at that location by typing:

```
$ sudo nano /var/www/html/info.php
```

This will open a blank file. put the following text, which is valid PHP code, inside the file:

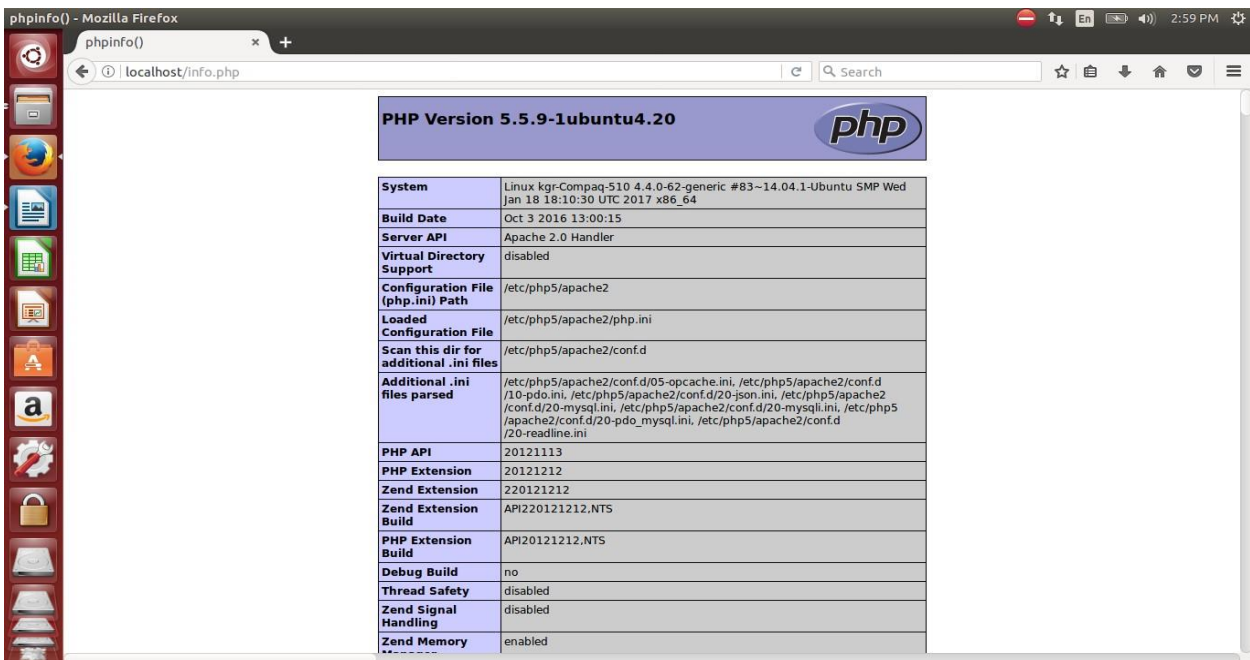
```
<?php phpinfo(); ?>
```

save and close the file.

The address you want to visit will be: http://your_server_IP_address/info.php

EX: <http://localhost/info.php>

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the output of a PHP info page. The page title is "phpinfo() - Mozilla Firefox" and the URL is "localhost/info.php". The main content is a table of PHP configuration details for version 5.5.9-1ubuntu4.20.

PHP Version 5.5.9-1ubuntu4.20	
System	Linux kgr-Compaq-510 4.4.0-62-generic #83~14.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Wed Jan 18 18:10:30 UTC 2017 x86_64
Build Date	Oct 3 2016 13:00:15
Server API	Apache 2.0 Handler
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/etc/php5/apache2
Loaded Configuration File	/etc/php5/apache2/php.ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	/etc/php5/apache2/conf.d
Additional .ini files parsed	/etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/05-opcache.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/10-pdo.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/20-json.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/20-pdo_mysql.ini, /etc/php5/apache2/conf.d/20-readline.ini
PHP API	20121113
PHP Extension	20121212
Zend Extension	220121212
Zend Extension Build	API220121212.NTS
PHP Extension Build	API20121212.NTS
Debug Build	no
Thread Safety	disabled
Zend Signal Handling	disabled
Zend Memory	enabled

Step 4: Installation & Configuration of Tomcat8 Application Server in Ubuntu 14.04

i. Download Apache Tomcat from the following link:

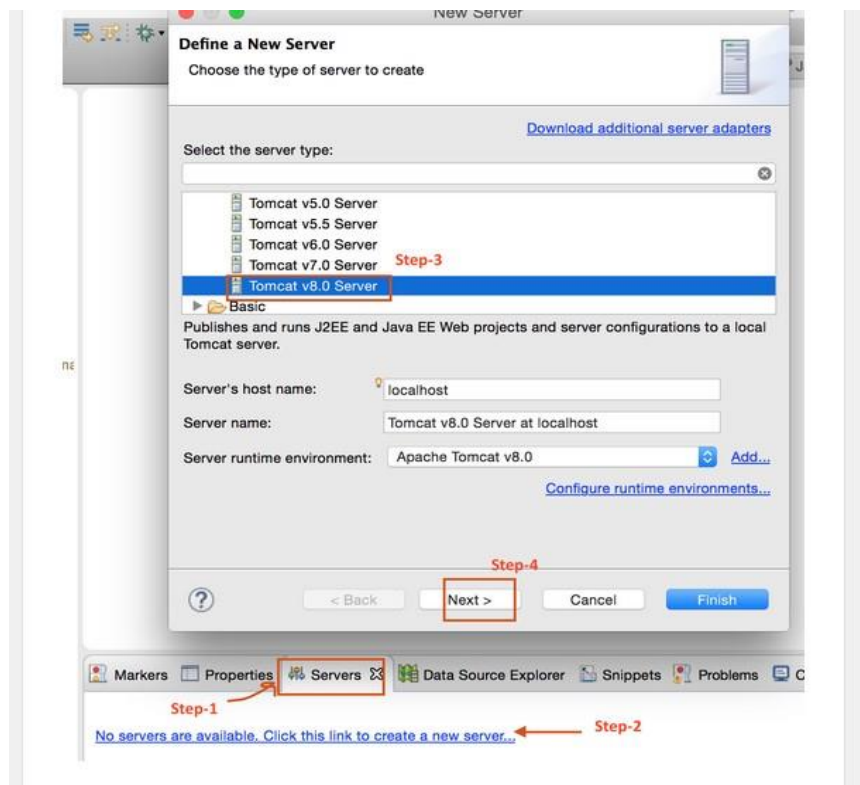
<http://tomcat.apache.org/download-80.cgi>

Select the version 8.0.42 and click on Zip under Core.

ii. Extract the downloaded apache tomcat8 into documents folder

iii. Open Eclipse Environment

- Click on Servers Tab
- Click on No servers are available. Click this link to create a new server...
- Click Tomcat v8.0 Server and Next select apache installation directory and click on Finish.

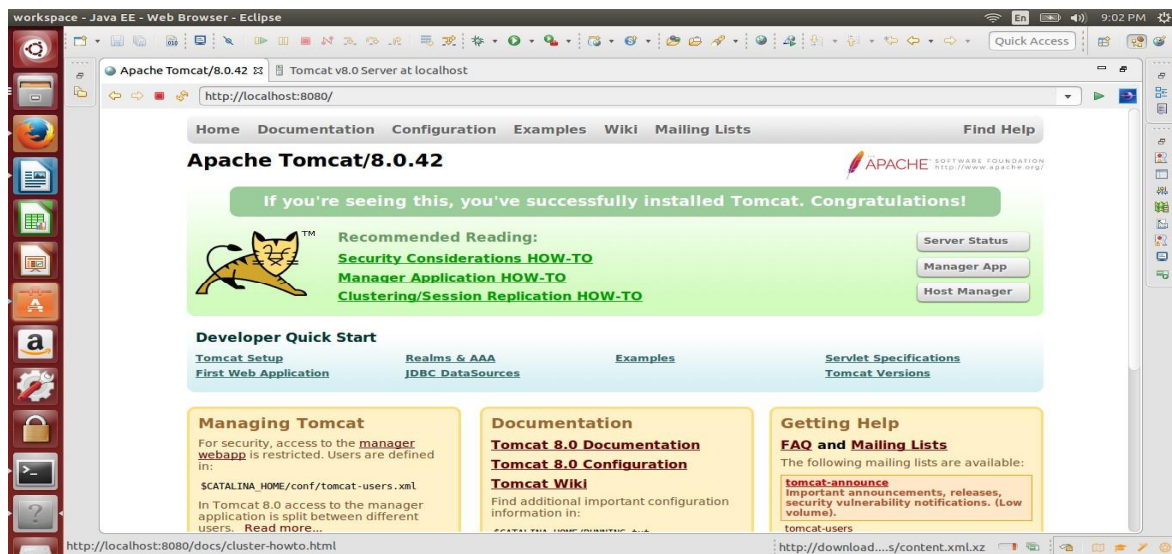


You should see Tomcat v8.0 Server at localhost [Stopped, Republish] under Servers tab. Double click on it verify HTTP ports information. By default HTTP port is 8080.

Right click on the server in "Servers" view, select "Properties".

- In the "General" panel, click on the "Switch Location" button.
- The "Location: [workspace metadata]" should replace by something else.
- Open the Overview screen for the server by double clicking it.
- In the Server locations tab , select "Use Tomcat location".
- Save the configurations and restart the Server.

Type the link <http://localhost:8080> in browser o access the tomcat home page and manager.





Click on webapps manager in Managing Tomcat option and enter username: admin and password: password then it will show the list applications deployed on to webapps in tomcat.

workspace - Java EE - Web Browser - Eclipse

Tomcat v8.0 Server at localhost

http://localhost:8080/manager/html

Tomcat Web Application Manager

Message: OK

Manager

[List Applications](#)
[HTML Manager Help](#)
[Manager Help](#)
[Server Status](#)

Applications					
Path	Version	Display Name	Running	Sessions	Commands
/	None specified	Welcome to Tomcat	true	0	Start Stop Reload Undeploy Expire sessions with idle <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/docs	None specified	Tomcat Documentation	true	0	Start Stop Reload Undeploy Expire sessions with idle <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/examples	None specified	Servlet and JSP Examples	true	0	Start Stop Reload Undeploy Expire sessions with idle <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes

http://tomcat.apache.org/

http://download.o...ples/content.jar

EXPERIMENT-2

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Write an HTML page including javascript that takes a given set of integer numbers and shows them after sorting in descending order.

AIM: Sorting Array elements in descending order.

PROGRAM:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h2>JavaScript Array Sort</h2>
```

```
<p>Click the button to sort the array in descending order.</p>
```

```
<button onclick="myFunction()">Try it</button>
```

```
<p id="demo"></p>
```

```
<script> var points = [40, 100, 1, 5, 25, 10];
```

```
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
```

```
points;
```

```
function myFunction() {  points.sort(function(a, b){return
```

```
b - a});  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML
```

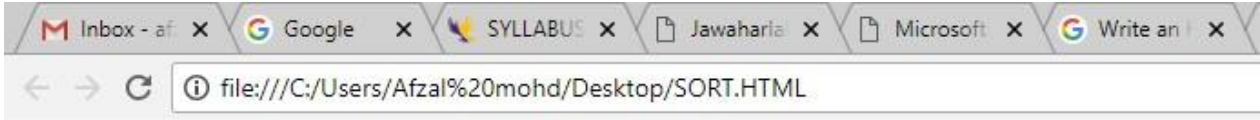
```
= points;
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>  
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

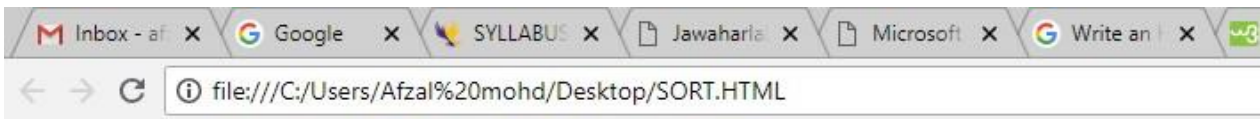


JavaScript Array Sort

Click the button to sort the array in descending order.

Try it

40,100,1,5,25,10



JavaScript Array Sort

Click the button to sort the array in descending order.

Try it

100,40,25,10,5,1

EXPERIMENT - 3

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Write html page to take a number from text field in the range 0 to 999 and display in other text field in words. If number is out of range display alert with “out of range” & display “Not a number” if it is not a number.

AIM: Read the number from a text field and display in words format in another text field.

PROGRAM:

```
<html>

<script type="text/javascript"> var
nume=document.getElementById('num').value;
function isNumeric(){ var
elem=document.niw.num.value; if(elem!="") {
var numericExpression = /^[0-9]+$/;

    if(elem<0||elem>999)
{ alert("Please Enter Number from 0 to 999");
document.niw.num.value=""; return false;

    }
else if(elem.match(numericExpression)){
    return true;
} else{ alert("Please Enter Only Number ");
document.niw.num.value="";
return false;

    } } }

function numinwrd()
```

```

{ var
numbr=document.getElementById('num').value;
var str=new String(numbr)
var spl=str.split(""); var rev=spl.reverse(); var once=['Zero', ' One', 'Two', 'Three', 'Four','Five', 'Six',
'Seven', 'Eight', 'Nine']; var twos=['Ten', ' Eleven', ' Twelve', ' Thirteen', ' Fourteen', ' Fifteen', '
Sixteen', ' Seventeen', ' Eighteen',
' Nineteen']; var tens=[ ' Ten', ' Twenty', ' Thirty', ' Forty', ' Fifty', ' Sixty', ' Seventy', '
Eighty', ' Ninety' ]; numlen=rev.length; var word=new Array(); var j=0;
for(i=0;i<numlen;i++) { switch(i) { case 0:

if((rev[i]==0) || (rev[i+1]==1))
{word[j]=";"} else {word[j]=once[rev[i]];}
word[j]=word[j] ; break; case 1:
abovetens(); break; case 2:

if(rev[i]==0) {word[j]=";"} else
if((rev[i-1]==0) || (rev[i-2]==0) )
{word[j]=once[rev[i]]+"Hundred ";}

else

{word[j]=once[rev[i]]+"Hundred and";}
break; case 3:

if(rev[i]==0 || rev[i+1]==1) {word[j]=";"}
else{word[j]=once[rev[i]];}
default:break;}j++;
} function
abovetens()

{if(rev[i]==0){word[j]=";"} else if(rev[i]==1){word[j]=twos[rev[i-1]];}else{word[j]=tens[rev[i]];}

```

```

} word.reverse(); var
finalw="";
for(i=0;i<numlen;i++)

{finalw= finalw+word[i];
}

document.niw.word.value=finalw;
}

</script>

<form name="niw">

<table align=center width=100% style="font-size: 12px; display: block;">

<tr><td>

<table width=100% style="font-family: Monaco, Verdana, Sans-serif; font-size: 12px;
display: block; margin-top: 14px;padding: 12px 20px 12px 20px;">

<tr> <td>Number:</td>

<td><input type="text" name="num" id="num" maxlength=9 onKeyUp="isNumeric()"></td>

<td><input type="button" name="sr1" value="Click Here" onClick="numinwrd()"></td>

<td>Number in Words:</td>

<td><input type="text" name="word" id="word" size=30></td></tr>

</table>

</td></tr>

</table>

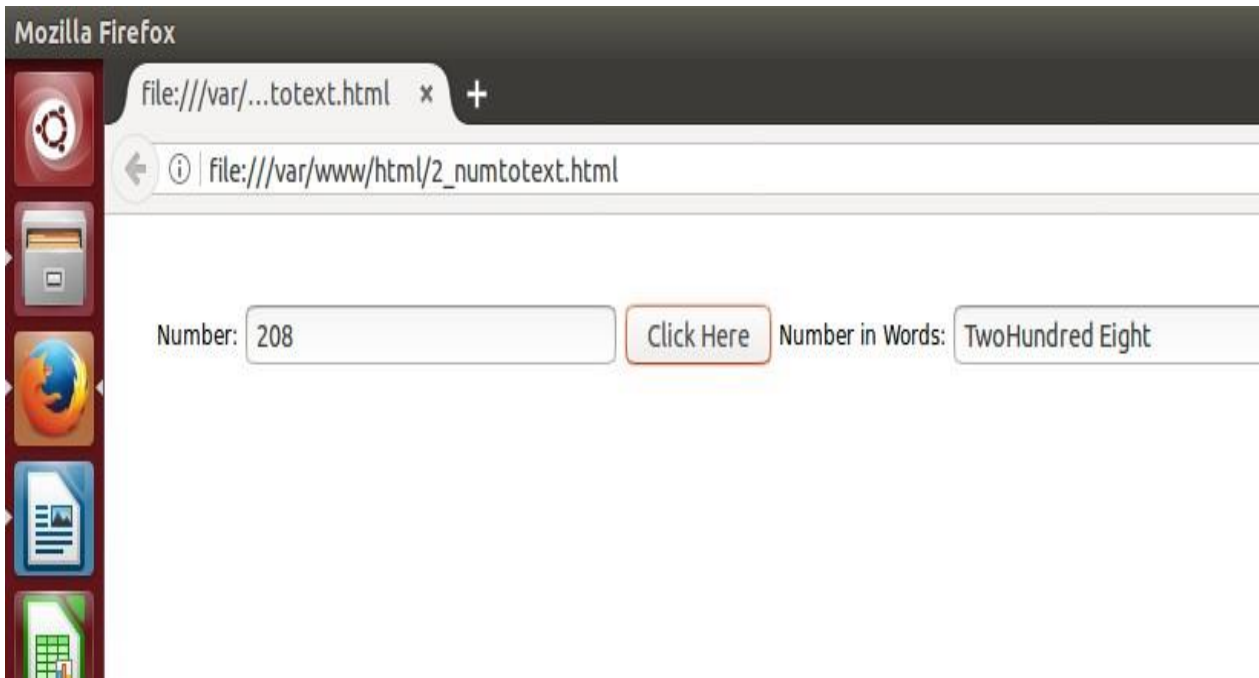
</form>

</html>

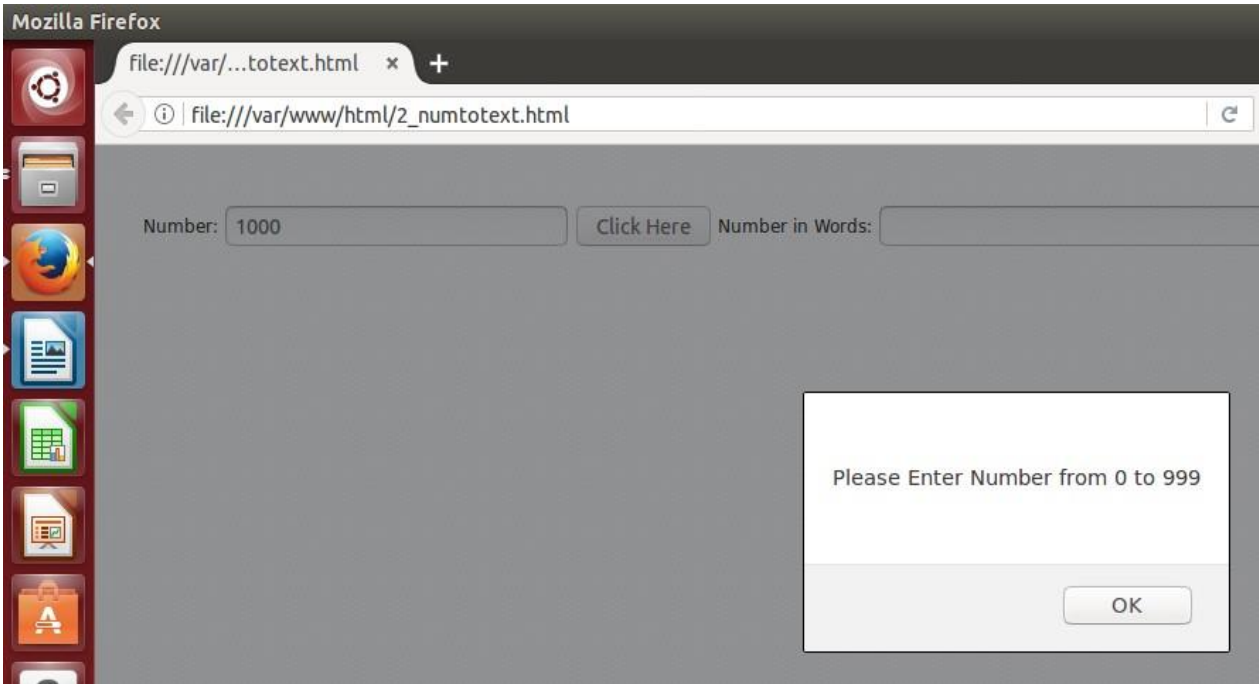
```

OUTPUT:

If the value is in range and enters value is a number



If the value is out of range



If the given value is not a number

Mozilla Firefox



file:///var/...totext.html x +
file:///var/www/html/2_numtotext.html Search

Number: # Click Here Number in Words:

Please Enter Only Number

Prevent this page from creating additional dialogs

OK

EXPERIMENT-4

Write html page which can take multi-line text and display the no. Of characters, words and lines in the text entered using alert message.

AIM:

Html page which can take multi-line text and display the no. Of characters, words and lines in the text entered using alert message.

PROGRAM:

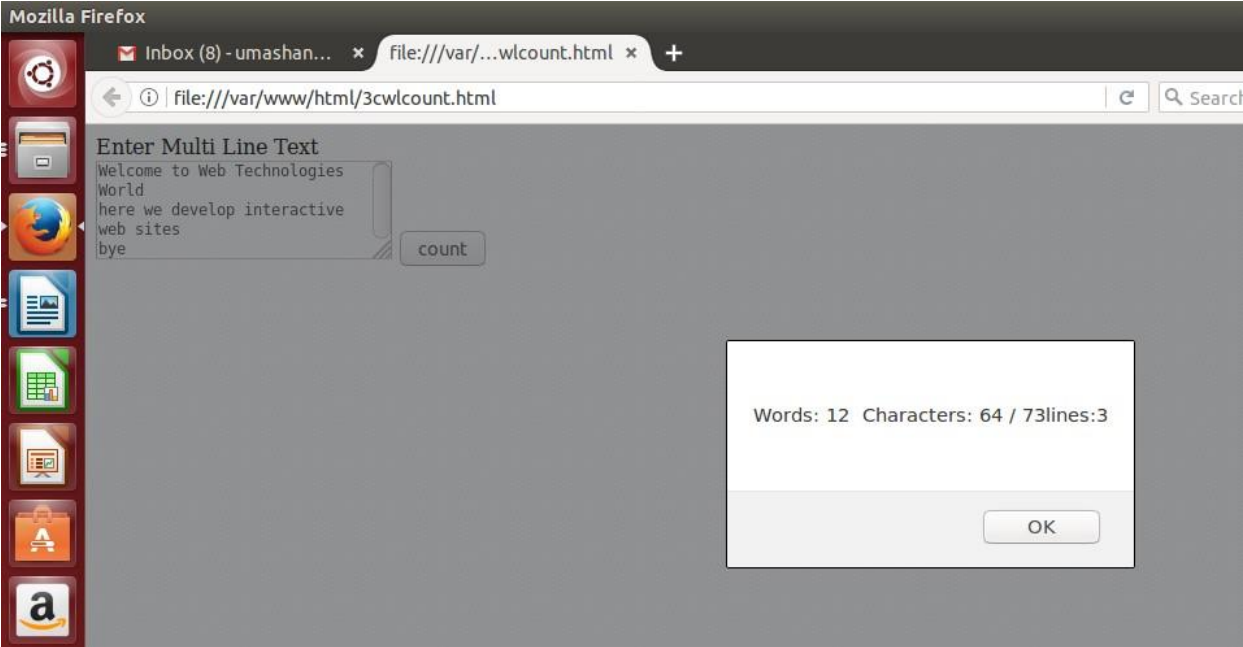
```
<html>

<script type="text/javascript"> function countWCL() { var
textarea=document.getElementById("tarea"); var text = textarea.value; value = "Words: " +
(text.split(/\b\S+\b/).length - 1) + " Characters: " + text.replace(/\s/g, "").length + "
/" + text.replace(/\n/g, "").length + "lines:" + text.split("\n").length; alert(value);
}

</script>

<form name="cw1">
Enter Multi Line Text <br>
<textarea name="string" id="tarea" rows=4 cols=30></textarea>
<input type="button" name="sub" value="count" onClick="countWCL()"> </form>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



EXPERIMENT-5

Choose a country name option from selection box and display it in capital letters by applying CSS style such as color, bold and font size.

AIM:

Displaying the selected country name in web page by assigning css styles such as color,bold and font size.

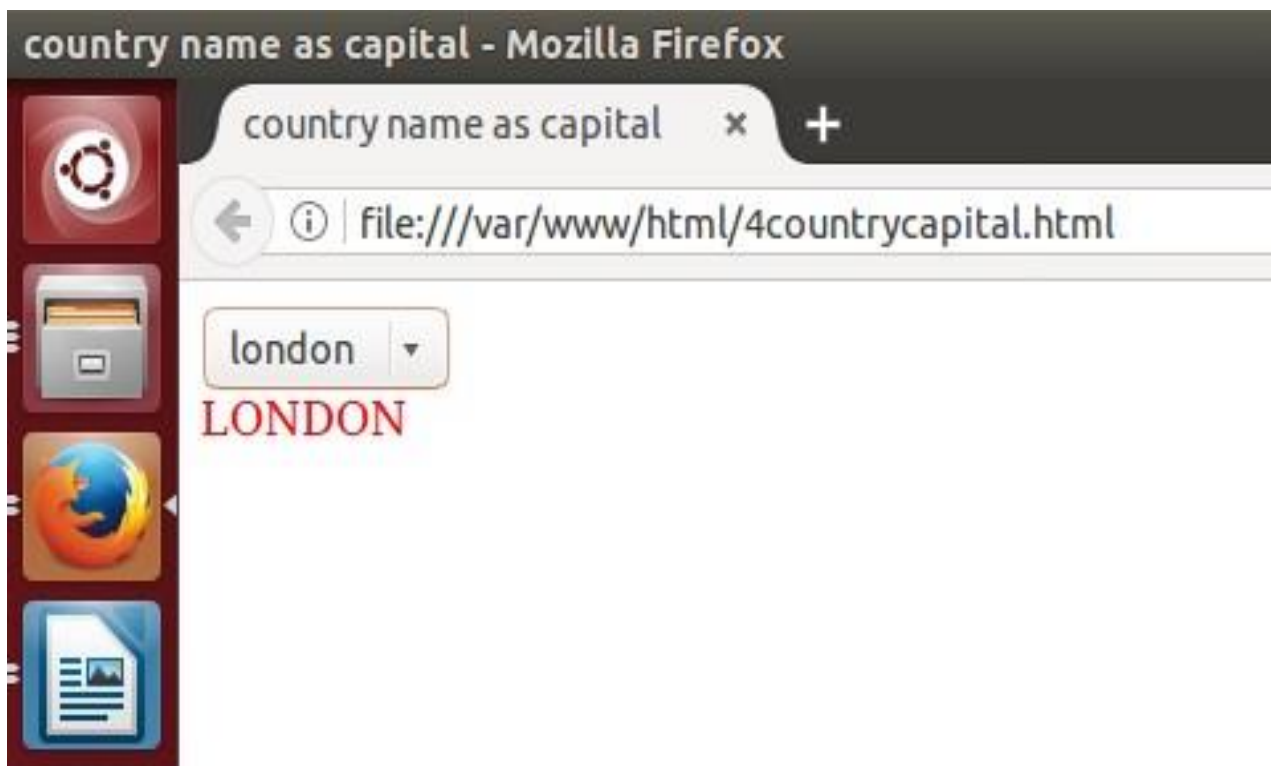
PROGRAM:

```
<html>
<title> country name as
capital
</title>
<head> <style> div.capstr{ color: red;
font-style: bold; font-size:12pt; text-
transform: uppercase;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<select id="country" onchange="getcap();">
<option value="india">india </option>
<option value="sri lanka">sri lanka </option>
<option value="china">china </option>
<option value="london">london </option>
<option value="uk">uk </option>
</select>
```



```
<div class="capstr" id="capcountry"> </div>
<script type="text/javascript"> function
getcap()
{ document.getElementById("capcountry").innerHTML =
document.getElementById("country").value; }
</script>
</div >
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



EXPERIMENT-6

Create an xml document that contains 10 users information. Write a java program, which takes user id and returns the user details by taking from xml document using DOM Parser.

AIM: generating an xml file containing 10 users information. display the user details by taking user information from xml file using java program.

PROGRAM:

users.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<employees>
  <employee id="501">
    <firstName>Sunil</firstName>
    <lastName>Yadav</lastName>
    <location>Hyd</location>
  </employee>
  <employee id="502">
    <firstName>Trilok</firstName>
    <lastName>Reddy</lastName>
    <location>Chevella</location>
  </employee>
  <employee id="503">
    <firstName>Mallikarjun</firstName>
    <lastName>Tiger</lastName>
    <location>Forest</location>
  </employee>
  <employee id="504">
    <firstName>Neelima</firstName>
    <lastName>Lakshmi</lastName>
    <location>MP</location>
  </employee>
  <employee id="505">
    <firstName>Abhi</firstName>
    <lastName>Shambu</lastName>
    <location>LD</location>
  </employee>
  <employee id="506">
    <firstName>Nikitha</firstName>
```

```
<lastName>Reddy</lastName>
<location>UP</location>
</employee>
<employee id="507">
  <firstName>Ashwini</firstName>
  <lastName>Reddy</lastName>
  <location>ADB</location>
</employee>
<employee id="508">
  <firstName>Vinod</firstName>
  <lastName>Kumar</lastName>
  <location>MGD</location>
</employee>

<employee id="509">
  <firstName>Raghu</firstName>
  <lastName>Reddy</lastName>
  <location>MBD</location>
</employee>
<employee id="510">
  <firstName>Uma Shankar</firstName>
  <lastName>Kommana</lastName>
  <location>DSNR</location>
</employee>
</employees>
```

6(a) EMPLOYEEPARSING.JAVA (USING DOM PARSER)

```
import org.w3c.dom.*;

import javax.xml.parsers.*;

import java.io.*;

public class EmployeeParsing {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        //Get Document Builder
```



```
eElement.getElementsByTagName("lastName").item(0).getTextContent());
System.out.println("Location : " +

eElement.getElementsByTagName("location").item(0).getTextContent());

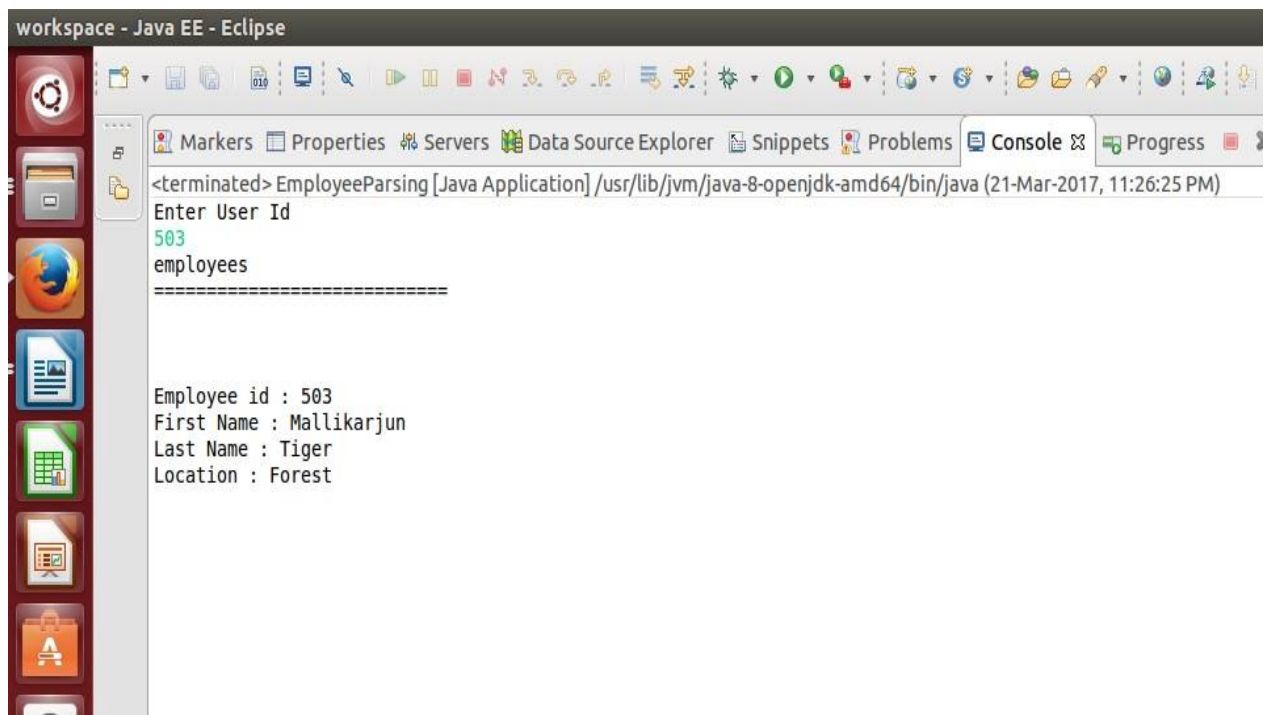
        }

    }

}

}
```

OUTPUT:



6(b) SAX PARSER

```
package xmltojasax;
```

```
public class Employee {
```

```
    private String id;  
    private String firstname;  
    private String lastname;  
    private String location;
```

```
    public String getId() {  
        return id;  
    }
```

```
    public void setId(String id) {  
        this.id = id;  
    }
```

```
    public String getFirstName() {  
        return firstname;  
    }
```

```
    public void setFirstName(String firstname) {  
        this.firstname = firstname;  
    }
```

```
    public String getLastName() {  
        return lastname;  
    }
```

```
    public void setLastName(String lastname) {  
        this.lastname = lastname;  
    }
```

```
    public String getLocation() {  
        return location;  
    }
```

```
    public void setLocation(String location) {  
        this.location = location;  
    }
```

```
    @Override public String toString() { return "Employee:: ID="+this.id+" First  
Name=" + this.firstname + " LastName=" + this.lastname +  
    " location=" + this.location;  
    }
```

```
}
```

MyHandler.java

```
package      xmltojavasax;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

import org.xml.sax.Attributes;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import org.xml.sax.helpers.DefaultHandler;

import xmltojavasax.Employee;

public class MyHandler extends DefaultHandler {

    //List to hold Employees object
    private List<Employee> empList = null;
    private Employee emp = null;

    //getter method for employee list
    public List<Employee> getEmpList() {
        return empList;
    }

    boolean bfirstname = false;
    boolean blastname = false;
    boolean blocation = false;

    @Override
    public void startElement(String uri, String localName, String qName, Attributes attributes)
    throws SAXException {

        if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("Employee")) {
            //create a new Employee and put it in Map
            String id = attributes.getValue("id");
            //initialize Employee object and set id attribute
            emp = new Employee();
            emp.setId(id);
        }
        //initialize list
        if (empList == null)
            empList = new ArrayList<>();
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("firstname")) {
            //set boolean values for fields, will be used in setting Employee variables
            bfirstname = true;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("lastname")) {
blastname = true;
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("location")) {
blocation = true;
        }
    }
}

```

```

@Override
public void endElement(String uri, String localName, String qName) throws SAXException {
if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("Employee")) {
    //add Employee object to list
empList.add(emp);
}
}

```

```

@Override
public void characters(char ch[], int start, int length) throws SAXException {

    if (bfirstname) {
        //age element, set Employee age
emp.setFirstName(new String(ch, start,
length));        bfirstname = false;    } else if
(bblastname) {        emp.setLastName(new String(ch,
start, length));        blastname = false;    } else if
(blocation) {
        emp.setLocation(new String(ch, start, length));
blocation = false;
    }
}
}
}

```

```

EmployeeSaxParser.java        package
xmltojavasax;                import
javax.xml.parsers.SAXParser;  import
javax.xml.parsers.SAXParserFactory;
import org.xml.sax.Attributes; import
org.xml.sax.SAXException;    import
org.xml.sax.helpers.DefaultHandler; import
java.io.*; import java.util.List; public class
EmployeeSaxParser { public static void
main(String argv[]) {
    SAXParserFactory saxParserFactory = SAXParserFactory.newInstance();
try {
        SAXParser saxParser = saxParserFactory.newSAXParser();
        MyHandler handler = new MyHandler();
saxParser.parse(new File("users.xml"), handler);
        //Reading employee id from user
        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

```

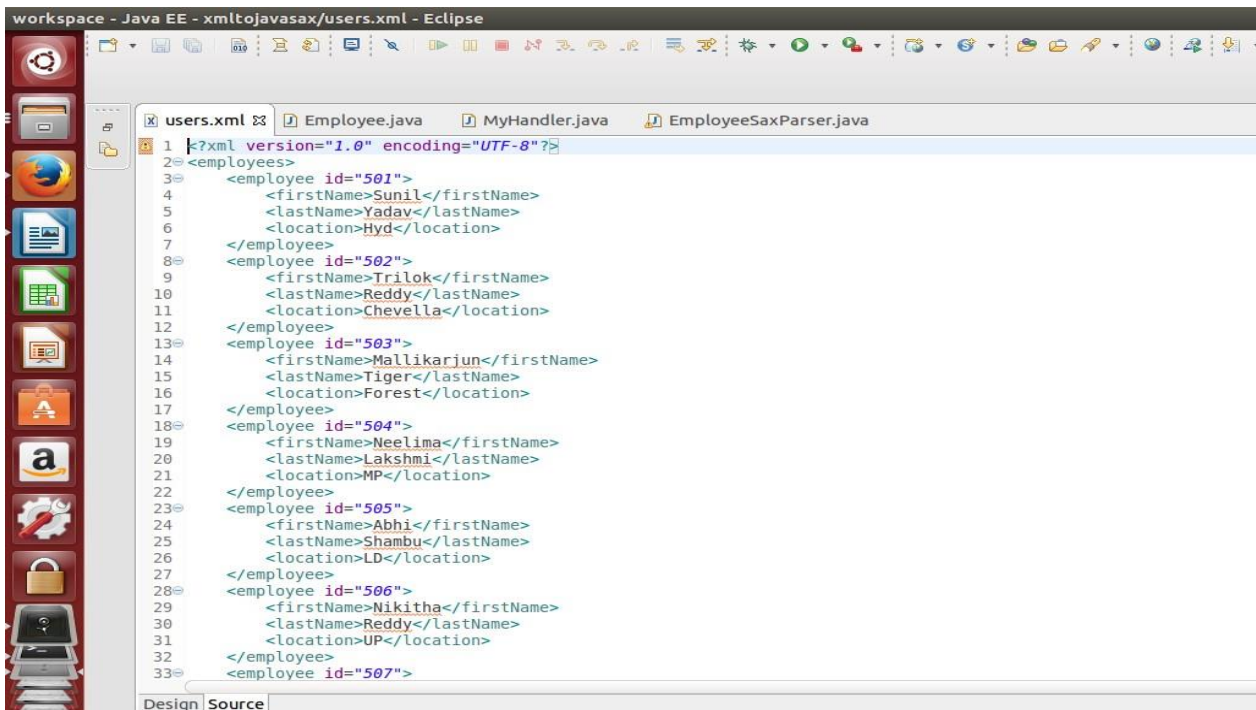


```

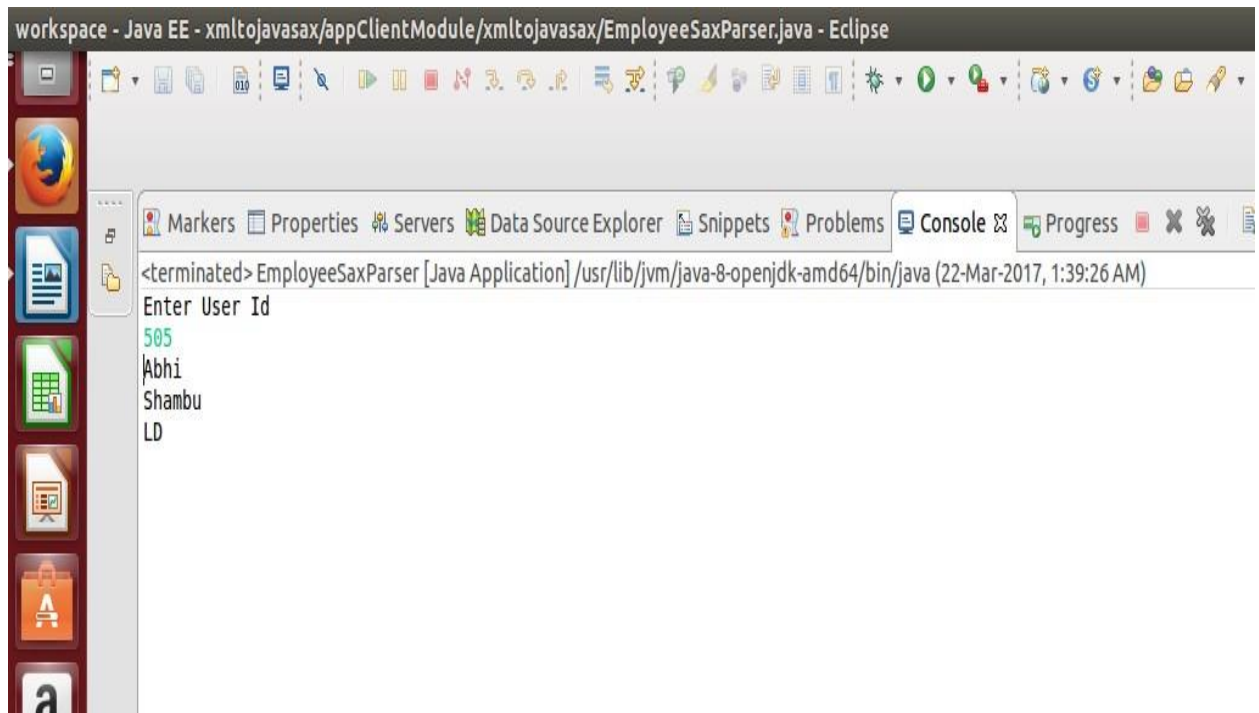
        System.out.println("Enter User Id");
        String id=br.readLine();
        List<Employee> empList = handler.getEmpList(); //Get Employees list
        for(Employee emp : empList) //print employee information
            if(emp.getId().equals(id))
            {
                System.out.println(emp.getFirstName());
                System.out.println(emp.getLastName());
                System.out.println(emp.getLocation());
            }
        } catch(Exception e) {
e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:
users.xml



userdetails:



EXPERIMENT – 7

Implement the following web application using (a) PHP, (b) servlets and (c) JSP.

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

USING PHP

- A user validation web application, where the user submits the login name and password to the server. The name and password are checked against the data already available in database and if the data matches a successful login page is returned otherwise a failure message is shown to the user.

SOURCE CODE:

```
<html>

<head>
<title>Login Now</title>
<script language="javascript">

function validate()
{
if(document.login.uname.value=="")
{
alert("enter          username");
document.login.uname.focus(); return
false;
}
if(document.login.pwd.value=="")
{
alert("enter          password");
document.login.pwd.focus(); return
false;
}
else{
return true;
}
}
</script>
</head>

<body>
<h3>Login</h3>
<form name="login" method="POST" action="" onsubmit="validate()">
<table>
<tr> <td>username</td>
<td><input type="text" name="uname"></td>
```

```

</tr>
<tr> <td>Password:</td>
      <td><input type="password" name="pwd"></td>
</tr>

<tr> <td></td>
      <td><input type="submit" name="login" value="Login"></td>
</tr> </table> </form>

<?php mysql_connect("localhost","kgruser","acd");
mysql_select_db("kgrdb");
if(isset($_POST['login']))
{
    $user=$_POST['uname'];
    $pass=$_POST['pwd'];
    $res=mysql_query("select *from users where userid='$user' and pwd='$pass'");

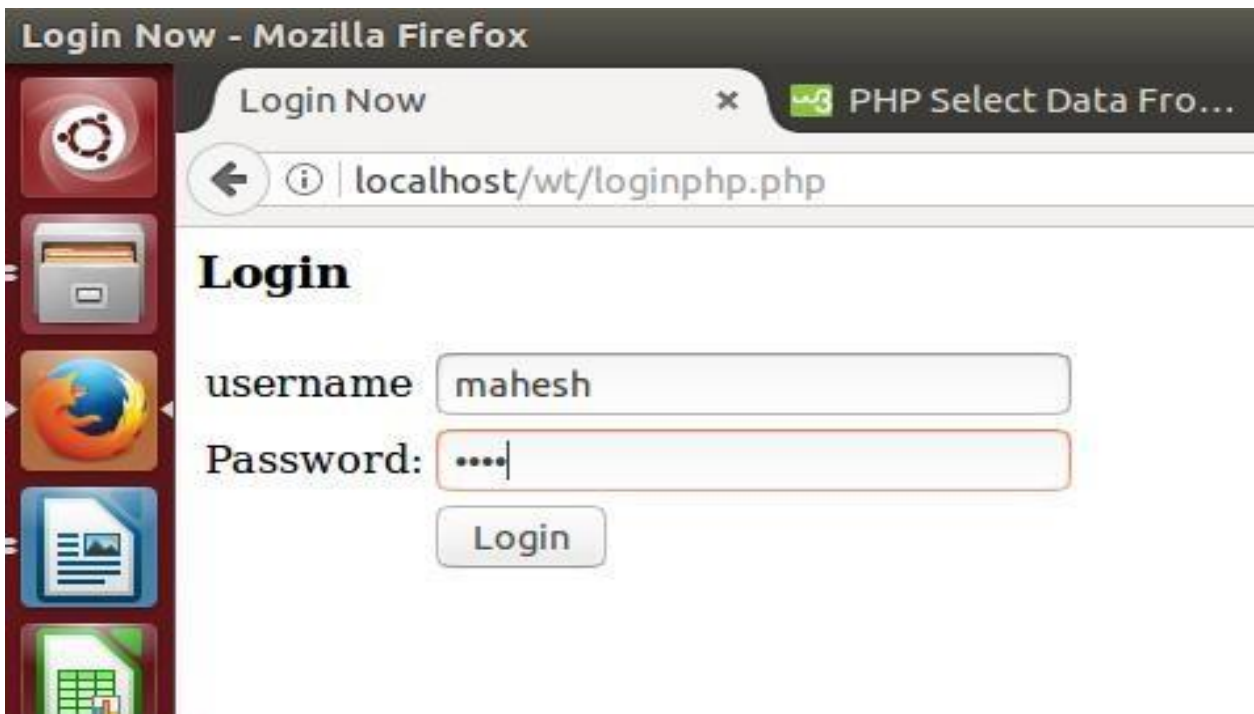
    if(mysql_num_rows($res))
    {
        echo "<script> location.href='loginsuccess.php';</script>";
    }
    else
    {
        echo "Wrong Credentials";
    }
} ?>
</body>
</html>

```

loginsuccess.php

```
<?php echo "Login successfully"; ?>
```

OUTPUT:





EXPERIMENT – 8

PROBLEM STATEMENT: Modify above program to use an xml file instead of database.

PROGRAM:

Step1: XML File creation

userlist.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>

<userlist>

<user>

<username>mahesh</username>

<password>mahi</password>

</user>

<user>

<username>sunder</username>

<password>sun</password>

</user>

<user>

<username>abhijith</username>

<password>abhi</password>

</user>

</userlist>
```

Source
xmllogin.php

Code:

```
<html>
<head>
```

```
<title>Login Now</title>
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
{
    if(document.login.uname.value=="")
    {
        alert("enter username");
        document.login.uname.focus();
        return false;
    }
    if(document.login.pwd.value=="")
    {
        alert("enter password");
        document.login.pwd.focus(); return false;
    }
    else {
return true;
    }
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<h3>Login</h3>
```

```
<?php
    if(isset($_POST['login']))
    {
        $user=$_POST['uname'];
        $pass=$_POST['pwd'];
        $userdata = simplexml_load_file('userlist.xml') or die("Error: Cannot create object");
        $found = 0;
        foreach ($userdata as $key => $value) {
            if($value->username == $user && $value->password == $pass)
            {
                $found = 1;
            }
        }
        break;
    }
    if($found == 0)
    {
        echo 'Invalid Username And Password Please Try Again';
    }
    else
    {
        echo "<script> location.href='loginsuccess.php';</script>";
    }
} ?>
```



```
<form name="login" method="POST" action="" onsubmit="validate()">
<table>

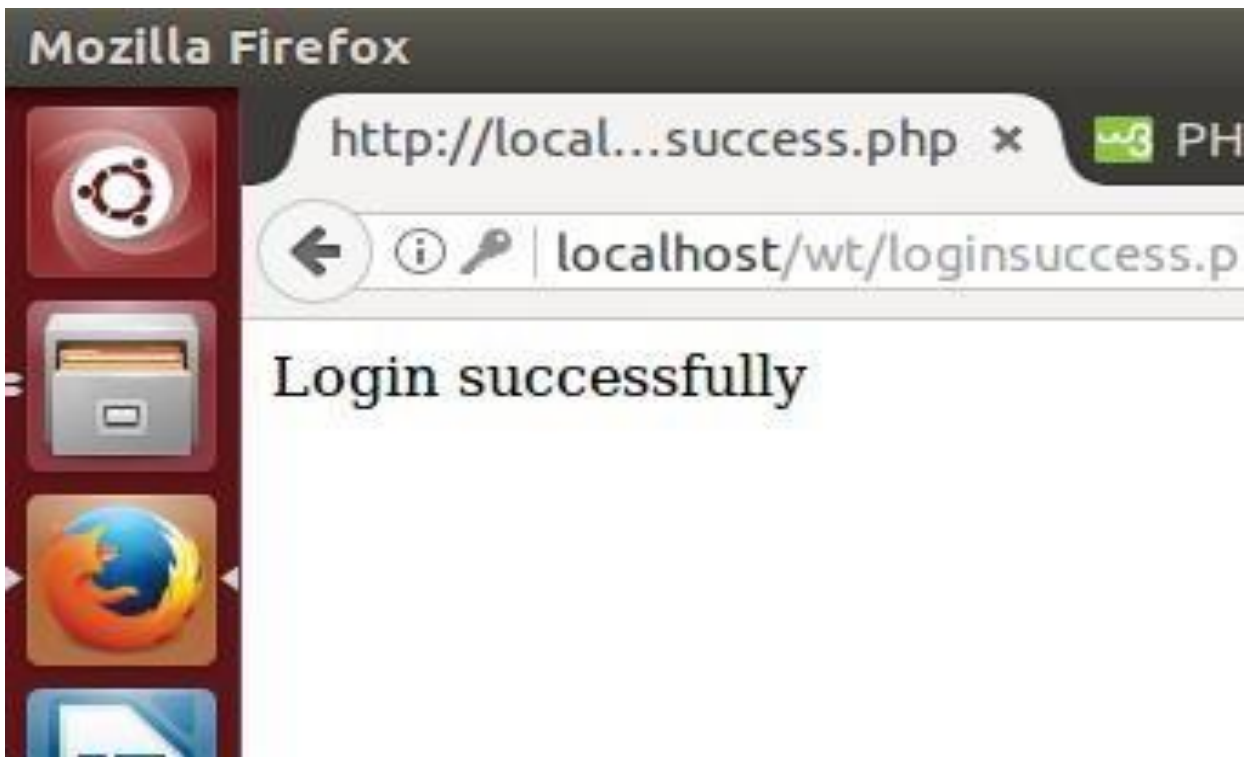
  <tr>  <td>username</td>
        <td><input type="text" name="uname"></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
        <td>Password:</td>
        <td><input type="password" name="pwd"></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>  <td></td>
        <td><input type="submit" name="login" value="Login"></td>
  </tr>
</table>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

loginsuccess.php

```
<?php echo "Login successfully";  ?>
```

OUTPUT:







Browser tabs: Login Now (active), PHP Select Data Fro...

Address bar: localhost/wt/loginphp.php

Login

username

Password:

EXPERIMENT – 9

PROBLEM STATEMENT: Modify the above program to use AJAX to show the result on the same page below submit button.

SOURCE CODE:

ajaxlogin.php

```
<html>

<head>

<title>Login Now</title>

<script language="javascript">

function validate()

{

var user=document.login.username.value;

var pwd=document.login.password.value;

var obj;

if(window.XMLHttpRequest)

{

    obj=new XMLHttpRequest();

}

else

{

    obj=new ActiveXObject('Microsoft.XMLHTTP');

}

obj.open("POST","check.php?u="+user+"&p="+pwd,true);

obj.send();

obj.onreadystatechange=function()

{

    if(obj.readyState==4 && obj.status==200)
```

```

{
    document.getElementById("success").innerHTML=obj.responseText;
}
}
}
</script>
</head>
<body>

<h3>Login</h3>
<form name="login" method="POST" action="check.php" onclick="validate()">
<table>
    <tr>
        <td>username</td>
        <td><input type="text" name="uname"></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
        <td>Password:</td>
        <td><input type="password" name="pwd"></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
        <td></td>
        <td><input type="button" value="submit"></td>
    </tr>
</table>
</form>
<div id="success"></div>
</body>
</html>

```

check.php

```

<?php
    $user=$_REQUEST["u"];
    $pass=$_REQUEST["p"];
    mysql_connect("localhost","kgruser","acd");
    mysql_select_db("kgrdb");
    $res=mysql_query(" select * from users where userid='$user' and pwd='$pass' ");
    if(mysql_num_rows($res))
    {
        echo "you have successfully logged in";
    }
    else
    {
        echo "wrong credentials";
    }
?>

```

OUTPUT:







Login

username

Password:

submit

EXPERIMENT – 10

PROBLEM STATEMENT: A sample calculator web application that takes two numbers and an operator(+,-,*,/,%) from an HTML page and returns the result page with the operation performed on the operands.

SOURCE CODE:

calc.php

```
<html>

<head>

<title>calculator</title>

<script language="javascript">

function validateForm()

{

first=document.f1.fvalue.value;

second=document.f1.lvalue.value;

if(first=="")

{

    alert("enter value");

    document.f1.fvalue.focus();

    return false;

}

if(isNaN(first))

{

    alert("must enter number");

    document.f1.fvalue.focus();

    return false;

}

}
```

```
if(document.f1.operator.value=="")
{
    alert("choose operator");
    document.f1.operator.focus();
    return false;
}
if(second=="")
{
    alert("enter value");
    document.f1.lvalue.focus();
    return false;
}
if(isNaN(second))
{
    alert("must enter number");
    document.f1.lvalue.focus();
    return false;
}
return true;
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<form name="f1" method="post" action="success.php" onsubmit="return validateForm();">
    <table cellpadding="5" cellspacing="5" border="0">
```

```

<tr>
  <td>Enter First Number</td>
  <td colspan="1"><input name="fvalue" id="fvalue" type="text"/></td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>Select Operator</td>
  <td><select name="operator">
    <option selected value=""> choose operator</option>
    <option value="+">+</option>
    <option value="-">-</option>
    <option value="*">*</option>
    <option value="/">/</option>
    <option value="% ">%</option>
  </select></td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>Enter second Number</td>
  <td><input name="lvalue" type="text" id="lvalue"/></td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td></td>
  <td><input type="submit" name="calculate" value="Calculate" /></td>
</tr>
</table>
</form>
</body>

```

```
</html>
```

success.php

```
<?php
```

```
if( isset( $_REQUEST['calculate']))
```

```
{
```

```
    $operator = $_REQUEST['operator'];
```

```
    if($operator == "+")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
        $res = $add1 + $add2;
```

```
        $result = 'SUM';
```

```
    }
```

```
    if($operator == "-")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
        $res = $add1 - $add2;
```

```
        $result = 'DIFFERENCE';
```

```
    }
```

```
    if($operator == "*")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
$res = $add1 * $add2;
```

```
$result = 'PRODUCT';
```

```
}
```

```
if($operator == "/")
```

```
{
```

```
$add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
$add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
$res= $add1 / $add2;
```

```
$result = 'DIVISION';
```

```
}
```

```
if($operator == "%")
```

```
{
```

```
$add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
$add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
$res= $add1 % $add2;
```

```
$result = 'REMAINDER';
```

```
}
```

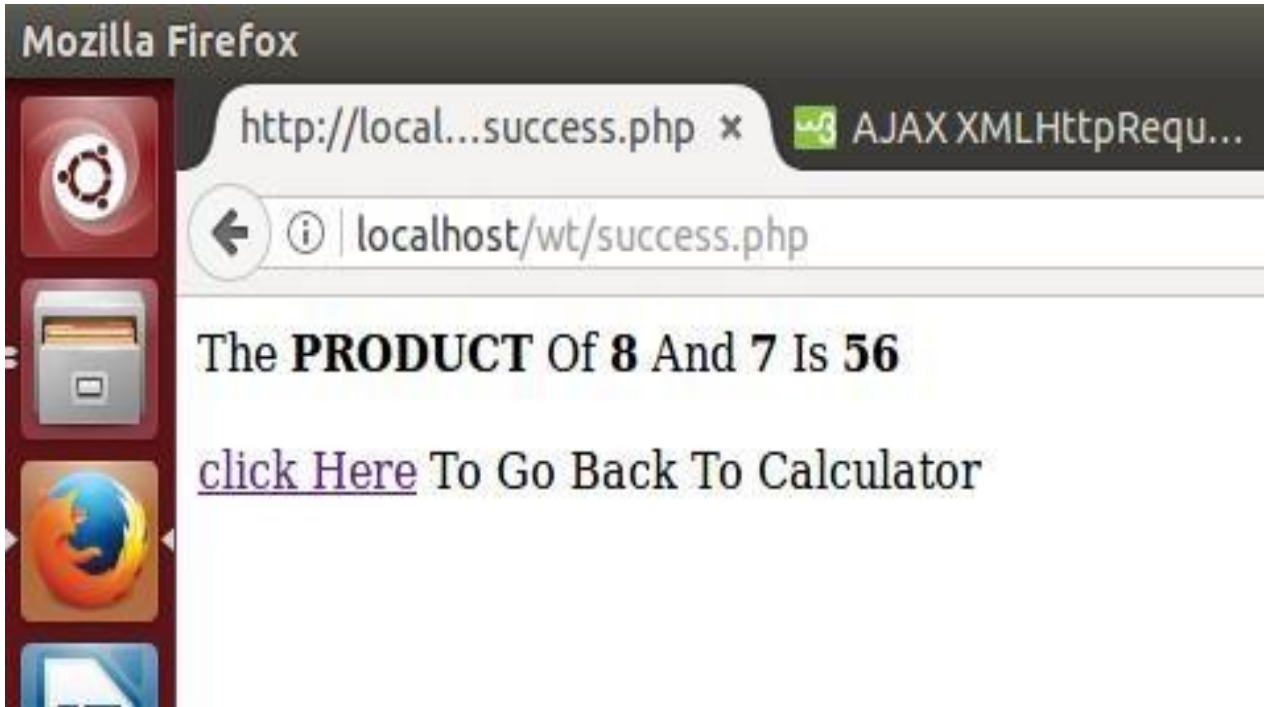
```
}
```

```
?>
```

```
<?php echo "The <strong>".$result."</strong> Of <strong>".$add1."</strong> And  
<strong>".$add2."</strong> Is <strong>". $res."</strong>"; ?>
```

```
<br/><br/><a href="calc.php">click Here</a> To Go Back To Calculator
```

OUTPUT:



EXPERIMENT – 11

PROBLEM STATEMENT: A calculator web application which stores each query in a database and checks in the database first for the result. If the query exists in DB it returns the value which was computed previously otherwise it computes the result and returns after storing the query and result in DB

PROGRAM: A calculator web application which stores the query and result in DB.

calc.php

```
<html>

<head>

<title>calculator</title>

<script language="javascript">

function validateForm()

{

first=document.f1.fvalue.value;

second=document.f1.lvalue.value;

if(first=="")

{

    alert("enter value");

    document.f1.fvalue.focus();

    return false;

}

if(isNaN(first))

{

    alert("must enter number");

    document.f1.fvalue.focus();

    return false;

}
```

```
}

if(document.f1.operator.value=="")

{ alert("choose operator");
  document.f1.operator.focus();
  return false;
}

if(second=="")

{
  alert("enter value");
  document.f1.lvalue.focus();
  return false;
}

if(isNaN(second))

{
  alert("must enter number");
  document.f1.lvalue.focus();
  return false;
}

return true;
}

</script>

</head>

<body>

<form name="f1" method="post" action="success.php" onsubmit="return validateForm();">

    <table cellpadding="5" cellspacing="5" border="0">
```



```

<tr>
  <td>Enter First Number</td>
  <td colspan="1"><input name="fvalue" id="fvalue" type="text"/></td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>Select Operator</td>
  <td><select name="operator">
    <option selected value=""> choose operator</option>
    <option value="+">+</option>
    <option value="-">-</option>
    <option value="*">*</option>
    <option value="/">/</option>
    <option value="%">%</option>
  </select></td>
</tr>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>Enter second Number</td>
  <td><input name="lvalue" type="text" id="lvalue"/></td>
</tr>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td></td>
  <td><input type="submit" name="calculate" value="Calculate" /></td>
</tr>
</tr>
</table>
</form>
</body>

```

```
</html>
```

Success.php

```
<?php
```

```
if( isset( $_REQUEST['calculate']))
```

```
{
```

```
    $operator = $_REQUEST['operator'];
```

```
    if($operator == "+")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
        $res = $add1 + $add2;
```

```
        $result = 'SUM';
```

```
    }
```

```
    if($operator == "-")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
        $res = $add1 - $add2;
```

```
        $result = 'DIFFERENCE';
```

```
    }
```

```
    if($operator == "*")
```

```
    {
```

```
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
```

```
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
```

```
        $res = $add1 * $add2;
```

```
        $result = 'PRODUCT';
    }
    if($operator == "/")
    {
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
        $res= $add1 / $add2;
        $result = 'DIVISION';
    }
    if($operator == "%")
    {
        $add1 = $_REQUEST['fvalue'];
        $add2 = $_REQUEST['lvalue'];
        $res= $add1 % $add2;
        $result = 'REMAINDER';
    }

    mysql_connect("localhost","kgruser","acd");
    mysql_select_db("kgrdb");
    $rst=mysql_query("select fval,opr,lval from calculator");?>
    <div>
    <?php if (!$rst) { echo 'Could not run query: ' .
        mysql_error();
        exit;
    }
}
```

```

$rows=mysql_num_rows($rst);

//echo $rows;

$flag=0;

if($rows==0)
{
    mysql_query("INSERT INTO calculator values($add1,'$operator',$add2,$res)");

    echo "The <strong>".$result."</strong> Of <strong>".$add1."</strong>
And <strong>".$add2."</strong> Is <strong>".$res."</strong>";

}

else while($row=mysql_fetch_array($rst))
{
    if($row[0]===$add1 && $row[1]===$operator && $row[2]===$add2)
    {

        $dresult=mysql_query("select result from calculator where fval=$add1 and opr='$operator' and
lval=$add2");

        $drval=mysql_fetch_row($dresult);

        echo "The <strong>".$result."</strong> Of <strong>".$add1."</strong> And
<strong>".$add2."</strong> Is <strong>".$res."</strong>";
$drval[0]."</strong>";?<br/><br/><a href="calc.php">click Here</a> To Go Back To Calculator

        <?php exit();

    }

    else

    {

        $flag=1;

    }

}
}

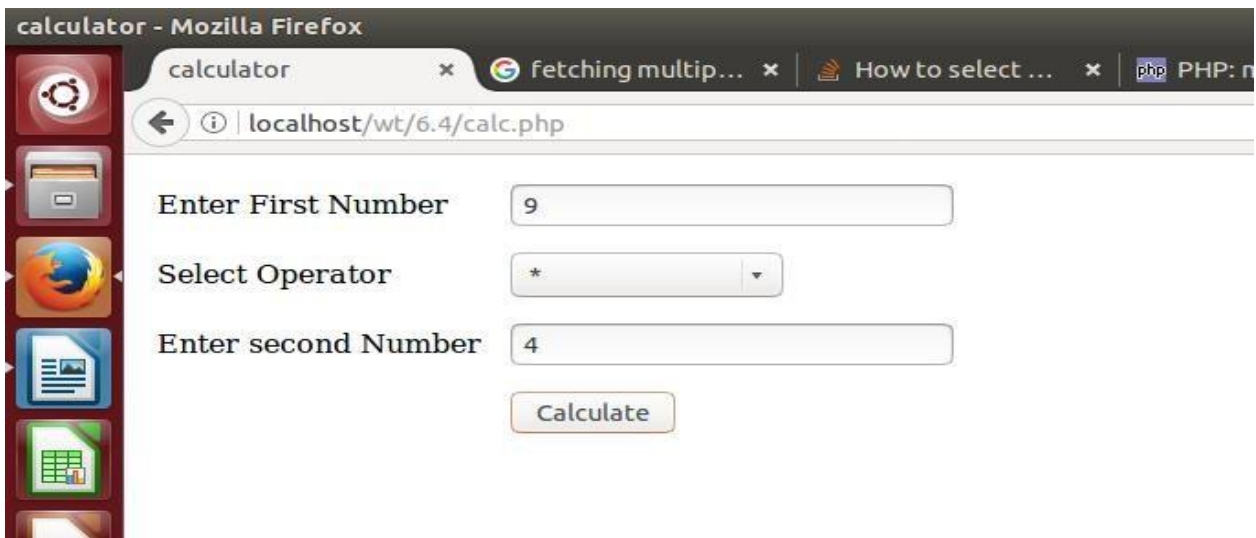
```

```
if($flag==1)
{
    mysql_query("INSERT INTO calculator values($add1,'$operator',$add2,$res)");

    echo "The <strong>".$result."</strong> Of <strong>".$add1."</strong> And
        <strong>".$add2."</strong> Is <strong>".
        $res."</strong>";
}
}?)<div>

<br/><br/><a href="calc.php">click Here</a> To Go Back To Calculator
```

OUTPUT:



Mozilla Firefox

http://lo...ccess.php × fetching multip... × How to sele

← ⓘ | localhost/wt/6.4/success.php

The **PRODUCT** Of **9** And **4** Is **36**

[click Here](#) To Go Back To Calculator

EXPERIMENT – 12

PROGRAM STATEMENT:

A web application which takes name as input and displays a page with Hello <name>, logout button and start time on right corner and display another page with thank <name> and duration of usage. (hint: Use session to store name and time).

PROGRAM: web application displaying the user given name along with session duration.

SOURCE CODE:

Sessionnt.php

```
<html>
<head>
<title> session time </title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="logout.php" method="POST">
Enter name<input type="text" name="name" value=""/>
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="submit"/>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

Logout.php

```
<?php
session_start();

$_SESSION['name']=$_POST['name'];
if (!isset($_SESSION['start_time']))
{
    $str_time = time();
    $_SESSION['start_time'] = $str_time;
}
?>
```

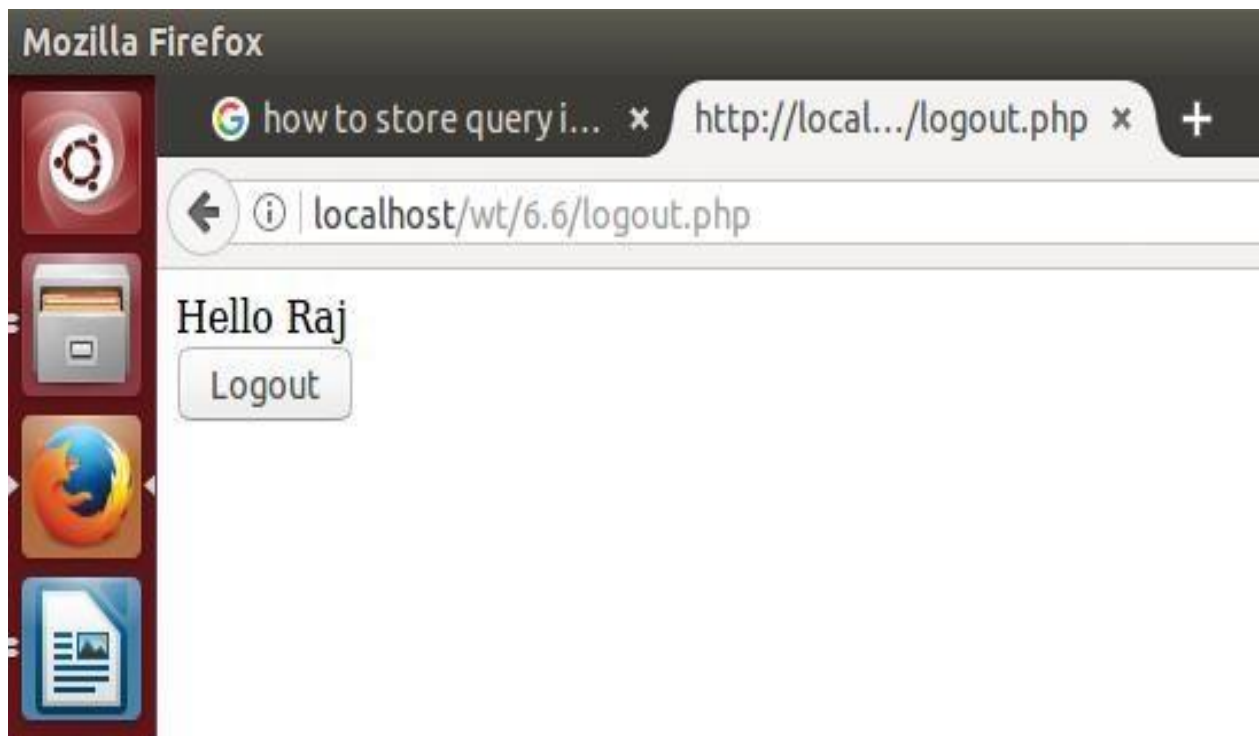
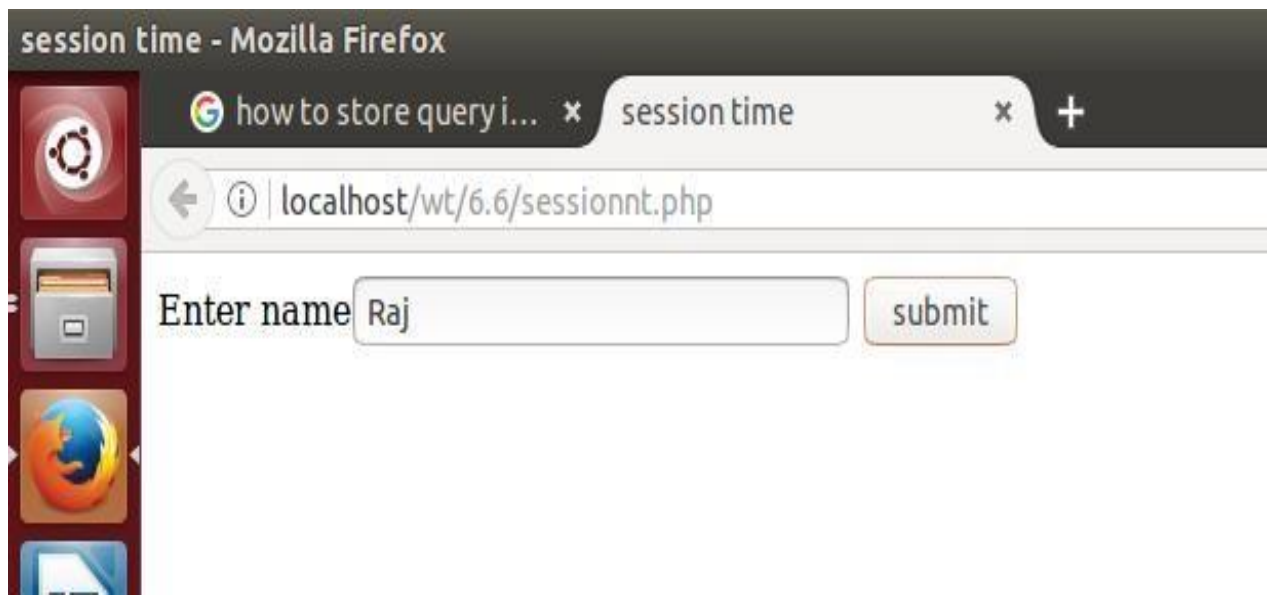
```
<html>
<body>
<div>
<span style="float:right">
<?php

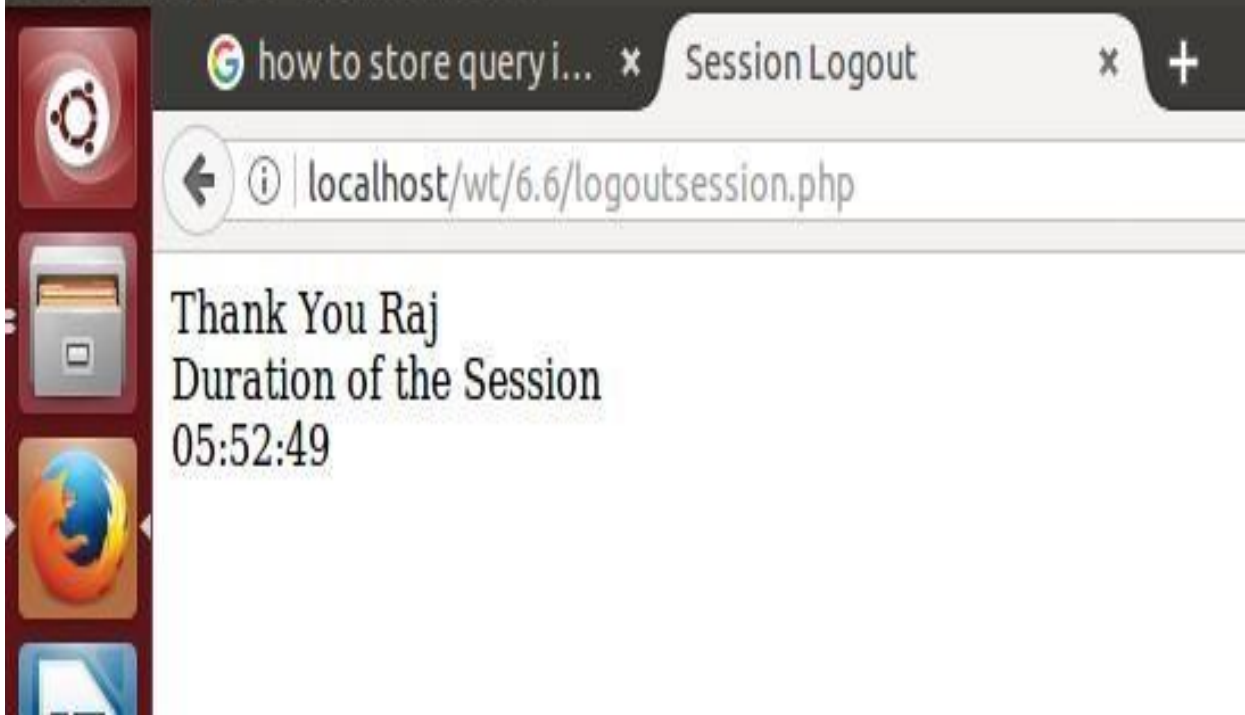
echo date("H:i:s",$_SESSION['start_time']);?></span>
</div>
<?php echo "Hello " .$_POST['name'];?><br>
<form action="logoutsession.php" method="POST">
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="Logout">
</body>
</html>
```

logoutsession.php

```
<?php
session_start();
$duration=time()-$_SESSION['start_time'];?>
<html>
<head> <title> Session Logout </title></head>
<body>
<?php echo "Thank You " .$_SESSION['name']. "<br>". "Duration of the Session
". "<br>".date("H:i:s",$duration);?>
</body>
</html>
```


OUTPUT:





EXPERIMENT – 13

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

A web application that takes name and age from an HTML page. If the age is less than 18, it should send a page with “Hello <name>, you are not authorized to visit this site” message, where <name> should be replaced with the entered name. Otherwise it should send “Welcome <name> to this site” message.

AIM: To display appropriate page based on user age.

PROGRAM:

userform.php

```
<html>

<head>

<title> Authorization of user</title>

<body>

<form action="authenticate.php" method="POST">

Name <input type="text" name="name" value=""/>

Age <input type="text" name="age" value=""/>

<input type="submit" value="submit"/>

</form>

</body>

</html>
```

authenitcate.php

```
<?php

if($_POST['age']<18)

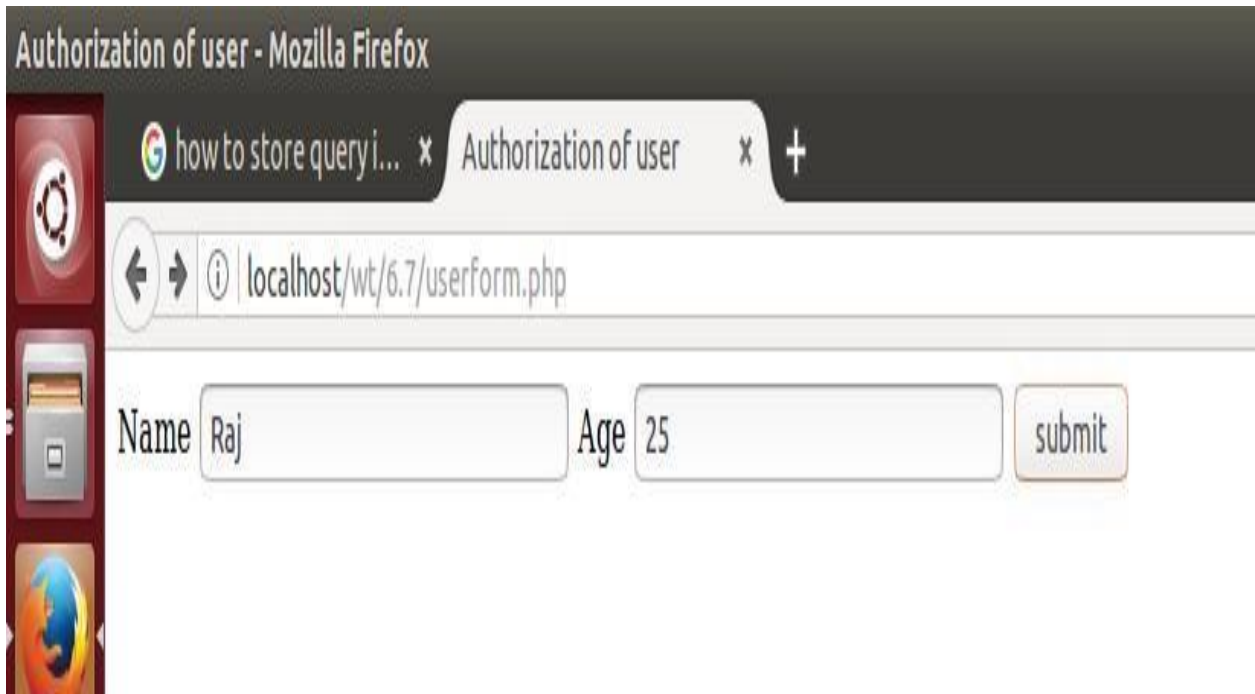
{

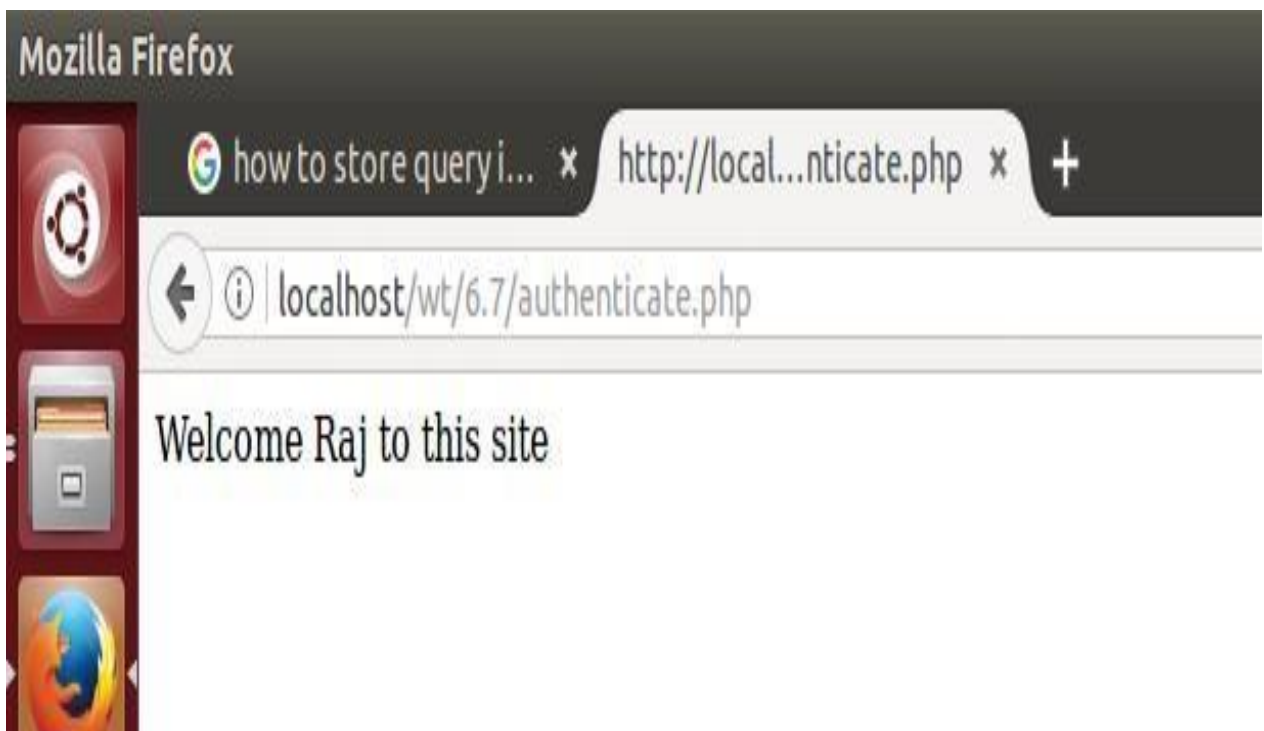
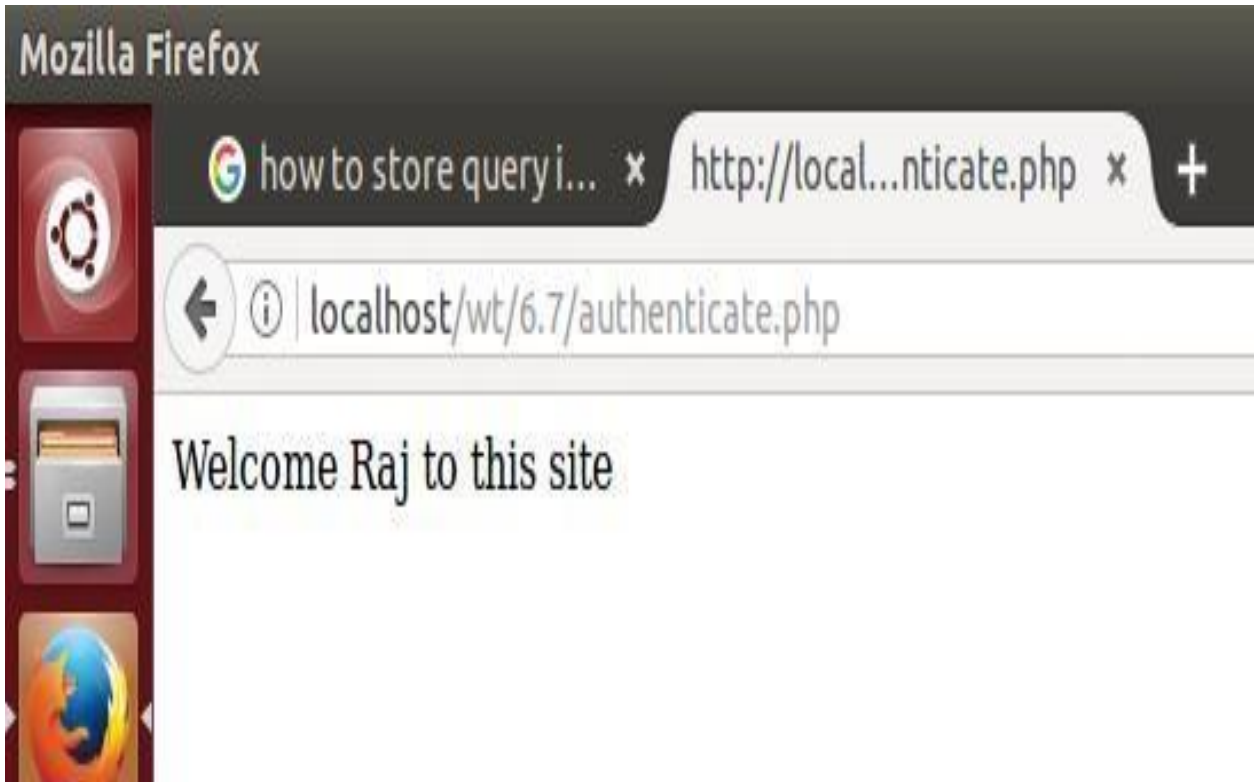
echo "Hello ".$_POST['name']." You are not authorized to visit this site";

}
```

```
else {  
echo "Welcome ".$_POST['name']." to this site";  
}  
>
```

OUTPUT:





EXPERIMENT – 14

PROBLEM STATEMENT: A web Application for Implementation:

Take user name and password and check against the database if username and password matches, display a welcome page with user's full name if name matches and password doesn't match then display “password mismatch” page. If name not found in the data base take full name from user and store username, password and full name in the data base using registration page. (Use sessions to store username and password.)

AIM: Developing a web application to check login credentials of user and displaying welcome page upon success other register the user with full name.

PROGRAM:

loginphp.php

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Login Now</title>
    <script language="javascript">

      function validate()
      {
        if(document.login.uname.value=="")
        {
          alert("enter username");
          document.login.uname.focus();
          return false;
        }

        if(document.login.pwd.value=="")
        {
          alert("enter password");
          document.login.pwd.focus();
          return false;
        }

        else{
          return true;
        }
      }
    }
  </script>
</head>
</html>
```

```

        </script>
</head>

<body>
<h3>Login</h3>

<form name="login" method="POST" action="" onsubmit="validate()">
  <table>
    <tr>
      <td>username</td>
      <td><input type="text" name="uname"></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td>Password:</td>
      <td><input type="password" name="pwd"></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td></td>
      <td><input type="submit" name="login" value="Login"></td>
    </tr>
  </table>
</form>

<?php
    session_start();
    mysql_connect("localhost","kgruser","acd");
    mysql_select_db("kgrdb");

    if(isset($_POST['login']))
    {
        $user=$_POST['uname'];
        $pass=$_POST['pwd'];
        $res=mysql_query("select userid,pwd from users where userid='$user'");
        $row=mysql_fetch_row($res);

        if($row[0]==$user)
        {
            if($row[1]==$pass)
            {

```

```

        $res=mysql_query("select name from users where userid='$user' and
pwd='$pass'");

        $fname=mysql_result($res,0);
        $_SESSION['fname']=$fname;
        echo "<script> location.href='welcome.php';</script>";

    }

    else
    {
        echo "<script> location.href='pwdmismatch.php';</script>";

    }

}

else
{

    $_SESSION['user']=$user;
    $_SESSION['pwd']=$pass;

    echo "<script> location.href='reguser.php';</script>";

}

}??

</body>
</html>

```

welcome.php

```

<?php
session_start();

echo "Welcome ".$_SESSION['fname'];

?>

```

passwordmismatch.php

```

<?php
session_start();

```



```
echo "Password is incorrect";
```

```
?>
```

reguser.php

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title> Registration form </title>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<form name="reg" action="" method="POST">
```

```
<h3> User Registration </h3>
```

```
Enter Full Name<input type="text" name="fname" value=""/>
```

```
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="submit"/>
```

```
</form>
```

```
<?php
```

```
    session_start();
```

```
    $uid=$_SESSION['user'];
```

```
    $pwd=$_SESSION['pwd'];
```

```
    mysql_connect("localhost","kgruser","acd");
```

```
    mysql_select_db("kgrdb");
```

```
    if(isset($_POST['fname'])){
```

```
        $fname=$_POST['fname'];
```

```
        $res=mysql_query("INSERT INTO users values('$uid','$pwd','$fname)");
```

```
        if($res===TRUE)
```

```
        {
```

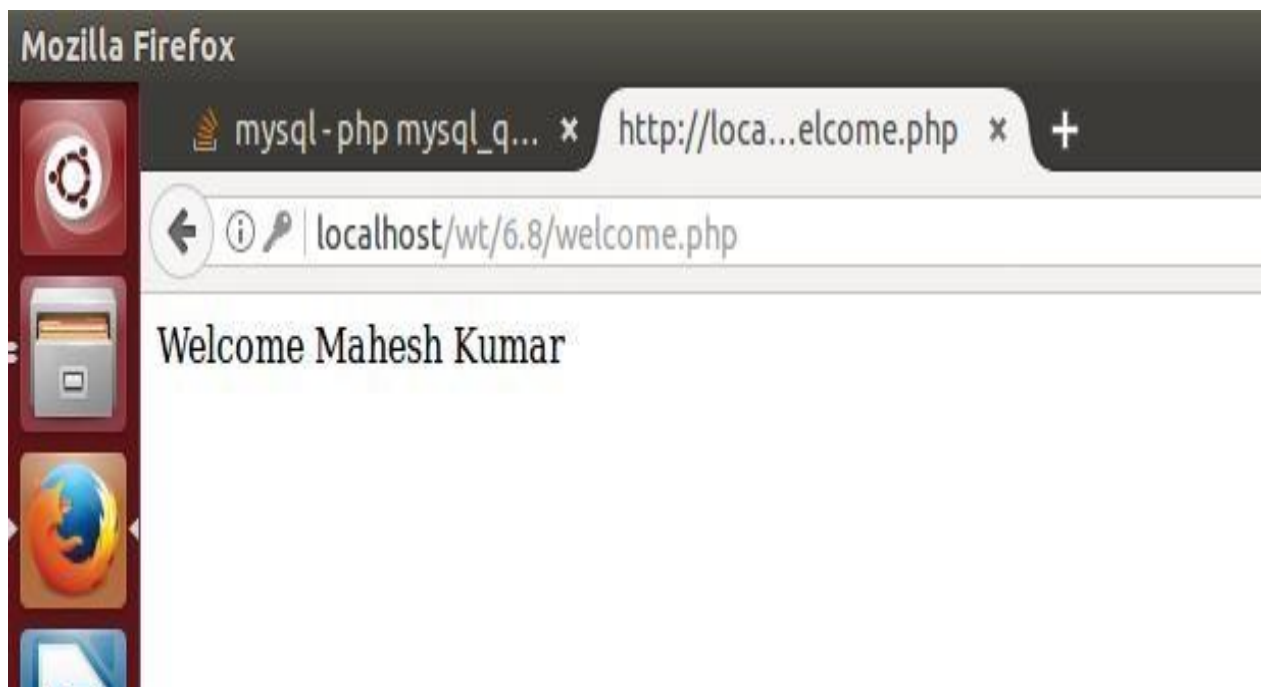
```
            echo "Registration Completed Successfully";
```

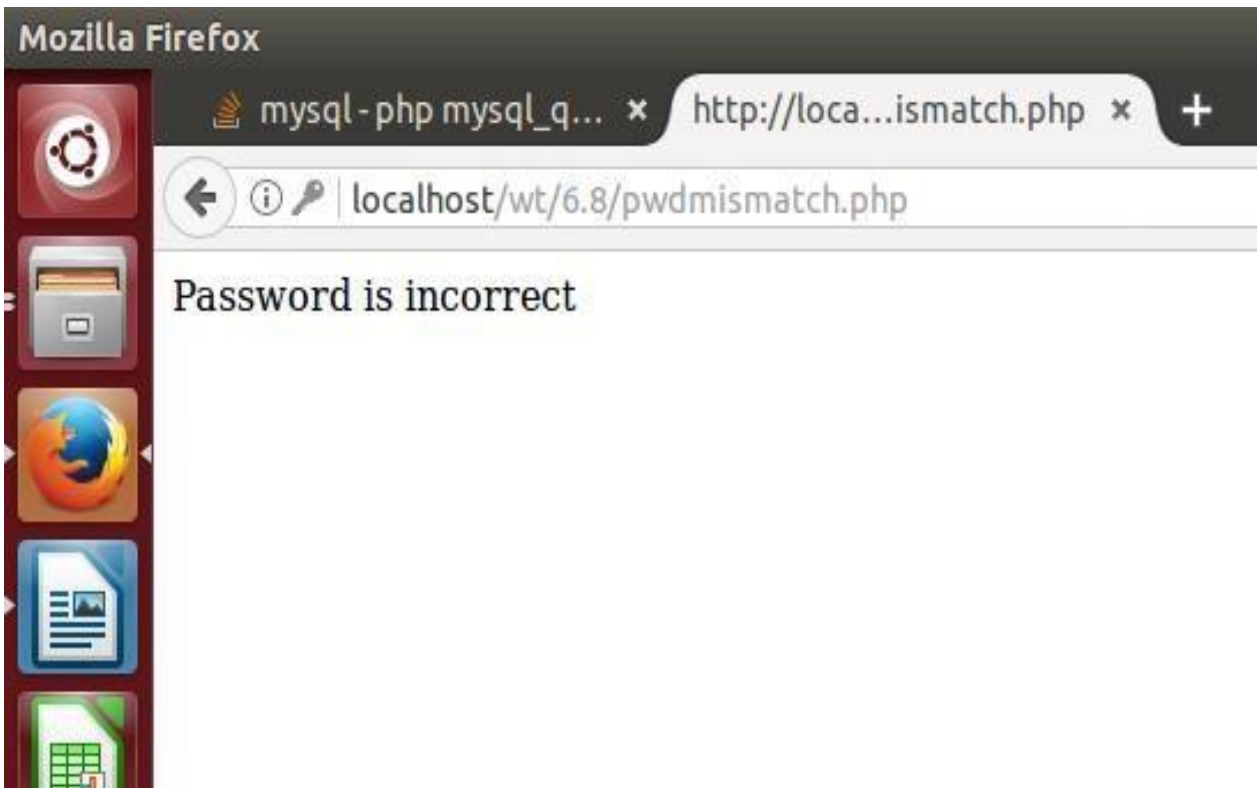
```
        }
```

```
    }?>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:





EXPERIMENT – 15

PROBLEM STATEMENT: A web application that lists all cookies stored in the browser on clicking “List Cookies” button.

AIM: A web application to list all cookies stored in the browser.

PROGRAM:

Listcookies.php

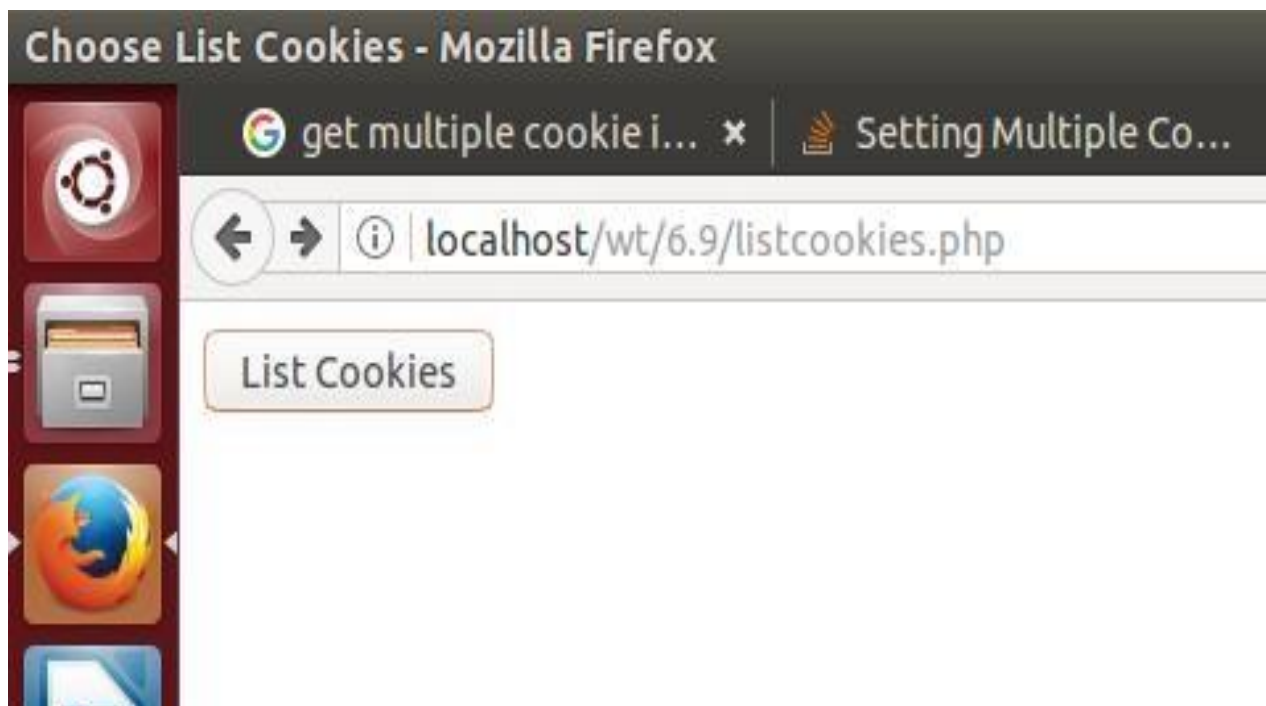
```
<html>
<head>
<title> Choose List Cookies </title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="displaycookies.php" method="POST"/>
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="List Cookies"/>
</form>
<?php
setcookie("name","Sunder");
setCookie("age","18");
setCookie("address","Hyderabad");
?>
</body>
</html>
```

displaycookies.php

```
<?php
```

```
$cookie=$_COOKIE;  
  
foreach ($cookie as $key=>$val)  
  
echo "<br>$key : $val";  
  
?>
```

OUTPUT:



Mozilla Firefox

get multiple cookie i... x | Setting Multiple Co... x | PH

localhost/wt/6.9/displaycookies.php

name : Sunder

age : 18

address : Hyderabad

PHPSESSID : rcn5e0s2qnhu0gbdd98ttgtq00